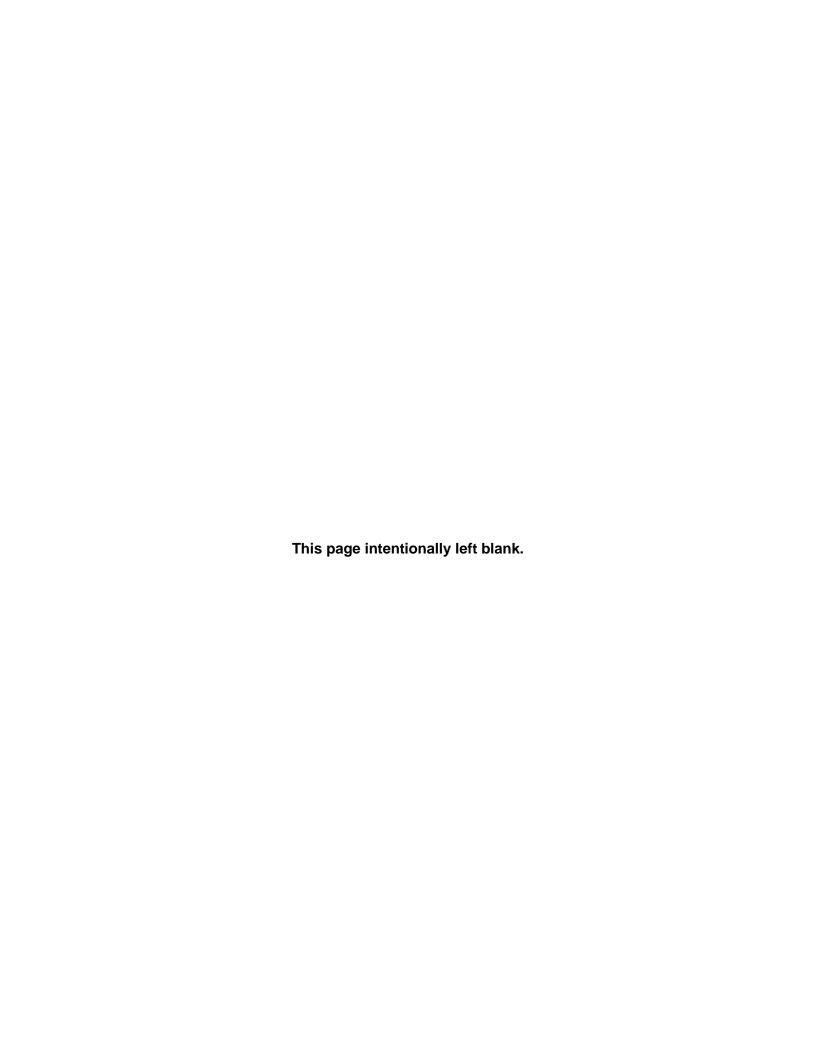




# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY SUMMIT COUNTY

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Development Finance Authority of Summit County Summit County 47 N. Main Street, Suite 407 Akron, Ohio 44308

To the Board of Directors:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Development Finance Authority of Summit County, Ohio (the "Authority"), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our opinion.

Development Finance Authority of Summit County Summit County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County as of December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and also GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. In addition, the Authority restated the Net Position as of January 1, 2014 due a misstatement in unrealized loss on investments from a previous year. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2016, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2016

#### General

The Management of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County (the "Authority") provides the readers of the Authority's financial statements this brief narrative overview of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

The Authority is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The Authority was established in 1999 for the purpose of providing community and economic development financing activities in Summit County, Ohio. Since then, the Authority has expanded its service capacity through Cooperative Agreements with several neighboring counties. The Authority engages in this activity by managing activities through issuance of various revenue bonds. In addition, the Authority provides Foreign-Trade Zone administrative services and the Authority is co-manager of an industrial park on property owned by the Akron-Canton Airport, whereby ground rental income is derived as tenants locate at the park.

In 2011, the Authority applied for certification through the U.S. Treasury Community Development Financial Institutions Fund ("CDFI") to become eligible for an allocation of New Markets Tax Credits ("NMTC"). Subsequent to this application, the Authority submitted an application request to CDFI to receive an allocation of NMTC. The Authority created a new Community Development Entity ("CDE"); the Development Fund of the Western Reserve ("DFWR") a private, not-for- profit 501(c)(3). DFWR serves an 18 county area of northeast Ohio and is the only CDE exclusively focused on providing NMTC in northeast Ohio.

In December 2011, the CDFI notified the Authority that the DFWR had been certified and in March 2012, CDFI awarded a \$20 million NMTC allocation. During 2012 and 2013, the DFWR used all \$20 million of the credits to fund three projects; the KSU Hotel and Conference Center in Kent, Ohio, the Lorain County Health & Dentistry ("LCH&D") project in Lorain, Ohio and the East End Hilton Garden Inn project located in the East End Redevelopment area of Akron. The East End Redevelopment encompasses the former headquarter property of Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. In 2014, DFWR submitted a new application to CDFI, seeking \$45 million NMTC allocation to assist with financing several projects throughout the DFWR service area.

In June 2015, the CDFI notified the Authority that the DFWR had been awarded a \$45 million NMTC allocation. During 2015, the DFWR used \$10.5 million of the credits to fund two projects; the Mercy Health's St. Elizabeth Hospital project in Youngstown, Ohio, and the Jetro / Restaurant Depot project in Akron, Ohio.

#### Overview

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority engages in economic development finance activities that are conduit stand-alone and/or Jobs and Investment Fund ("Bond Fund") projects. The Bond Fund is rated BBB+ by Standard and

Poor' s. Conduit projects have included the Akron Civic Theater, Bridgestone Americas Tech Center, the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Headquarters and numerous other projects.

In 2015, conduit financing was provided to assist with financing the following projects: Premier Arhaus in Boston Heights, RAMCO in Hudson, 8 and 80 in Boston Heights and the Reminderville Community Recreation Center in the Village of Reminderville. In addition, the Authority helped the Lawrence School in Sagamore Hills with a bond refinancing.

Bond Fund projects are projects issued through the Authority's Jobs and Investment Fund. There are now five rated Port Authority Bond Funds in Ohio. During 2015, the Authority did not have any new Bond Fund projects.

It is noteworthy to consider the following regarding all of the Authority's finance projects:

- All conduit transactions require the lender to look only to the borrower's lease or debt service
  payments and any certain specific revenue sources and cash reserves to provide funds sufficient to
  meet lease payments and/or debt service payments.
- 2. All Bond Fund transactions require the Authority to look only to the borrower lease or loan payments for debt service unless a default arises, in which case the reserve mechanisms in the bond fund will make the debt service payments to the extent sufficient funds are available. As of December 31, 2015, the Authority had issued \$67.6 million to fund 19 projects with an outstanding principal balance of \$40 million.

During 2015, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the Authority's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems required additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB No. 68 pension accounts, the net pension liability equals the Authority's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employee's past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded of unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the Authority is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses and the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law.

The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with the required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the net position.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the Authority's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 68, the Authority is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. The

implementation also had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2014, from \$10,249,748 to \$9,953,287.

Certain errors resulting in an understatement of unrealized loss on investments were discovered during the current year. Accordingly, an adjustment of \$67,669 was made as of as of December 31, 2013. A corresponding entry was made to decrease previously reported net position by \$67,669. The correction had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2013, from \$10,296,349 to \$10,228,680.

# Condensed Statement of Net Position Information

The table below provides a summary of the Authority's financial position and operations for 2015 and 2014. The net position at December 31, 2014 has been restated as described in Note 2.

## Comparision of 2015 vs. 2014 Results:

			Chan	ige
	2015	2014	Amount	%
Assets:				
Current assets	\$ 1,075,557	\$ 1,002,954	\$ 72,603	7.2%
Capital assets - net	1,275,000	1,300,000	(25,000)	-1.9%
Restricted assets	70,050,616	73,176,127	(3,125,511)	-4.3%
Total assets	72,401,173	75,479,081	(3,077,908)	-4.1%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	60,566	<u> </u>	60,566	100.0%
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	72,461,739	75,479,081	(3,017,342)	-4.0%
Liabilities and net position: Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	3,191,681	3,036,674	(155,007)	-5.1%
Other liabilities	59,138,122	62,192,659	3,054,537	4.9%
Total liabilities	62,329,803	65,229,333	2,899,530	4.4%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,088	03,229,333	(6,088)	100.0%
Total liabilities and deferred	0,000		(0,000)	100.070
inflows of resources	62,335,891	65,229,333	2,893,442	4.4%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,275,000	1,300,000	(25,000)	-1.9%
Restricted	6,594,470	6,512,018	82,452	1.3%
Unrestricted	2,256,378	2,437,730	(181,352)	-7.4%
Total net position	\$ 10,125,848	\$ 10,249,748	\$ (123,900)	-1.2%

The table below provides a summary of the Authority's financial position and operations for 2014 and 2013. The net position at December 31, 2014 and 2013 has been restated as described in Note 2.

