



## BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS BUTLER COUNTY

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#### Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Revenues</u>	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster - Cash Assistance			
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 17,709	\$ 17,709
National School Lunch Program	10.555	111,346	111,346
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$ 129,056	\$ 129,055
U.S. Department of Education			
Student Financial Aid Cluster:			
Federal Direct Student Loan Program	84.268	\$ 993,470	\$ 991,300
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	572,257	567,730
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster		1,565,727	1,559,030
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants			
Carl Perkins Secondary	84.048	731,979	719,348
Carl Perkins Adult	84.048	406,809	371,251
Total Career and Technical Education		1,138,788	1,090,599
Improving Teacher Quality - Title II-A	84.367	3,642	4,428
Adult Basic Education Grant	84.002	325,057	316,417
English Language Acquisition Grant	84.365	19,953	23,557
Total Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		\$ 1,487,440	\$ 1,435,001
Total U.S. Department of Education		\$ 3,053,167	\$ 2,994,031
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		\$ 3,182,223	\$ 3,123,086

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this section.

### BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS BUTLER COUNTY

### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Butler Technology and Career Development School's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### **NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Butler County 3603 Hamilton Middletown Road Hamilton, Ohio 45011

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Butler County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2015, wherein we noted that the District adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* 

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools
Butler County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 16, 2015

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Butler County 3603 Hamilton Middletown Road Hamilton, Ohio 45011

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Butler Technology and Career Development School's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the Butler Technology and Career Development's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

#### Management's Responsibility

The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools
Butler County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And On Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by OMC Circular A-133
Page 2

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Butler Technology and Career Development Schools' (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 16, 2015. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's' basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures presents additional analysis required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools
Butler County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable To Each Major Federal Program And On Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by OMC Circular A-133
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**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

January 15, 2016

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## BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS BUTLER COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2105

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #84.002 Adult Basic Education Grant CFDA #84.268 & #84.063 Student Financial Aid Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

## 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



### **BUTLER TECHNOLOGY & CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS**





# Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Butler County, Ohio



Prepared by the Financial Services Division Paul Carpenter, CFO



#### Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION





December 16, 2015

## TO THE CITIZENS AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools (School District) for the year ending June 30, 2015, is hereby submitted. This CAFR includes financial statements and other financial and statistical data and conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as they apply to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the School District.

A complete CAFR is not required to be prepared, but by doing so it represents a commitment by the School District to achieve the highest nationally recognized standards of excellence in financial reporting as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This is the fifteenth year that the School District has published a CAFR

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

This report will provide taxpayers of the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools with comprehensive financial data in a format that will enable them to gain a true understanding of the financial affairs of the School District.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

As a joint vocational school (JVS) district organized under Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code, the School District provides career-technical education programs to ten member school districts in Butler and Hamilton Counties. The member school districts are Edgewood, Fairfield, Lakota, Madison, Middletown, Monroe, New Miami, Northwest, Ross, and Talawanda. The School District provides career-technical education programs to secondary and adult students within these districts and surrounding areas in southwest Ohio.

#### **School Governance**

The School District is governed by a ten (10)-member Board of Education representing each participating member school district. Each of the member school districts has direct representation through board members (elected to their local school district board) and appointed to serve on the School District Board for a two-year term. The School District Board holds power and authority for the management and control of the School District (Section 3311.19 (A) of the Ohio Revised Code). Section 3311.19 (D) vests the School District's Board of Education the same powers, duties, and authorities as granted by law to a board of education of a city school district and all provisions of law that applies to a city school district (excluding jurisdiction by a city civil service commission).

The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy initiator for the operation of the School District and is also responsible for the tax budget and the annual operating budget. The Board has only those powers and authority conferred upon it by the Ohio Revised Code.

#### **School Leadership**

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the School District, also known as the Superintendent, is directly responsible to the Board for all educational and support operations of the School District. The Board employed Mr. William Miller as the School District's Superintendent for a two-year period effective March 7, 2013 through July 31, 2015. Mr. Miller has been an educator for over 30 years, and was most recently the Associate Director of Curriculum with the School District. Mr. Miller has over 20 years of experience as an Ohio school administrator.

The Board employed Edmund Pokora as Chief Financial Officer (also known as the Treasurer) of the School District and he is directly responsible to the Board for all financial operations, investments, and maintains custody of all School District funds as well as serving as Secretary to the Board. Mr. Pokora was appointed effective May 10, 2004, and received a new contract in October, 2013, that ran through October 9, 2015. Mr. Pokora served as a school CFO since 1983 and holds a B.B.A. in Accounting from the University of Cincinnati. Mr. Pokora is recognized by the Ohio Association of School Business Officials as a Registered School Business Fiscal Officer (RSBFO). On October 12, 2015, the Board employed Paul Carpenter as Mr. Pokora's replacement as CFO. Mr. Carpenter was appointed CFO effective October 12, 2015 and received a contract through July 31, 2019.

All other School District employees are responsible to the Chief Executive Officer and are employed by the Board upon the recommendation of the Chief Executive Officer.

#### **School Facilities**

The School District operates one major facility for career-technical programs; the D. Russel Lee Career Technology Center. D. Russel Lee provides over 650 students a variety of secondary workforce development programs designed to give high school students technical and academic skills. In addition, the School District operates similar, but smaller career-tech programs in leased facilities at the butler Tech Bioscience Center, Butler Tech Natural Science Center and the Butler Tech School of the Arts. The School District operates over 100 satellite programs, located in the members' school buildings, and provides over 13,000 middle and high school students career-technical programs needed in today's global economy.

As part of their programs, students are involved in career-technical student organizations that allow students to participate in both skill events and leadership activities.

In addition to middle school and high school programs, the School District is a state designated Adult Education Full Service Center offering various career enhancement and career development programs to over 5,000 adults who enroll in these programs yearly. Career enhancement programs provide adult students with opportunities to receive education in specific skill areas in a 4-6 week period. These courses can be used to enhance current skills or generate new skills that are useful in the workplace.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

Residential and commercial growth has been limited in Butler County, yet is still considered to be one of the fastest growing counties in Ohio. The County was recently ranked by Forbes Magazine as one of the top 100 locations in the country to live and work. Business expansion at the Union Centre interchange with I-75 continues as new companies expand into the area. New job opportunities, low tax rates and the fact that the County is located within a central metroplex between the Cincinnati and Dayton areas have made this a desirable area for homeowners and businesses.

The economic outlook for Butler County is positive with the presence and strength of longstanding Butler County companies, such as Cincinnati Financial Corporation, AK Steel, GE Aviation, and the Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, which employ approximately 3,280, 2,412, 2,000 and 1,209 people respectively. Financial services, paper manufacturing, retail stores, and medical companies as well as educational and governmental organizations complete the list of top employers. All of these larger companies create the need for a variety of smaller businesses that are thriving in the growing atmosphere that the County is currently enjoying.

The School District endeavors to foster cooperative relationships with business and industry, professional organizations, associate school districts, and other interested, concerned groups and organizations. The purpose of cooperative relationships is to consider, plan, and implement educational programs designed to meet the common needs and interests of students.

Additionally, the School District has pursued closer relationships with all five Chambers of Commerce in Butler County. This included, but has not been limited to, administrators from the School District being elected to seats on the Board of Directors of two of these Chambers. Relationships such as these have led to more formal business-school partnerships, and serve to build closer ties with a significant stakeholder group for the School District.

One way in which the School District involves the business community is through program advisory committees. These committees are comprised of individuals who agree to serve as advisors for one or more career-technical programs. Membership may include former students, parents of current students, and representatives of business, industry, labor, and community agencies. These members can provide valuable advice, guidance, and assistance in providing opportunities for students to understand and learn the basic skills necessary to succeed.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

#### **Bioscience Center Construction**

The School District completed its construction of the new Bioscience Educational Center in August, 2015. The 32,000 square foot school focuses on training in careers in the healthcare industry including Medical Assisting, Exercise Science, Biomedical Engineering, and Dental Assisting.

As part of the sale of bonds, Moody's issued a rating of Aaa based on the financial strength of the School District.

#### **District Expands STEM Programming**

In the 2014-15 year, the School District continued the implementation of STEM programming that is focuses on science, technology, engineering, and math. The expansion of these programs is aligned with the workforce needs of the State and the current funding model. STEM programming is provided to 6 of the 10 associate school districts from grants 7-12.

#### **One-to-One Computer Initiative**

The School District has continued the fully implemented technology initiative that provides laptop computers to all students in full-time programs. This initiative allows the district to continue a teaching model of blended learning and problem-based learning that allows students to perform at significantly higher levels than more traditional classroom instructional methods.