# Comparision of 2014 vs. 2013 Results:

·			Chan	ge
	2014	2013	Amount	%
Assets:				
Current assets	\$ 1,002,954	\$ 1,168,184	\$ (165,230)	-14.1%
Capital assets - net	1,300,000	1,325,000	(25,000)	-1.9%
Restricted assets	73,176,127	70,281,347	2,894,780	4.1%
Total assets	75,479,081	72,774,531	2,704,550	3.7%
Liabilities and net position:				
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	3,036,674	3,434,448	397,774	11.6%
Other liabilities	62,192,659	59,111,403	(3,419,990)	-5.8%
Total liabilities	65,229,333	62,545,851	(3,022,216)	-4.8%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,300,000	1,325,000	(25,000)	-1.9%
Restricted	6,512,018	6,499,830	12,188	0.2%
Unrestricted	2,437,730	2,403,850	(262,581)	-10.9%
Total net position	\$ 10,249,748	\$ 10,228,680	\$ (275,393)	-2.7%

Capital Assets: Additional information on the Authority's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the Authority's financial statements. A summary of the activity in the Authority's capital assets during the years ended December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is as follows:

		Balance at anuary 1, 2015	A	dditions	De	letions	Reclas	sifications		calance at cember 31, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:	•	500.000	•		•		•		•	500.000
Land Capital assets being depreciated:	\$	500,000	\$		\$	-			\$	500,000
Buildings		1,000,000		_		_		_		1,000,000
Less accumulated depreciation:		.,000,000								.,000,000
Buildings .		(200,000)		(25,000)		-				(225,000)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		800,000		(25,000)		-		-		775,000
Capital assets, net	\$	1,300,000	\$	(25,000)	\$	-	\$		\$	1,275,000
	_	Balance at anuary 1, 2014	A	dditions	De	letions	Reclas	sifications		alance at cember 31, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	500,000	\$		\$	-	_ \$		\$	500,000
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Less accumulated depreciation:		1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000
Buildings		(175,000)		(25,000)		-		-		(200,000)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		825,000		(25,000)		-		-		800,000
Capital assets, net	\$	1,325,000	\$	(25,000)	\$	-	\$		\$	1,300,000

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Information

The Authority's net position increased by \$172,561 in 2015 and increased by \$21,068 in 2014. Key elements of these changes are summarized below. The net position at December 31, 2014 has been restated as described in Note 2.

					 Char	nge	
		2015		2014	Amount		%
Operating revenues:							
Project management and administrative fees	\$	392,889	\$	340,578	\$ 52,311		15.4%
CAK Business Park - lease administrative							
revenue		97,883		77,484	20,399		26.3%
Loan processing fees		240,625		275,213	(34,588)		-12.6%
Summit County economic development grant		75,000		75,000	-		0.0%
Property lease and rentals		17,500		-	17,500		100.0%
New market tax credit financing revenue		240,972		52,738	 188,234		356.9%
Total operating revenues		1,064,869		821,013	243,856		29.7%
Operating expenses:							
Salaries and benefits		469,549		494,001	24,452		4.9%
Professional services		143,758		91,442	(52,316)		-57.2%
Depreciation expense		25,000		25,000	-		0.0%
Bank Fees		97,708		78,677	(19,031)		-24.2%
Other operating expenses		192,968		145,280	 (47,688)		-32.8%
Total operating expenses		928,983		834,400	(94,583)		-11.3%
Operating revenue (loss)		135,886		(13,387)	149,273	-1	1115.1%
Non-operating revenues (expenses):							
Interest Income		5,803		2,911	2,892		99.3%
Non-operating grant revenue		72,500		72,500	-		0.0%
Unrealized loss on investments		(56,786)		(40,956)	(15,830)		38.7%
Other		15,158		_	 15,158		0.0%
Total non-operating income		36,675		34,455	 2,220		6.4%
Change in net position		172,561		21,068	151,493		719.1%
Net position - beginning of year		9,953,287	1	0,228,680	 (275,393)		-2.7%
Net position - end of year	\$ 1	0,125,848	\$ 1	0,249,748	\$ (123,900)		-1.2%

The Authority's net position increased by \$21,068 in 2014 and decreased by \$264,344 in 2014. Key elements of these changes are summarized below. The net position at December 31, 2014 and 2013 has been restated as described in Note 2.

		2014		2013		Amount		%
Operating revenues:								
Project management and administrative fees CAK Business Park - lease administrative	\$	340,578	\$	279,931	\$	60,647		21.7%
revenue		77,484		105,588		(28,104)		-26.6%
Loan processing fees		275,213		269,750		5,463		2.0%
Foreign trade zone contract service and administrative fees		_		4,450		(4,450)		-100.0%
Summit County economic development grant		75,000		75,000		(4,400)		0.0%
Property lease and rentals		-		55,752		(55,752)		-100.0%
New market tax credit financing revenue		52,738		258,538		(205,800)		-79.6%
Total operating revenues		821,013		1,049,009		(227,996)		-21.7%
Operating expenses:		_		_		_		_
Salaries and benefits		494,001		454,838		(39,163)		-8.6%
Professional services		91,442		131,107		39,665		30.3%
Forgiveness of note receivable		-		495,000		495,000		100.0%
Depreciation expense		25,000		25,000		-		0.0%
Other operating expenses		223,957		292,736		68,779		23.5%
Total operating expenses		834,400		1,398,681		564,281		40.3%
Operating loss		(13,387)		(349,672)		336,285		-96.2%
Non-operating revenues (expenses):								
Interest Income		2,911		13,761		(10,850)		-78.8%
Non-operating grant revenue		72,500		72,500		-		0.0%
Unrealized loss on investments		(40,956)		(69,637)		28,681		-41.2%
Other				1,035		(1,035)		-100.0%
Total non-operating income		34,455		17,659		16,796		95.1%
Change in net position		21,068		(332,013)		353,081		-106.3%
Net position - beginning of year	1	0,228,680		10,560,693		(332,013)		-3.1%
Net position - end of year	\$ 1	0,249,748	\$ 1	10,228,680	\$	21,068		0.2%

#### Factors Expected to Impact the Authority's Future Financial Position or Results of Operations

In 2015, revenue from operations and deal flow was healthy and many indicators point to a continued active project pipeline in 2016. The following are projects expected to close in 2016:

Fairlawn GIG Project – Fairlawn, OH The DFA will issue up to \$11.5 million of lease revenue bonds to pay the costs of acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a municipal broadband utility to provide wireless and fiber optic high speed internet services to Fairlawn, Ohio as well as to the Akron, Fairlawn, Bath Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). The financing is expected to close in April 2016.

The Authority is in receipt of an application for the Stambaugh Building Doubletree Hotel redevelopment project in downtown Youngstown, Ohio. As described in the term sheet, the Authority will issue approximately \$3.8 million of Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) bonds, with a special assessment on the property to finance energy efficiency improvements.

The Authority received an application for the Residence at Yankee Trace in Centerville, Ohio. According to the Term Sheet, the Authority will issue \$3 million in tax-exempt financing secured by a special assessment to finance the costs of road, water, sewer, and other utility improvements. The Authority will enter into a cooperative agreement with the Dayton, Ohio Port Authority and the Toledo-Lucas County Port Authority, who will also each provide \$3 million in tax-exempt bond financing.

The Authority anticipates entering into a cooperative agreement with the Franklin County Finance Authority to assist with financing a structured parking facility located within the Dublin, Ohio Bridgeview Project.

In March 2016, the Authority is contemplating refinancing three tax-exempt bond transactions in the Bond Fund: Garfield Heights, Village of Seville, and the Summit County Workforce Policy Project.

# Contacting the Authority's Finance Department

The financial statements are designed to provide the public, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to show the Authority's accountability for funds it receives and generates. If you have any questions about these financial statements or need additional financial information, please contact Christopher Burnham, President, and/or Assistant Secretary to the Board, Laurie Ann Stoddard.

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Unrestricted assets		
Cash	\$ 1,018,228	\$ 963,310
Accounts receivable	22,350	15,846
Administrative fee receivable	16,308	8,050
Prepaid expenses	18,671	15,748
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED CURRENT ASSETS	1,075,557	1,002,954
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Restricted assets		
Cash - Board restricted	996,519	1,029,084
Restricted cash - Bond Fund Program Reserve	6,594,470	6,512,018
Investment in Greater Akron Investment Partners	102,222	103,288
Investment in StartVest 2009, LP	7,863	17,553
Investment in Headsense Medical, LTD	62,043	32,740
Asset held for resale - Lockheed Martin	30,000	30,000
Note receivable - Akron Civic Theater	658,329	658,329
Lease receivable - Akron Civic Theater	14,135,000	14,475,000
Lease receivable - A&K Summit	674,170	788,115
Lease receivable - Bridgestone	6,835,000	7,195,000
	30,095,616	30,841,127
Bond fund transactions		
Note receivable - Garfield Heights project	1,525,000	1,670,000
Note receivable - Village of Seville project	1,335,000	1,425,000
Note receivable - Summit County Workforce Policy project	3,350,000	3,565,000
Note receivable - Portage County Brimfield project	700,000	1,180,000
Note receivable - Exal Corporation project	200,000	585,000
Note receivable - Superior Roll Forming project	2,255,000	2,390,000
Note receivable - Cavalier project	4,260,000	4,535,000
Note receivable - Plaza Schroer project	785,000	900,000
Note receivable - Digestive Disease project	4,840,000	5,085,000
Note receivable - Shearer's Foods project	3,230,000	3,445,000
Note receivable - City of Cleveland - Flats East project	4,610,000	4,670,000
Note receivable - University Edge project	6,625,000	6,645,000
Note receivable - IRG Rubber City project	6,240,000	6,240,000
Total bond fund transactions	39,955,000	42,335,000

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	 2014
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Restricted assets Capital assets		
Land Buildings Total Less: Accumulated Depreciation Net book value of capital assets	\$ 500,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 (225,000) 1,275,000	\$  500,000 1,000,000 1,500,000 (200,000) 1,300,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	71,325,616	 74,476,127
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension - OPERS	60,566	 <u>-</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 72,461,739	\$ 75,479,081

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Payable from unrestricted assets Deposits held Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 116,882 55,774 5,927	\$ 108,119 34,849 32,318
Payable from restricted assets  Note payable - Summit County, current position Revenue bonds - Akron Civic Theater, current portion Revenue bonds - Bridgestone, current portion Revenue bonds - Bond Fund projects, current portion 47 North Main Street tenant liability Delinquent taxes payable, current portion	75,000 370,000 370,000 2,065,000 133,098	75,000 340,000 360,000 1,925,000 156,242 5,146
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	3,191,681	3,036,674
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Unearned lease revenue Payable from restricted assets	190,732	256,830
Note payable - Summit County Net pension liability Revenue bonds - Akron Civic Theater Revenue bonds - Bridgestone Bond Fund transactions (see Note 4)	480,829 346,561 13,765,000 6,465,000 37,890,000	555,829 - 14,135,000 6,835,000 40,410,000
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	59,138,122	62,192,659
TOTAL LIABILITIES	62,329,803	65,229,333
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension - OPERS	6,088	
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted  Unrestricted	1,275,000 6,594,470 2,256,378	1,300,000 6,512,018 2,437,730
TOTAL NET POSITION	10,125,848	10,249,748
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 72,461,739	\$ 75,479,081

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION December 31, 2015 and 2014

		2015		2014
OPERATING REVENUES				
Project management and administrative fees	\$	392,889	\$	340,578
CAK Business Park - lease administrative revenue	Ψ	97,883	Ψ	77,484
Loan processing fees		240,625		275,213
Summit County economic development grant		75,000		75,000
Property lease and rentals		17,500		-
New market tax credit financing revenue		240,972		52,738
Total operating revenues		1,064,869		821,013
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and benefits		469,549		494,001
Professional services		143,758		91,442
Depreciation expense		25,000		25,000
Bank fees		97,708		78,677
Other operating expenses		192,968		145,280
Total operating expenses		928,983		834,400
OPERATING GAIN (LOSS)		135,886		(13,387)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		5,803		2,911
Non-operating grant revenue		72,500		72,500
Unrealized loss on investments		(56,786)		(40,956)
Other		15,158		_
Total non-operating income		36,675		34,455
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		172,561		21,068
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED		9,953,287		10,228,680
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	10,125,848	\$	10,249,748

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS December 31, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts for development projects  Received from grants  Payments for goods and services  Payments to and on behalf of employees  Not each (used) provided by operating activities	\$ 917,131 75,000 (501,241) (443,158)	\$ 725,042 75,000 (163,575) (489,364)
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities  NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Lease payments received Payment of delinquent property taxes Grant money received 47 North Main reserve account funding Payments on line of credit/note payable Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	47,732 15,000 (5,146) 22,500 100 (75,000) (42,546)	30,000 (9,420) 22,500 100,000 (75,000) 68,080
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Proceeds from the redemption of revenue bonds  Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	149,619 149,619	 <u>-</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment in Bio Innovation Interest on investments Net cash (used) provided by non-capital investing activities	(50,000)	- 16,414 16,414
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	104,805	231,597
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,504,412	8,272,815
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,609,217	\$ 8,504,412
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Cash - unrestricted Cash - board restricted Restricted cash - Bond Fund Program Reserve	\$ 1,018,228 996,519 6,594,470	\$ 963,310 1,029,084 6,512,018
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,609,217	\$ 8,504,412

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS December 31, 2015 and 2014

	 2015	2014		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
OPERATING GAIN (LOSS)	\$ 135,886	\$	(13,387)	
Adjustments of reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities				
Depreciation	25,000		25,000	
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable	(6,504)		106,219	
Administrative fees receivables	(8,258)		20,976	
Prepaid expenses	(2,923)		(333)	
Deferred outflows of resources	(18,293)		-	
Deposits held	8,763		11,285	
Accounts payable	20,925		(76,824)	
47 North Main Street tenant liability	(23,144)		107,402	
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	(26,391)		4,637	
Accrued delinquent property taxes	(5,146)		(4,274)	
Net pension liability	7,827		-	
Deferred revenue	(66,098)		(33,598)	
Deferred inflows of resources	6,088		-	
Net cash (used) provided by operating activites	\$ 47,732	\$	147,103	

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The Development Finance Authority of Summit County (the "Authority") was formed by the Summit County Council in 1993 to preserve key railroad lines from abandonment in an era of rail mergers and consolidations. County Council recognized the expanding role of port authorities within the state and passed legislation enabling the Authority to use the economic development powers allowed under the Ohio Revised Code.

The Authority engages in community and economic development finance, creating employment opportunities, and providing financing and tax incentives to local businesses in order to provide a foundation to compete in the international marketplace. The Authority is directed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Summit County Executive, in accordance with the procedures provided by the Summit County Charter.

The Authority's activities are financed and operated as an enterprise fund such that the costs and expenses of providing services are recovered primarily through user charges. The Authority's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Authority is financially accountable.

#### Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental entities as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). All transactions are accounted for in a single enterprise fund. The statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Authority's enterprise fund financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues received in advance are deferred and recognized as earned over the period to which they relate. Operating revenues consist primarily of project administrative and loan processing fees, operating grant, rents, and fees for foreign trade zone services. Operating expenses include the cost of providing these services, including administrative expenses. Non-operating revenues and expenses are all revenues and expenses not meeting the definition of operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues consist of interest income and unrealized gain on investment. Non-operating expenses consist of unrealized loss on investment. The Authority first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred and when both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Basis of Presentation

The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. The Authority's basic financial statements consist of the statements of net position, statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net position and statements of cash flows.

#### Measurement Focus

The measurement focus is on the determination of revenues, expenses, financial position, and cash flows as the identification of these items is necessary for appropriate capital maintenance, public policy, management control, and accountability.

#### Conduit Debt

As part of its efforts to promote economic development within northeastern Ohio, over the past several years, the Authority has issued debt obligations and loaned the proceeds to industrial, commercial, governmental and nonprofit organizations, primarily located within Summit County and other northeast Ohio counties. The obligations are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from the payments received by the trustee from the borrowers or other sources designated in the related agreements.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and requires an annual budget. This budget includes estimated receipts and appropriations. In addition, the Rules and Regulations of the Authority require the Board to adopt an appropriation resolution. The Authority maintains budgetary control by not permitting expenditures to exceed their respective appropriations without amendment of appropriations from the Board of Directors.

### Cash and Investments

Summit County is the fiscal agent for the Authority's operations. Accordingly, the Summit County Fiscal Officer maintains a portion of the Authority's cash in an Agency fund on the County's financial records. The Authority's Secretary of the Board is the fiscal agent for the Authority's development projects. The Authority maintains some of its cash with one local bank. This account is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to the maximum allowed.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, all bank deposits, including investments in short-term certificates of deposit, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio ("STAR Ohio") and overnight investments of excess deposits in repurchase agreements are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### Restricted Cash - Board Restricted

The Authority's cash is designated by the Board of Directors, and invested in short-term certificates of deposit. These investments are considered cash equivalents and could be deemed unrestricted per action of the Board of Directors through issuance of specific resolutions.

Also included as restricted cash are funds relating to the Project Activity Account which are pass-through monies to the Authority, but used to service ongoing projects currently under contract.

## Restricted Cash - Bond Fund Program Reserve

The Authority's investments are governed by the trust indenture and State of Ohio statutes, which allow the Authority to invest in certain obligations including State of Ohio obligations. The balance is invested in a high yield checking account and is considered cash equivalents.

#### Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at historical cost. The Authority maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 40 year useful lives.

#### Asset Held for Resale

Assets held for resale represents various pieces of equipment received by the Authority and leased to Lockheed Martin Corporation. Under the terms of the amended lease agreement, Lockheed Martin Corporation agreed to pay \$60,000 for this equipment at the end of the lease term which expired in October 2014. During 2014, Lockheed Martin Corporation made the final required lease payment of \$15,000. In November 2015, the Lockheed Martin Corporation exercised the option to renew the lease for one year. Under the terms of the agreement, Lockheed Martin Corporation agreed to pay \$15,000 for this equipment, which will expire in October 2016.

#### **Compensated Absences**

It is the Authority's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay is accrued and reported as a liability when earned by the Authority's employees.

### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the Authority, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the statements of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 7.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Authority, deferred inflows of resources include

pension. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the statements of net position for pension. The deferred inflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 7.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Authority has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through June 30, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPAL, PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSTION

During 2015, the Authority implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

The objective of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014, and have been implemented by the Authority.

The objective of GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The provision of this Statement should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68, and have been implemented by the Authority.

A net position restatement at December 31, 2014 is required in order to implement GASB Statements No. 68 and 71 as follows:

Restated Net Position, December 31, 2014 \$ 10,249,748

Adjustments:

Net Pension Asset -

Net Pension Liability (338,734)

Deferred Outflow - Payments

Subsequent to Measurement Date 42,273
Restated Net Position, January 1, 2015 \$ 9,953,287

Certain errors resulting in an understatement of unrealized loss on investments were discovered during the current year. Accordingly, an adjustment of \$67,669 was made as of December 31, 2013. A corresponding entry was made to decrease previously reported net position by \$67,669. The correction had the effect of restating net position at December 31, 2013, from \$10,296,349 to \$10,228,680.

Net Position December 31, 2013 \$ 10,296,349

Adjustments:

Unrealized Loss on Investments (67,669)
Restated Net Position, January 1, 2014 \$ 10,228,680

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

The Authority's depository requirements are governed by state statutes and require that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loans located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the Authority places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value at least equal to the amount of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Collateral that may be pledged is limited to obligations of the following entities: the U.S. government and its agencies, the State of Ohio, and any legally constituted taxing subdivision within the State of Ohio.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits might not be recovered. The Authority has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of state statute. At December 31, 2015 and 2014, the carrying amounts and bank balances of the Authority's deposits were \$8,609,217 and \$8,504,412, respectively. Of the bank balance, \$8,359,217 and \$8,254,412 was exposed

to custodial risk at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC at December 31, 2015 and 2014. Although the securities were held by the pledging institution's trust department and all statutory requirements for the investment of the money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Authority to a successful claim by the FDIC. The Authority's carrying amount of cash on deposit with the County, which is included in the carrying amount balances disclosed above, was \$1,760,021 and \$1,693,612 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Summit County Fiscal Officer is responsible for maintaining adequate depository collateral for all funds in the Summit County's pooled and deposit accounts and ensuring that all monies are invested in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The Authority's investment policies are governed by state statutes which authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities; bonds and other State of Ohio obligations; certificates of deposit; money market mutual funds; and repurchase transactions and commercial paper. Repurchase transactions must be purchased from financial institutions as discussed in "Deposits" above or any eligible dealer who is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. Repurchase transactions are not to exceed a period of 30 days and must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based.