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The School District's accounting system is organized on a "fund" basis. Each fund is a distinct, self-balancing accounting entity. Records for general governmental operations are maintained on a cash basis system of accounting as prescribed by the Auditor of State. Cash basis accounting differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GAAP, as more fully described in the notes to the financial statements, provides for a modified accrual basis of accounting for the governmental funds, and for full accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary funds and both governmental and business-type activities.

#### **Internal Controls**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft or misuse. These controls also ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

#### **Single Audit Act**

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the School District is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the School District.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

The School District maintains its accounts, appropriations and other financial records in accordance with the procedures established and prescribed by the Auditor of State. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation resolution approved by the Board of Directors. Activities of all funds are included in the annual appropriation resolution. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level. The School District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system to assist in budgetary control. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and not re-appropriated. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the School District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

#### **Long-Term Planning**

The School District utilizes a five-year financial forecast as a tool for planning future programming changes and adjustments. The forecast is also used to indicate trends or patterns that are monitored by management on a quarterly basis. The forecast is adopted in October of each fiscal year and updated the following May.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

#### **GFOA Certificate of Achievement**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. This was the 17<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the School District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **ASBO** Certificate of Excellence

The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awards a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to school districts that publish Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports, which substantially conform to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the Association of School Business Officials. The award is granted only after an intensive review of the financial report by an all expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials. The School District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the ninth time the School District participated in the ASBO award program. The School District believes that the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year June 30, 2015, which will be submitted to ASBO for review, will conform to ASBO's principles and standards.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire Financial Services' staff and Central Office Leadership staff. Finally, a word of thanks is necessary to recognize the commitment to excellence in financial management and reporting by all the members of the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Board of Education.

Respectfully,

Paul Carpenter

Chief Financial Officer

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools 3603 Hamilton-Middletown Road • Hamilton, Ohio 45011 (p) 513.868.1911 (f) 513.868.9348

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# BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS, OHIO LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **JUNE 30, 2015**

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

<u>Title</u>	Name	District	Term Expires	Initial Appointment
<b>-</b>			10/01/1	2012
President	Peter Robinson	Madison	12/31/16	2013
Vice President	Gregory Tyus	Middletown	12/31/17	2011
Member	Jim Detzel	Northwest	12/31/16	2010
Member	Brett Guido	Monroe	12/31/17	2010
Member	Glenda Holt	Ross	12/31/16	2008
Member	Jim Miller	Edgewood	12/31/17	2012
Member	Michael Berding	Fairfield	12/31/17	2015
Member	Lynda O'Connor	Lakota	12/31/16	2012
Member	Sue Price	New Miami	12/31/17	1997
Member	Lois Vollmer	Talawanda	12/31/16	2008

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS**

Chief Executive Officer William Miller
Chief Financial Officer Paul Carpenter
Chief Operating Officer David Helms



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

# **Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio**

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

### **Association of School Business Officials International**



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award is presented to

# Butler Technology and Career Development Schools

For Its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards



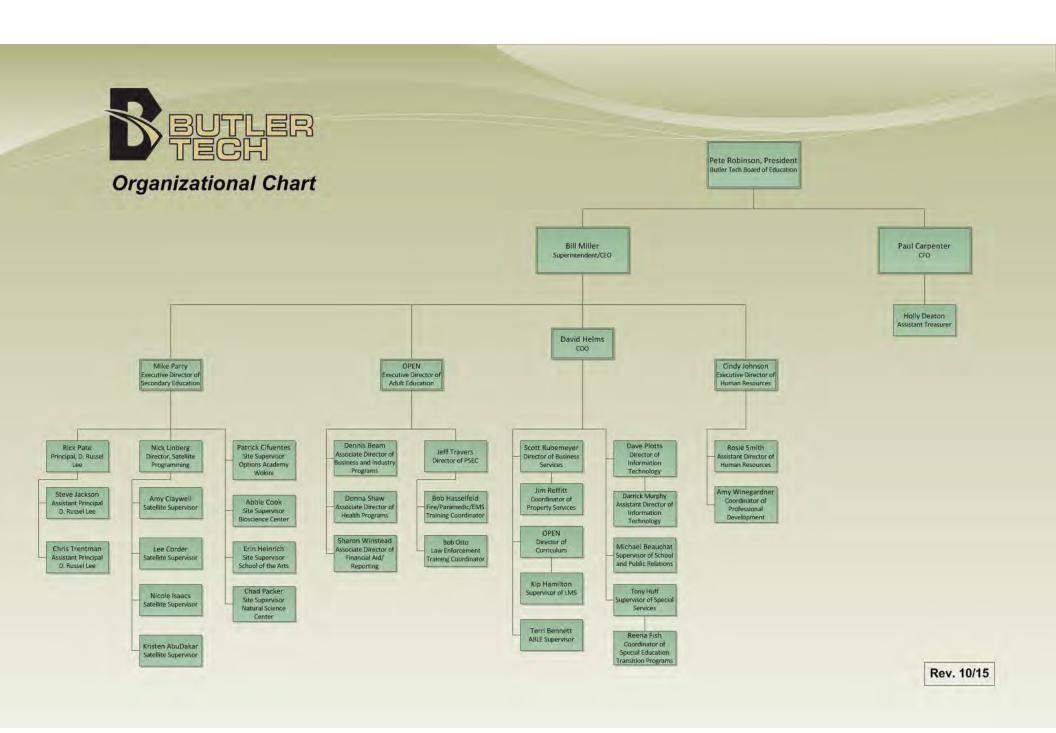
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Mark C. Pepera, MBA, RSBO, SFO