These securities must be obligations of, or guaranteed by, the United States and must mature or be redeemable within five years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. The market value of the securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the value of the principal by 2% and be marked to market daily. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the Authority's name.

The Authority is prohibited from investing in any financial instrument, contract or obligation whose value or return is based upon, or linked to, another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial instrument, contract or obligation itself (commonly known as a "derivative"). The Authority is also prohibited from investing in reverse repurchase agreements.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority's investment policies limit its investment portfolio to maturities of five years or less, which is in accordance with Ohio law.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investments in a single issuer. The Authority places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### Credit Risk

The Authority's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying financial institutions, brokers, intermediaries and financial advisors and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed income generated from the remaining portfolio.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the Authority's investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities pledged by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the Authority.

In January 2008, the Authority purchased 0.75 of one membership unit in the Greater Akron Investment Partners, LLC / Starvest 06, LP ("GAIP") for \$75,000. The net profits and losses of GAIP are allocated among the Members in proportion to the number of units owned by each member in accordance with the operating agreement. The Authority contributed an additional \$75,000 into the investment annually through 2010 as part of a three-year commitment. The most recently available estimates are based on the prior year and are being utilized for 2015 unrealized loss values as the current year information is not yet available in part due to the winding down of this investment and unavailable foreign income reporting. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$1,066 and \$1,066 during 2015 and 2014, respectively on this investment. The Authority's equity interest in GAIP was \$102,222 and \$103,288 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In 2015, 2012 and 2011, Summit County directed the Authority to make an investment of \$25,333, \$75,000 and \$25,000 respectively, into StartVest 09, LP ("StartVest"), which results in a 2.6666% share as of December 31, 2015 and a 2.5580% share as of December 31, 2014. The most recently available estimates are based on the prior year and are being utilized for 2015 unrealized loss values as the current year information is not yet available due to unavailable foreign income reporting. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$35,023 and \$35,023 during 2015 and 2014, respectively on this investment. Certain errors were discovered during the current year resulting in an overstatement of equity interest in this investment. Accordingly, an adjustment of \$67,669 was made as of December 31, 2013 (See Note 2). The Authority's equity interest in StartVest was \$17,553 and \$7,863 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In 2013 and 2014, Summit County directed the Authority to make an investment of \$50,000 into Headsense Medical, LTD ("Headsense"), which results in a 2.0823% share as of December 31, 2015 and 2014. The most recently available estimates are based on the 2015 pro-forma K-1 and are being utilized for 2015 unrealized loss values as the current year information is not yet available due to unavailable foreign income reporting. The Authority recognized unrealized losses of \$20,697 and \$9,456 during 2015 and 2014,

respectively on this investment. The Authority's equity interest in Headsense was \$62,043 and \$32,740 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### NOTE 4 - JOBS AND INVESTMENT BOND FUND PROGRAM

The Authority has established a Bond Fund Program to provide long-term, fixed interest rate financing for qualified industrial, commercial, and public projects. The primary objective of the Bond Fund Program is to further economic development efforts and investments in Summit County through the retention and creation of quality, private-sector jobs.

The State of Ohio Department of Development ("ODOD") awarded the Authority a grant of \$2 million, received in April 2001, which was deposited into the Bond Fund Program Reserve account. The conditional grant from ODOD is for a 20 year term, with 100% of the interest earned on the fund remitted back to ODOD through December 2011. Beginning in 2012 and continuing through December 2021, 50% of the interest earned is required to be remitted back to ODOD. In February 2001, the Authority obtained a \$3 million grant from Summit County for the Bond Fund Program, which was also deposited into the Bond Fund Program Reserve account.

Under the Program, debt service requirements on each bond issue are to be secured by a pledge of amounts to be received under lease or loan agreements with borrowers who utilize the financed facilities. In addition, all borrowers are required to provide cash or a letter of credit as additional security for the related bonds. Amounts in the Bond Fund Program Reserve may be used for debt service in the event the borrower is unable to make the required payments under the lease. Amounts held in the Authority's Bond Fund Program Reserve were \$6,594,469 and \$6,512,018 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and are included in restricted assets in the accompanying statement of net position.

In January 2010, the Authority obtained a commitment from the Ohio Manufacturers' Association ("OMA"), the Ohio Edison Company, the Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, and the Toledo Edison Company (collectively the "Companies") for \$2.4 million to be paid in three equal installments from January 2010 through July 2011. The Authority was required to deposit these funds into the Bond Fund Program Reserve account, and to the fullest extent reasonable under the Bond Fund Program, these funds should be used by OMA members which are also the Authority's customers.

There were no Revenue Bonds issued during 2015 through the Bond Fund Program.

The following Revenue Bonds were issued during 2014 through the Bond Fund Program:

In December 2014, the Authority issued \$6,240,000 of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds as part of the City of Akron - IRG Rubber City Project. The proceeds of the bonds will be used for the development of the Eastgate Urban Renewal Area. The development is being described as Phase

Il of the East End development. Phase II will consist of a mix of retail, commercial, residential and recreational facilities, in combination with a creative reuse of facilities and new construction. Specifically, the Developer intends to redevelop a portion of the Eastgate Urban Renewal Area, including the original Goodyear Headquarters and Goodyear Hall. Under current plans, the primary use for the site will be office space, including large institutional and public governmental type users, as well as other small, medium and large size users. Mixed uses will include renovations for multifamily residential, retail, restaurants and hospitality. The Developer also plans to construct a new hotel. Additional public uses will include the provision of parking for the area as well as the conversion of the auditorium in Goodyear Hall to a 1,500 seat theatre capable of hosting musical theatrical and other cultural events.

Changes in the Authority's Bond Fund program for the year ended December 31, 2015 were as follows:

		Balance						Balance		
	,	January 1,				D	ecember 31,	Due Within		
		2015		Increase		Decrease	2015		One Year	
Garfield Heights project	\$	1,670,000	\$	-	\$	(145,000)	\$	1,525,000	\$	155,000
Village of Seville project		1,425,000		-		(90,000)		1,335,000		90,000
Summit County Workforce Policy project		3,565,000		-		(215,000)		3,350,000		225,000
Portage County Brimfield project		1,180,000		-		(480,000)		700,000		130,000
Exal Corporation project		585,000		-		(385,000)		200,000		200,000
Superior Roll Forming project		2,390,000		-		(135,000)		2,255,000		145,000
Cavalier project		4,535,000		-		(275,000)		4,260,000		290,000
Plaza Schroer project		900,000		-		(115,000)		785,000		15,000
Digest Disease project		5,085,000		-		(245,000)		4,840,000		265,000
Shearer's Food project		3,445,000		-		(215,000)		3,230,000		235,000
City of Cleveland - Flats East project		4,670,000		-		(60,000)		4,610,000		70,000
University Edge project		6,645,000		-		(20,000)		6,625,000		245,000
IRG Rubber City project		6,240,000		-				6,240,000		
Total	\$	42,335,000	\$	-	\$	(2,380,000)	\$	39,955,000	\$	2,065,000

Changes in the Authority's Bond Fund program for the year ended December 31, 2014 were as follows:

		Balance				Balance		
	,	January 1,			D	ecember 31,	D	ue Within
		2014	Increase	Decrease	2014		One Year	
Garfield Heights project	\$	1,805,000	\$ -	\$ (135,000)	\$	1,670,000	\$	145,000
Goodyear project		670,000	-	(670,000)		-		-
Village of Seville project		1,505,000	-	(80,000)		1,425,000		90,833
Summit County Workforce Policy project		3,770,000	-	(205,000)		3,565,000		215,000
Portage County Brimfield project		1,715,000	-	(535,000)		1,180,000		125,000
Exal Corporation project		940,000	-	(355,000)		585,000		385,000
Superior Roll Forming project		2,515,000	-	(125,000)		2,390,000		135,000
Cavalier project		4,790,000	-	(255,000)		4,535,000		275,000
Plaza Schroer project		910,000	-	(10,000)		900,000		15,000
Digest Disease project		5,310,000	-	(225,000)		5,085,000		245,000
Shearer's Food project		3,645,000	-	(200,000)		3,445,000		215,000
City of Cleveland - Flats East project		4,700,000	-	(30,000)		4,670,000		60,000
University Edge project		6,645,000	-	-		6,645,000		20,000
IRG Rubber City project			 6,240,000	 		6,240,000		
Total	\$	38,920,000	\$ 6,240,000	\$ (2,825,000)	\$	42,335,000	\$	1,925,833

Approximate annual principal and interest payments, required to be made by the Authority, for the next five years and thereafter are:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2016	\$ 2,065,000	\$ 2,354,865	\$ 4,419,865		
2017	2,295,000	2,232,106	4,527,106		
2018	2,575,000	2,096,181	4,671,181		
2019	2,725,000	1,948,683	4,673,683		
2020	2,860,000	1,783,333	4,643,333		
2021 - 2025	16,285,000	6,200,755	22,485,755		
2026 - 2030	5,145,000	2,554,976	7,699,976		
2031 - 2035	2,405,000	1,674,813	4,079,813		
2036 - 2040	3,600,000	713,608	4,313,608		
Total	\$39,955,000	\$21,559,320	\$61,514,320		

# NOTE 5 – CONDUIT DEBT

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards, the following revenue bonds issued by the Authority are considered conduit debt and do not create a liability and therefore are not presented on the Authority's financial statements. The Authority has no responsibility for the payment of the following debt

and the loan payments are paid directly to the respective trustee by borrower. Total amount of conduit debt outstanding was \$321,613,234 and \$338,286,416 as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### Arhaus Project

In January 2015, the Authority issued \$31 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project which includes construction of a new facility consisting of 743,000 square foot Arhaus Corporate Headquarters and Distribution Center in the Village of Boston Heights.

#### Village of Reminderville Project

In June 2015, the Authority issued \$8.2 million of Development Lease Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project which includes construction of a new facility consisting of a 42,000 square foot Recreation Center in Reminderville, Ohio.

### The Ramco Project

In April 2015, the Authority issued \$13.6 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project which includes construction of a new facility consisting of 165,000 square foot RAMCO facility in Hudson, Summit County, Ohio.

#### Star of the West Milling Company of Ohio Project

In July 2014, the Authority issued up to \$10 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project which includes construction of a new facility consisting of a 30,000 square foot mill, a 15,000 square foot combination warehouse and office building and related storage silos, in Willard, Ohio. The Authority has leased the project facilities to Star of the West Milling Company of Ohio (the "Lessee") pursuant to the lease dated as of August 1, 2014 and ending on August 1, 2024. During the lease term, the Lessee is required to make rental payments sufficient to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through the maturity date

#### Summa Health System Obligated Group Project

In October 2014, the Authority issued up to \$13.675 million of Refunding Revenue Bonds for the purpose of refunding the Series 2006 Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the construction and equipping of a wellness facility to be leased by Summa Health Systems ("Summa"). Summa and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The operation and maintenance of the buildings is the responsibility of Summa. The bond is secured by an irrevocable letter of credit.

# Concord Testa Hotel Associates, LLC Project

In November 2014, the Authority issued up to \$14.4 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project which includes constructing, improving and equipping a 146 room multi-story hotel located at 41 Furnace Street in Akron, Ohio. The Authority has leased the

project facilities to Concord Testa Hotel Associates, LLC (the "Lessee") pursuant to the lease dated as of November 13, 2014 and ending on December 1, 2019. During the lease term, the Lessee is required to make rental payments sufficient to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through the maturity date.

#### University Edge Project

In April 2013, the Authority issued up to \$30 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. The Authority has leased the project facilities to University Square Investors II, LLC (the "Lessee") pursuant to the lease dated as of April 4, 2013 and ending on April 4, 2033. During the lease term, the Lessee is required to make rental payments sufficient to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through the maturity date. During 2014, the Authority and the Lessee entered into a Lease Termination Agreement effective October 30, 2014. Subsequently, the Lessee exercised its options to redeem 100% of the outstanding principal balance on November 4, 2014.

#### Pepperidge Farm Project

In May 2013, the Authority issued up to \$40 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. The Authority has leased the project facilities to Pepperidge Farm, Incorporated (the "Lessee") pursuant to the lease dated as of June 1, 2013 and ending on June 1, 2016. During the lease term, the Lessee is required to make rental payments sufficient to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any other amounts due on the bonds through the maturity date.

# Summit County Combined General Health District Project

In August 2013, the Authority issued \$5 million of Facilities Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. The Authority has entered into a loan agreement with the Summit County Combined General Health District (the "Health District"), and under the loan agreement, the Health District has agreed to pay loan payments sufficient in time and amount to pay the principal and interest accruing, and any premium due on the bonds through August 1, 2033, the maturity date.

#### Canal Park Project

In November 2012, the Authority issued \$3.6 million of Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be secured by and be payable from (i) Appropriation Payments to be made by the City of Akron under the Cooperative Agreement, (ii) certain Revenues received by the Authority and (iii) moneys on deposit under the Indenture. The City is not party to the Indenture but is third-party beneficiary under the Indenture. Akron Baseball, LLC, the Construction Agent, will construct the Project on behalf of the Authority in accordance with the Cooperative Agreement dated as of November 2012.

#### Goodyear County Bond Project

In March 2012, the Authority issued \$15.815 million of Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be

secured by and be payable solely from County Revenue Payments received by the Trustee. The County Revenue Payments consist of payments made from the Nontax Revenues of Summit County Ohio paid directly to the Trustee.

#### **KB** Compost Project

In February 2012, the Authority issued \$28 million of Exempt Facilities Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with the KB Compost Services, Inc. KB Compost Services, Inc. and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

### Goodyear Parking Deck Project

In October 2011, the Authority issued up to \$44.3 million of Taxable Construction Development Revenue Bonds. On June 25, 2014, the final bond was issued in the amount of \$44,165,851. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the project. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be secured by and be payable from (i) revenues and (ii) the payment of bond service charges on the bond are secured by the Issuer's assignment of its rights under the lease and the sublessor's assignment of its rights under the sublease. Each payment of lease balance made pursuant to the lease shall be deemed to be a payment of the outstanding principal amount of the bond.

#### Goodyear Innovation Center Project

In July 2011, the Authority issued up to \$46.8 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of renovating the Goodyear Innovation Center. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be secured by and be payable from (i) revenues and (ii) the payment of bond service charges on the bond are secured by the Issuer's assignment of its rights under the lease and the sublessor's assignment of its rights under the sublease. Each payment of lease balance made pursuant to the lease shall be deemed to be a payment of the outstanding principal amount of the bond. All of the bonds were cancelled in the first quarter of 2015.

#### The University of Akron Student Housing Project

In May 2011, the Authority issued \$33.8 million of Lease Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance (i) the acquisition, construction, equipping and installation of a student housing facility containing approximately 531 beds for the benefit of students of The University of Akron (the "University"), together with site preparation, sidewalks, landscaping, miscellaneous capital expenditures, and related facilities and improvements; (ii) capitalized interest on the Series 2011 Bonds for a specified period; and (iii) payment of other costs and expenses incident to the issuance of the Series 2011 Bonds. The real property on which the Project is located is leased to the Authority pursuant to a Ground Lease Agreement between the Authority and the University. The Authority will sublease the land and lease the project to the University pursuant to the Facilities Lease Agreement between the University and the Authority. Pursuant to the terms of the University Lease Agreement, the University will make lease payments to the Authority in such

amounts as will be sufficient to pay when due the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Series 2011 Bonds.

#### Western Reserve Academy Project

In May 2011, the Authority issued \$19.6 million of Multi-Mode Variable Rate Refunding Revenue Bonds. The principal amount was issued for the purpose of making a loan to assist the Western Reserve Academy in refunding of the Multi-Mode Variable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 originally issued by the County of Summit, Ohio for the purpose of the acquisition, construction, renovation, installation, furnishing or equipping of real and/or personal property comprising facilities owned by the Borrower in conjunction with the Borrower's private secondary education facility located in the City of Hudson, Summit County, Ohio. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

### The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company Headquarters Project

In April 2011, the Authority issued up to \$120 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. On June 25, 2014, the final bond was issued in the amount of \$105,564,405. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the construction of a new, approximately 639,000 square foot headquarters facility that will house both the Global and North America Headquarters of Goodyear. The principal and interest payments relating to the Bonds will be secured by and be payable from rent payments due under the sublease payable by Goodyear as well as first mortgage on the project and all other assets funded from bond proceeds. The financing is structured as a capital lease between the Authority and Purchaser to provide sales tax savings on the construction materials associated with the construction of the Project.

# Austen BioInnovation Institute in Akron ("ABIA") Project

In March 2011, the Authority issued \$7.4 million of Tax-Exempt Private Activity Bonds. The bonds will be used to provide financing for the renovation, construction and improvement of a building located at 47 North Main Street in the City of Akron, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from pledged revenues, being generally (a) Loan Payments made by or on behalf of ABIA under the Loan Agreement, (b) all of the moneys received or to be received by the Port Authority or the Trustee in respect of the loan under the Loan Agreement, (c) Contribution Payments that the county is required to make under the Cooperative Agreement if loan payments made by ABIA are insufficient to cover Bond Service Charges or there is a deficiency in the funds required to be on deposit in the Bond Reserve Fund, (d) amounts in the Special Funds, including the Bond Reserve Fund, and (e) income from investments in the foregoing. The bond is secured by assets of the project with a mortgage agreement in place

#### Kent State University Project

In September 2010, the Authority issued \$13.745 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to provide financing for the acquisition, construction, equipping, furnishing, and improvement of real and personal property comprising port authority facilities to be used as an auxiliary and educational facility for the benefit of Kent State University, including without limitation, construction of an approximately 44,000 square foot building and improvements thereto on an approximately 12 acre site that is a portion of the real property located in the City of Twinsburg, Summit County, Ohio. These bonds are

special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Kent State University. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### Bridgestone Americas Tire Operations, LLC Project

In March of 2010, the Authority issued up to \$70 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to finance the costs of the construction and improvement of the Tech Center, the Parking Facility, and the Pedestrian Connector. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Bridgestone Americas Tire Operations, LLC ("BATO"). The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds.

The Tech Center was also leased by the Authority to SMBC Leasing and Finance, Inc. ("SMBC") and subleased by SMBC to BATO. Under that sublease, BATO has agreed to make rental payments to SMBC in an amount sufficient to pay debt service when due on the bonds. Those rental payments have been pledged to the trustee for the bonds as the revenue source to secure the payment of debt service on the bonds. The bonds are revenue obligations of the Authority, payable solely from the Tech Center Revenues. Neither the Authority nor the county is obligated to pay debt service on the bonds from any source other than the Tech Center Bond Revenues. The bond is secured by assets of the project. On March 30 2015, Bridgestone paid approximately \$50.2 million to exercise its optional redemption of the outstanding bonds and accrued interest and purchase the Bridgestone Akron Technical Center.