President

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John D. Musso, CAE, RSBA Executive Director



# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Butler County 3603 Hamilton Middletown Road Hamilton, Ohio 45011

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Butler County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Butler County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Butler County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the Government adopted Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and required budgetary comparison schedule listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools Butler County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 16, 2015

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## BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS, OHIO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited) Year Ended June 30, 2015

This discussion and analysis provides key information from management highlighting the overall financial performance of the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools ("School District") for the year ended June 30, 2015. This is meant to be an easily readable summary of the most important financial information regarding the accompanying financial statements. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Major financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are listed below:

- ➤ The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at year-end by \$6,156,067 driven primarily to changes in pension reporting.
- ➤ The School District's total net position decreased during the fiscal year by \$406,313, or 7%.
- > The School District's total expenses were \$44,144,298, a decrease of \$4,115,722.
- ➤ Program revenues of \$6,757,189 reduced the net cost of the School District's functions to be financed from the School District's general revenues to \$37,387,109.
- ➤ The School District's General Fund decreased by \$1,890,419, or 14% due primarily o a one-time transfer for construction costs related to the new bioscience school. The School District's unassigned fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$7,305,830 at the fiscal year end, or 19% of General Fund expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the School District include instruction, support services, administration, operation and maintenance of plant, and extracurricular activities. The primary business-type activities of the School District include adult education, food services, school supplies, and rotary activities.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for government activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The School District accounts for its activities using many individual funds. The most significant funds are reported in separate columns in the governmental fund financial statements. These statements provide detailed information about the individual major funds – unlike the government-wide financial statements, which report on the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the School District may also establish separate funds to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants or other money.

**Proprietary funds.** The School District utilizes enterprise funds, which report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The School District uses enterprise funds to account for its adult education, food services programs, school supplies, and rotary activities. Enterprise funds provide the same information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

**Notes to the basic financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains required supplementary information concerning the budget for the General Fund and pensions. Combining statements related to nonmajor governmental and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### A. Net position at year-end

The following table presents a condensed summary of the School District's overall financial position at June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Government	al Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		<u>Total</u>	
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014
Current and other assets	\$ 34,236,485	42,785,992	744,703	901,208	34,981,188	43,687,200
Capital assets	53,732,205	45,481,446	656,080	554,131	54,388,285	46,035,577
Total assets	87,968,690	88,267,438	1,400,783	1,455,339	89,369,473	89,722,777
Deferred outflows	3,925,012	3,184,497	434,286	393,590	4,359,298	3,578,087
Long-term liabilities:						
Net pension liability	50,879,490	60,463,046	6,288,477	7,472,960	57,167,967	67,936,006
Other long-term liabilities	11,537,752	12,195,460	174,124	190,872	11,711,876	12,386,332
Other liabilities	4,443,062	5,060,398	240,756	266,948	4,683,818	5,327,346
Total liabilities	66,860,304	77,718,904	6,703,357	7,930,780	73,563,661	85,649,684
Deferred inflows	25,182,803	13,400,934	1,138,374		26,321,177	13,400,934
Net position:						
Net investment						
in capital assets	43,963,860	40,177,067	656,080	554,131	44,619,940	40,731,198
Restricted:						
For capital purposes	690,151	953,952	-	-	690,151	953,952
Other purposes	276,122	243,754	-	-	276,122	243,754
Unrestricted (deficit)	(45,079,538)	(41,042,676)	(6,662,742)	(6,635,982)	(51,742,280)	(47,678,658)
Total net positon	\$ (149,405)	332,097	(6,006,662)	(6,081,851)	(6,156,067)	(5,749,754)

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Additionally, the School District restated it beginning capital assets based upon an inventory appraisal that was recently performed

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation and the correction to capital assets also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$56,170,803 to \$332,097 for governmental activities and from a positive balance of \$920,254 to a deficit balance of \$6,081,851 for business-type activities.