#### Akron YMCA Project

In November 2009, the Authority issued \$12.1 million of Variable Rate Civic Facility Improvement and Revenue Bonds. The bonds will be used to pay back existing bonds outstanding in the amount of \$6.1 million and the remaining bonds will be used to finance costs of acquiring, constructing, furnishing, improving, and equipping facilities for the YMCA. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with the YMCA. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### Snap-on Business Solutions Project

In October 2008, the Authority issued \$16 million of Taxable Development Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the costs of the Snap-on Business Solutions, Inc. project. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Snap-on, Inc. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### American Original Building Products, LLC Project

In January 2007, the Authority issued \$5.4 million of Summit County Port Authority Variable Rate Industrial Development Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the acquisition and installation of machinery and equipment at Ferriot, Inc.'s Akron, Ohio facility. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Ferriot, Inc. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### Akron Community Service Center and Urban League, Inc. Project

In February 2007, the Authority issued \$3.6 million of Summit County Port Authority Adjustable Rate Tax Exempt Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the acquisition, construction, improvements, installation, and equipping of a new community service center and urban league facility to provide educational, recreational, and other services to residents of Summit County, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with the Akron Community Service Center and Urban League, Inc., (lithe "Borrower"). The Borrower and the Authority entered into a loan agreement pertaining to this facility. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by an irrevocable letter of credit. On August 1, 2014, Akron Community Service Center and Urban League, Inc. elected to redeem all of the outstanding bonds. Therefore, as of December 31, 2014, there is no outstanding bond balance to report.

#### **Barberton YMCA Project**

In June 2007, the Authority issued \$4.1 million of Summit County Port Authority Facility Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to facilitate the financing of "port authority facilities" and enhancing economic development of such facilities. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with The Young Men's Christian Association. The Young Men's Christian Association and the Authority entered into a loan agreement pertaining to this facility. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by an irrevocable letter of credit.

#### Callis Towers, LLC Project

In October 2007, the Authority issued \$12 million of Summit County Port Authority Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to make a mortgage loan insured by the Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") to Callis Towers, LLC, to finance a portion of the acquisition, renovation, rehabilitation, and equipping of a 277-unit, 15 story residential building located on 2.5 acres in Akron, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Callis Towers, LLC. Callis Towers, LLC and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### Collinson Apartments Project

In December 2006, the Authority issued \$4 million of Summit County Port Authority Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the costs of acquiring, renovating, and equipping a rental facility in the City of Akron. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with New Hillwood I Associate, LLC. New Hillwood I Associate, LLC and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### Summa Wellness Institute Project

In October 2006, the Authority issued \$15.405 million of Summit County Port Authority Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the construction and equipping of a wellness facility to be leased by Summa Health Systems ("Summa"). These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its lease with Summa. Summa and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The operation and maintenance of the buildings is the responsibility of Summa. The bond is secured by an irrevocable letter of credit. The revenue bonds were refunded in 2014 with the issuance of \$13.675 million of Refunding Revenue Bonds.

#### KB Compost Services, Inc. Project

In March 2006, the Authority issued \$5 million of Summit County Port Authority Variable Rate Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the costs of acquiring and installing certain machinery and equipment at the Akron Compost Facility owned by the City of Akron. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with the KB Compost Services, Inc. KB Compost Services, Inc. and the Authority entered into a financing loan agreement pertaining to this project. The loan is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

#### Lawrence School Project

In August 2005, the Authority issued \$10.475 million of Summit County Port Authority Adjustable Rate Demand Revenue Bonds (Series 2005). The bond proceeds will be used to finance the cost of acquisition of a 47 acre parcel located in Sagamore Hills, Ohio, and the construction, equipping, and improvement of a private school building on that site, to be owned by Lawrence School. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Lawrence School. Lawrence School and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this project. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of

the project. The revenue bonds were refunded in 2015 with the reissuance of \$7.7 million of Refunding Revenue Bonds.

#### Eastland Woods, LLC Project

In August 2004, the Authority issued \$7.5 million of Summit County Port Authority Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, and equipping of an approximately 100-unit residential rental project to be owned by Eastland Woods, LLC. ("Eastland Woods"). These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the revenue received by the trustee under its agreement with Eastland Woods. Eastland Woods and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The bond is secured by assets of the project. All of the bonds were redeemed in the fourth quarter of 2015.

#### Meadow Lane, LLC Project

In August 2003, the Authority issued \$5.5 million of Summit County Port Authority Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds will be used to finance the construction and equipping of a manufacturing and distribution facility to be leased by Meadow Lane, LLC ("Meadow Lane"). These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from the proceeds received by the trustee under its lease with Meadow Lane. Meadow Lane and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to this facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. All expenses related to the revenue bonds are being paid out of the bond proceeds. The operation and maintenance of the buildings is the responsibility of Meadow Lane. The bond is secured by an irrevocable letter of credit.

#### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	_	Balance at lanuary 1, 2015	P	Additions	De	letions	Reclas	sifications	Balance at cember 31, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	500,000	\$		\$	_	\$		\$ 500,000
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		1,000,000		-		-		-	1,000,000
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		(200,000)		(25,000)		-		-	(225,000)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		800,000		(25,000)		-		-	775,000
Capital assets, net	\$	1,300,000	\$	(25,000)	\$	-	\$		\$ 1,275,000

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	_	Balance at January 1, 2014	Δ	dditions	Del	etions	Reclass	sifications	_	alance at cember 31, 2014
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	•	500.000	\$		\$		\$		•	500,000
Capital assets being depreciated:	Ψ_	300,000	Ψ		Ψ		_ Ψ		Ψ_	300,000
Buildings		1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		(175,000)		(25,000)		-				(200,000)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		825,000		(25,000)		-		-		800,000
Capital assets, net	\$	1,325,000	\$	(25,000)	\$	-	\$		\$	1,300,000

#### NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability reported on the statements of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee on a deferred payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) limits the Authority's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB Statement No. 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plans' board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative changes to benefits or funding could

significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description – OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system that provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642, by calling (800)222-7377, or by visiting the OPERS Website at www.opers.org.

OPERS administers three retirement plans, as described below:

The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) – a defined benefit plan;

The Member-Directed Plan (MD) – a defined benefit contribution plan in which the member invest both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings;

The Combined Plan (CO) – a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

Pension Benefits – All benefits of the System, and any benefit increases, are established by the legislature pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 145. The Board, pursuant to ORC Chapter 145, has elected to maintain fund to provide health care coverage to eligible Traditional Pension and Combined Plan retirees and survivors of members. Health care coverage does not vest and is not required under ORC Chapter 145. As a result, coverage may be reduced or eliminated at the direction of the Board.

Age-and-Service Defined Benefits – Benefits in the Traditional Pension Plan are calculated on the basis of age, final average salary (FAS), and service credit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age.

Age and service requirements will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026. Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefit receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The base amount of a member's pension benefit is locked in upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of annual cost-of-living adjustment.

Benefits in the Combined Plan consist of both an age-and-service formula benefit (defined benefit) and a defined contribution element. The defined benefit element is calculated on the basis of age, FAS, and years of service. Eligibility regarding age and years of service in the Combined Plan is the same as the Traditional Pension Plan. The defined contribution portion of the benefit is based on accumulated member contributions plus or minus any investment gains or losses on those contributions.

Defined Contribution Benefits – Member-Directed Plan and Combined Plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Combined Plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined Plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-Directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit on the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Member-Directed Plan consists of the member's contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections.

Disability Benefits – OPERS administers two disability plans for participants in the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members participating in the Member-Directed Plan are not eligible for disability benefits. Survivor Benefits – Dependents of deceased members who participated in either the Traditional Pension Plan or the Combined Plan may qualify for survivor benefits.

Other Benefits – Once a benefit recipient retiring under the Traditional Pension Plan has received benefits for 12 months, an annual 3% cost-of-living adjustment is provided on the member's base benefit. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a 3% cost-of-living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their benefit. A death benefit of \$500-\$2,500, determined by the number of years of service credit of the retiree, is paid to the beneficiary of a deceased retiree or disability benefit recipient under the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. Death benefits are not available to beneficiaries of Member-Directed Plan participants.

Contributions – The OPERS funding policy provides for periodic employee and employer contributions to all three plans (TP, CO and MD) at rates established by the Board, subject to limits set in statute. The rates established for member and employer contribution rates were approved based upon the recommendations

of the System's external actuary. All contribution rates were within the limits authorized by the Ohio Revised Code.

Member and employer contribution rates, as a percent of covered payroll, were the same for each covered group across all three plans for the year ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. Within the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan, member and employer contributions (employer contributions only for the Combined Plan) and an actuarially determined rate of return are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay defined benefits when due. Employee contributions within the Combined Plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance. Employer contribution rates as a level percent of payroll dollars are determined using the entry age actuarial funding method. This formula determined the amount of contributions necessary to fund: (1) the current service cost, representing the estimated amount necessary to pay for defined benefits earned by the employees during the current service year; and (2) the prior service cost for service earned prior to the current year and subsequent benefit increases. These contributions represent the amount necessary to fund accrued liabilities for retirement allowances and survivor benefits over a period of time.

Plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary. The Authority was required to contribute 14 percent, a portion of which is set aside for funding post-retirement health care coverage. The Authority's contractually required contributions to OPERS for December 31, 2015 and 2014 were \$42,075 and \$42,273 for the Traditional and the Combined Plan. Total contractually required contributions, including contributions for post-retirement health care, were \$49,087 and \$49,067 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and the amounts were contributed during the respective years.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 OPERS
Proportionate Share of the Net	
Pension Asset	\$ 0
Proportionate Share of the Net	
Pension Liability	\$ 346,561
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.00287338%
Pension Expense	\$ 37,697

At December 31, 2015, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 PERS
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 18,491
Changes of assumptions	
to the measurement date	 42,075
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 60,566
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,088

\$42,075 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2016.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	0	PERS
2016	\$	1,814
2017		1,814
2018		4,153
2019		4,622
	\$	12,403

#### <u>Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS</u>

OPERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., future employment, mortality, cost trends). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation are presented below:

Actuarial Information	Traditional Pension Plan	Combined Pension Plan
Wage Inflation	3.75 percent	3.75 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	<ol><li>4.25 percent to 10.05 percent, including wage inflation</li></ol>	<ol><li>4.25 percent to 8.05 percent, including wage inflation</li></ol>
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3.00 percent, simple	3.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	8.00 percent	8.00 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases	January 1, 2014 Entry Age Normal 8.25 percent 4.25 percent to 11.00 percent	
Payroll Increases	3.75 percent	
Inflation Assumptions	3.25 percent	
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.60 percent and 3.00 percent	

Mortality rates are the RP-2000 mortality table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality rates, set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1% Decrease (7.00%)		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
				(8.00%)		(9.00%)
Authority's proportionate share of the		<u> </u>				
net pension liability	\$	637,574	\$	346,561	\$	101,459

#### NOTE 8 - POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

#### **Pension Benefits**

The Authority participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions. Under the Member Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional and Combined Plans. Members of the Member Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member employer contributions. For 2015 and 2014, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 10% of their annual earnable salary to fund pension obligations. The Authority contributed 14% of earnable salary.

The Authority's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional and Combined Plans (excluding the amount relating to post-retirement benefits) for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014,

and 2013 were \$49,087, \$49,067, and \$46,423, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The full amount has been contributed for all three years.

#### Post-Employment Benefits

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the Traditional Plan (TP) - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan (MD) - a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan (CO) - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Member of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. OPERS' eligibility requirements for post-employment health care coverage changed for those retiring on and after January 1, 2015. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2013 CAFR for details.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2015, the Authority contributed at a rate of 14% of earnable salary. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14% of earnable salary for state and local employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

OPERS' Post-employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code section 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care.

The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2015. Effective January 1, 2016, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care remains at 2.0% for both plans, as recommended by OPERS' actuary. The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Authority's contributions for health care for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$7,010, \$7,007, and \$3,315, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year. The full amount has been contributed for all three years.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

#### NOTE 9 - AKRON CIVIC THEATER PROJECT

In September 2001, the Authority issued \$14.6 million of Summit County Port Authority Revenue Bonds, comprised of \$13.6 million of Current Interest Bonds and \$1 million of Capital Appreciation Bonds. The proceeds from the revenues bonds were primarily used to fund the renovation of the Akron Civic Theater facility. These bonds are payable solely from the proceeds received by the Authority under its lease with the Akron Civic Theater.

In 2012, the Authority issued \$15,295,000 of Port Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, for the purpose of (1) refunding the Development Finance Authority's outstanding Revenue Bonds issued in 2001 to provide the funds to pay the costs of a project to be leased to The Community Hall Foundation, Inc., dba Akron Civic Theatre, and (2) paying issuance costs of the Series 2012 Bonds. The bonds refunded in the 2001 issue mature on December 1, 2033. The balance outstanding on the revenue bonds were \$14,135,000 and \$14,475,000 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The Akron Civic Theater and the Authority entered into a financing lease agreement pertaining to the civic theater facility. The lease is non-cancelable until the underlying revenue bonds are paid in full. Lease payments will be derived from the County Bed Tax revenues, through agreement among Summit County, National Inventors Hall of Fame and the Authority. In addition, the City of Akron guarantees the bonds.

All expenses related to the revenue bonds were paid out of the bond proceeds. The operation and maintenance of the theater is the responsibility of the Akron Civic Theater. In 2002, there was a shortfall in fundraising revenue committed to the project by the Civic Theater which led to the notes payable and receivable explained in Note 10.

Approximate future annual receipts and payments for the refunding bonds are:

Year	 Principal	 Interest		Total
2016	\$ 370,000	\$ 506,281	\$	876,281
2017	400,000	498,881		898,881
2018	435,000	490,881		925,881
2019	470,000	480,006		950,006
2020	505,000	470,019		975,019
2021 - 2025	3,155,000	2,120,663		5,275,663
2026 - 2030	4,945,000	1,357,244		6,302,244
2031 - 2033	 3,855,000	 310,563		4,165,563
Total	\$ 14,135,000	\$ 6,234,538	\$	20,369,538

#### NOTE 10 - NOTES PAYABLE AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Authority has an unsecured notes payable with Summit County. The purpose of the note was for renovation costs for the Akron Civic Theater. The balance outstanding on the unsecured note payable was \$555,829 and \$630,829 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Approximate annual principal payments, required to be made by the Authority, under this debt for the next five years and thereafter are:

Year	 Amount
2016	\$ 75,000
2017	75,000
2018	75,000
2019	75,000
2020	75,000
2021 - 2022	 180,829
Total	\$ 555,829

#### Note Receivable with Akron Civic Theater

In connection with entering the note payable with Summit County, the Authority entered into a note receivable agreement with the Akron Civic Theater. The note receivable is unsecured and non-interest bearing. The note receivable is structured such that the Akron Civic Theater pays the Authority for all amounts due under the note payable/line of credit based on the schedule noted below, and the Authority then repays Summit County. The agreement states that if certain terms of the agreement are met and there is no default on the loan, that the outstanding balance of \$458,829 at the end of the term will be discharged by the Authority.

During 2013, the Board of Directors of the Authority approved the forgiveness of \$450,000 of principal, interest and other fees owed by the Akron Civic Theater and amended the loan agreement effective January 1, 2014.

Approximate amended annual payments to be received by the Authority under this agreement for the next five years and thereafter are:

Year	Amount				
2016	\$	10,000			
2017		10,000			
2018		10,000			
2019		10,000			
2020		10,000			
2021 - 2033		608,329			
Total	\$	658,329			

#### NOTE 11 - AIRDOCK REMEDIATION

In January 2007, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Director of Development of the State of Ohio for a Brownfield Revolving Fund Loan for the Airdock Project. The Authority also entered into an agreement with the Clean Ohio Council for Clean Ohio Revitalization Fund ("CORF") grant for the Airdock Project. The purpose of the loan and grant was to conduct interior remediation activities including cleaning dust and debris from the building interior structure, at the Airdock site located in Akron, Ohio which is owned by the Authority and leased to Lockheed Martin Corporation. The amount of the loan and grant was \$2 million and \$3 million, respectively. This loan is a debt obligation and is payable solely from the revenues received by the Authority under its agreement with Lockheed Martin Corporation.

#### NOTE 12 - LEASES

In March of 2011, the Authority agreed to lease approximately 36,000 square feet of the 47 North Main Street building (excluding non-rentable common area) to ABIA, beginning in December 2011 until November 2033 as part of the conduit debt issued for the ABIA Project. At any time during the lease, the tenant has the option to purchase the building. The annual base rent during the term of the lease is \$1 per year. The tenant has also agreed to pay its proportional share of the common area maintenance, utilities, and related expenses. The Authority received \$252,239 and \$241,173 from ABIA under this Agreement for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In March of 2011, the Authority agreed to lease approximately 25,000 square feet of the 47 North Main Street building (excluding non-rentable common area) to Summit County – DJFS, beginning in March 2011 for a period of five years. The annual base rent during the term of the lease is \$86,793 per year. The tenant

has also agreed to pay its proportional share of the common area maintenance, utilities, and related expenses. The Authority received \$194,507 and \$300,220 from DJFS under this agreement for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Effective November 1, 2012, the Authority and Lockheed Martin Corporation entered into an amended equipment lease agreement which states that Lockheed Martin Corporation has agreed to purchase existing project equipment and the Authority has agreed to acquire and lease to Lockheed Martin Corporation additional project equipment. In consideration of Lockheed Martin Corporation entering into this amendment, the Authority agrees that Lockheed Martin Corporation may draw on, and the Authority shall approve disbursement from, any funds held in the Project Fund and available to purchase project equipment under the equipment lease agreement to pay: (1) the existing project equipment purchase price which was appraised at \$87,000, and (2) upon exercise by Lockheed Martin Corporation of the option to purchase the additional project equipment, the additional project equipment purchase price of \$30,000. A \$30,000 lease receivable and the related unearned lease revenue were originally recorded in the Statement of Net Position. During 2014, the Authority recognized \$15,000 of rental income from equipment leased under this agreement. A new lease agreement was signed in November 2015 with Lockheed Martin Corporation. Under the terms of this new agreement, Lockheed Martin Corporation agreed to pay \$15,000 to lease this equipment through October 2016.

In December of 2012, the Authority agreed to lease the 1034 Home Avenue building to A&K Summit Holdings, LLC, beginning in December 2012 for a period of one year. The annual base rent during the initial lease term is \$12,000 per year. Rental payments during the post-option exercise lease term shall be in monthly installments as follows: (a) \$2,656 for month's one through nine and (b) \$9,495 for months ten through ninety-six. The Authority recognized \$113,944 and \$59,229 of rental income from property leased under this agreement in 2015 and 2014, respectively. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014, the balance on the lease receivable was \$674,170 and \$788,115, respectively. The future fixed rental payments the Authority is scheduled to receive under the Lease Agreement total \$113,940 in 2016.

#### NOTE 13 - 1034 HOME AVENUE

On July, 20, 2010, the Authority entered into a delinquent tax agreement with Summit County, in order to pay the outstanding property taxes owed on the property received. As of December 31, 2014, the Authority owed \$5,146 to the County. This amount was paid in full as of June 2015.

#### NOTE 14 - BRIDGESTONE PROJECT

On December 1, 2010, the Authority issued \$7,450,000 of Federally Taxable Recovery Zone Economic Development Revenue Bonds and \$100,000 of Federally Taxable Revenue Bonds as part of the Bridgestone Project. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to provide funds to pay a portion of the costs

of constructing the new technical center which is being constructed as the international technical center and research and development headquarters for Bridgestone Americas Tire Operations, LLC ("BATO"). BATO will operate the technical center project, which will provide research and development and technical support for BATO's operations. The technical center project comprises the technical center buildings, a multi-level parking facility for approximately 475 vehicles, and an elevated pedestrian walkway connecting the tech center and the parking facility. The parking facility and a portion of the pedestrian walkway are the projects being financed with the 2010 bond proceeds.

Pursuant to the terms of the Cooperative Agreements, Summit County will make its County Revenue Payments to the Trustee from the County Nontax Revenues in amounts sufficient to pay Bond Service Charges on the Nontax Revenue Bonds when due.

The balance outstanding on the revenue bonds was \$6,835,000 and \$7,195,000 at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Approximate future annual principal and interest payments for this obligation are:

Year	 Principal	Interest		Total		
2016	\$ 370,000	\$ 206,499	\$	576,499		
2017	375,000	198,896		573,896		
2018	385,000	190,720		575,720		
2019	395,000	180,942		575,942		
2020	410,000	170,711		580,711		
2021 - 2025	2,240,000	671,692		2,911,692		
2026 - 2030	2,660,000	289,163		2,949,163		
Total	\$ 6,835,000	\$ 1,908,623	\$	8,743,623		

#### NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. Commercial insurance has been obtained to cover damage or destruction to the Authority's property and for public liability, personal injury, and third- party property damage claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the Authority's commercial insurance coverage for any the past three years. No substantial changes in insurance coverage have occurred in any major risk category in 2015; there were no insurance settlements in 2015 and 2014.

Employee health care benefits are provided under a group insurance arrangement and the Authority is insured through the State of Ohio for workers' compensation benefits.

#### NOTE 16 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Authority uses certain Summit County employees without reimbursement. In addition, the Authority received a \$75,000 grant from Summit County to be used for economic development and job creation in both 2015 and 2014. Of this amount, the County specified that the grant funds be used for specific initiatives as directed by the County.

#### NOTE 17 - LETTER OF CREDIT

The Authority has a \$5 million, unsecured letter of credit with a bank in order to support issuance of development bonds via the Authority's Bond Fund Program. No amounts were outstanding on this letter of credit as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

#### NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

#### Kelso - Brimfield TIF Project

In May 2010, the Authority authorized up to \$1 million in subordinate tax- exempt revenue bonds to reimburse Kelso Development LLC for costs incurred related to the acquisition of land and construction of improvements in connections with the Brimfield Plaza Development. Costs will be reimbursed after the original TIF bonds are paid off and only to the extent there are excess proceeds. New development at the site includes a medical office building and retail.

#### Summit County - 47 North Main Street Project

The County sold the project site to the Authority at a price equivalent to the appraised value of the property, plus approximately \$190,000, which is the amount of improvement indebtedness owed by the county on the property. The purchase was based on the Fiscal Officer's appraisal of \$2,490,000. In March 2011, the Authority issued \$8.5 million of Tax-Exempt Development Revenue Bonds. The bonds were used to provide financing for the renovation, construction, and improvement of a building located at 47 North Main Street in the City of Akron, Ohio. These bonds are special obligations of the Authority payable solely from pledged revenues, being generally (a) loan payments made by or on behalf of ABIA under the Loan Agreement, (b) all of the moneys received or to be received by the Authority or the Trustee in respect of the loan under the Loan Agreement, (c) contribution payments that the county is required to make under the Cooperative Agreement if loan payments made by ABIA are insufficient to cover bond service charges or there is a deficiency in the funds required to be on deposit in the Bond Reserve Fund, (d) amounts in the Special Funds, including the Bond Reserve Fund, and (e) income from investments in the foregoing. The bond is secured by assets of the project.

The Authority issued a 22 year note in the amount of \$2,490,000 upon purchase of the project site which is secured by a mortgage in the project site. The estimated annual principal payment for years 1 through 20 is \$86,793. The estimated annual principal payment for years 21 and 22 is \$377,070.

The Authority leases floors one, two, three, and a portion of the basement of the project site to Austen BioInnovation Institute in Akron ("ABIA"). The Authority leases floors four, five, six, and the balance of the basement to the county for its Department of Job and Family Services ("DJFS"). The Authority uses approximately 2,040 square feet of floor four of the project site as its offices. As of December 31, 2015, the Authority has recorded a liability in the amount of \$42,065 for estimated payments received which were greater than the total operating expenses allocated for the year.

#### Macedonia TIF Project

In August 2007, the Authority authorized \$2.5 million in subordinate tax-exempt revenue bonds to reimburse the developer for costs incurred related to the construction of public improvements in connection with an Independent Living/Assisted Living Facility and an Active Adult Community in Macedonia Ohio. Costs will be reimbursed after the original TIF bonds are paid off and only to the extent there are excess proceeds. New development at the site includes installing a road, sidewalks and handicap ramps, street lighting, water lines, storm and sanitary sewer lines, fire hydrants, and landscaping. Construction was completed during 2010 and the City accepted the improvements in May, 2010. Outstanding balance on the bonds at December 31, 2015 is \$2,275,000.

#### 8 and 80 Holdings TIF Project

The Project is located in the Village of Boston Heights and consists of certain public improvements constructed by 8 & 80 Holdings, LLC (the Developer) and dedicated to the Village in support of the acquisition, construction, and installation of an approximately 150,000 sq. ft. Costco general merchandise store; including 700 parking spaces and a fuel station, and the development of seven additional retail outlet parcels. The costs of the project are being advanced by the Developer under a separate construction loan. The Village of Boston Heights has agreed to pay a portion of the Service Payments to the Developer for the costs of the project. The Village and the Developer requested that the Authority issue a series of revenue bonds to secure the Village's obligation to pay the Service Payments to the Developer when due.

#### NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

The Authority, in the normal course of its activities, could be exposed to various claims and pending litigation. In the opinion of Authority management, the disposition of these other matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Authority.

#### NOTE 20 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

#### Development Fund of the Western Reserve, Inc.

The Development Fund of the Western Reserve, Inc., an Ohio non-profit corporation (the "Corporation"), was formed on May 26, 2011 to serve or provide investment capital for Low-Income Communities ("LICs"), as defined in Section 45D(e) of the Internal Revenue Code and the Treasury Regulations thereunder, or low-income persons ("Low-Income Persons"). The Corporation's members are the Authority, the Controlling Member, and Summit Workforce Solutions. The Corporation was certified as a qualified community development entity under the New Markets Tax Credit ("NMTC") Program. At least sixty percent (60%) of the Corporation's activities are targeted to Low- Income Persons of LICs. The Corporation's service area is comprised of an eighteen county area in Northeast Ohio.

Pursuant to the Management Services Agreement ("Management Agreement") between the Corporation and the Authority, the Authority agreed to provide management, financial, operational compliance and administrative services as necessary to assist the Corporation in fulfilling its on-going, day-to-day responsibilities. In exchange for these services, the Corporation pays the Authority a fee in an amount equal to: (a) fifty percent (50%) of (i) closing fees and (ii) any ongoing administrative fees received by the Corporation from time to time under the NMTC Program for investments, loans and/or transactions consummated thereunder; and (b) all out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Authority and its service personnel consisting of travel, outside consultants, conference calls, postage, courier costs and other miscellaneous expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, the Corporation paid support services expenses of \$0 and \$50,000, respectively, to the Authority. Financial information can be obtained from the Development Fund of the Western Reserve, Inc. Treasurer at 47 North Main Street, No. 407, Akron, Ohio 44308.

#### NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following are projects expected to close in 2016:

Fairlawn GIG Project - the \$11.5 million lease revenue bond project to pay the costs of acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of a municipal broadband utility to provide wireless and fiber optic high speed internet services to Fairlawn, Ohio as well as to the Akron, Fairlawn, Bath JEDD. The financing is expected to close in April 2016.

Stambaugh Building Doubletree Hotel Redevelopment Project—Youngstown, OH—the approximately \$3.8 million of Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) bonds will be issued to finance energy efficiency improvements.

Residence at Yankee Trace -Centerville, OH—approximately \$3 million in tax-exempt financing secured by a special assessment will be issued to finance the costs of road, water, sewer, and other utility

improvements. The Authority will enter into a cooperative agreement with the Dayton, Ohio Port Authority and the Toledo-Lucas County Port Authority, who will also each provide \$3 million in tax-exempt financing.

Bridge Park Parking Facility – Dublin, OH – approximately \$5.5 million in tax-exempt financing secured by a special assessment will be issued to finance the costs of Parking Facility Z within the Bridge Park Development. The Columbus Finance Authority and the Toledo Port Authority will also be issuing approximately \$8,190,000 in bonds.

#### Additional noted events:

In March of 2016, the Authority anticipates refinancing three Tax-Exempt projects within its Bond Fund; Garfield Heights, Village of Seville, and the Summit County Workforce Policy project.

Also, in March 2016 as referenced in Note 12, Summit County's Department of Job and Family Services ("DJFS") is ending its tenancy in the 47 N. Main Street property.

The investment in Greater Akron Investment Partners, LLC / Starvest 06, LP is winding down. GAIP termination and distribution of remaining ownership interest is expected to occur during 2016.

# DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TWO YEARS (1)

	2014			2013
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)				
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0	.0028734%	0	.0028734%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	346,561	\$	338,734
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	352,277	\$	331,592
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		98.38%		102.15%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		86.45%		86.36%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date which is December 31, 2014 and 2013.

## DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST THREE YEARS (1)

	2015		2014		2013	
Ohio Public Employees' Retirement System (OPERS)						
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	42,075	\$	42,273	\$	43,107
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(42,075)		(42,273)		(43,107)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	350,625	\$	352,277	\$	331,592
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.00%		12.00%		13.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Development Finance Authority of Summit County Summit County 47 N. Main Street, Suite 407 Akron, Ohio 44308

#### To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the Development Finance Authority of Summit County, (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2016 wherein we noted the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. In addition, we noted the Authority restated its financial statements due to a misstatement in unrealized loss on investments from a previous year.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Development Finance Authority of Summit County Summit County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2016



## DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY OF SUMMIT COUNTY SUMMIT COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 19, 2016