At year-end, investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt used to acquire the assets were \$44,619,940. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Additionally, \$966,273 of the School District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be spent. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use. Primarily as a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District's unrestricted net position ended the fiscal year with a total deficit of \$51,742,280.

During the fiscal year 2014, the School District issued \$10.035 million in school improvement and energy conservation bonds to finance a bioscience building and make energy conservation improvements. Work continued on these projects during fiscal year 2015, resulting in cash and investments with current and other assets to decrease by approximately \$8.7 million, while capital assets increases by approximately \$8.4 million.

Total liabilities, excluding net pension liabilities, decreased by approximately \$1.3 million, or 7%, as the School District made its one-time \$690,000 refund payment that was owed to the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission as of June 30, 2014 to close out the project contract with the Commission, and made its first debt service payments on the \$10.035 million in school improvement and energy conservation bonds. The decrease in net pension liability of \$10.8 million was due to State-legislated pension system reforms, such as phased in increases in employee contribution rates and changes in age and service requirements for retirement, that are being implemented over the next several years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

#### B. Governmental and Business-type Activities during fiscal year 2015

The following table presents a condensed summary of the School District's activities during fiscal year 2015 and 2014 and the resulting change in net position:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		Business-Ty	pe Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	FY2015	FY2014	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services and sales	\$ 394,184	556,216	3,742,244	3,596,257	4,136,428	4,152,473	
Operating grants and contributions	1,791,959	1,624,526	828,802	743,914	2,620,761	2,368,440	
Total program revenues	2,186,143	2,180,742	4,571,046	4,340,171	6,757,189	6,520,913	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	11,420,055	14,391,231	-	-	11,420,055	14,391,231	
Grants and entitlements	25,138,579	25,095,553	-	-	25,138,579	25,095,553	
Investment earnings	98,404	219,473	-	-	98,404	219,473	
Miscellaneous	323,758	371,815			323,758	371,815	
Total general revenues	36,980,796	40,078,072			36,980,796	40,078,072	
Total revenues	39,166,939	42,258,814	4,571,046	4,340,171	43,737,985	46,598,985	
Expenses:							
Instruction	23,665,410	26,292,997	-	-	23,665,410	26,292,997	
Support services	15,281,226	16,504,942	-	-	15,281,226	16,504,942	
Non-instructional services	408,793	364,092	-	-	408,793	364,092	
Interest and fiscal charges	293,012	300,405	-	-	293,012	300,405	
Adult education	-	-	3,928,637	4,209,914	3,928,637	4,209,914	
Food services	-	-	311,745	319,149	311,745	319,149	
Other enterprise			255,475	268,521	255,475	268,521	
Total expenses	39,648,441	43,462,436	4,495,857	4,797,584	44,144,298	48,260,020	
Excess before transfers	(481,502)	(1,203,622)	75,189	(457,413)	(406,313)	(1,661,035)	
Transfers		(61,861)		61,861			
Change in net position	(481,502)	(1,265,483)	75,189	(395,552)	(406,313)	(1,661,035)	
Beginning net position	332,097	57,436,286	(6,081,851)	1,315,806	(5,749,754)	58,752,092	
Cumulative effect of restatement		(55,838,706)		(7,002,105)		(62,840,811)	
Ending net position	\$ (149,405)	332,097	(6,006,662)	(6,081,851)	(6,156,067)	(5,749,754)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$3,578,087 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$2,619,714. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$	39,648,441	4,495,857
Pension expense under GASB 68 2015 contractually required contributions		(2,331,543) 3,445,138	(288,171) 374,976
Adjusted 2015 program expenses		40,762,036	4,582,662
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27		43,462,436	4,797,584
Decrease in program expenses not related to pensions	\$	(2,700,400)	(214,922)

Overall, total revenues of the School District decreased by approximately \$2.9 million, or 6%, from the previous fiscal year. Total expenses also decreased, excluding the effect of GASB 68, by approximately \$2.9 million, or 6%, from the previous fiscal year. Significant items that contributed to these changes include the following:

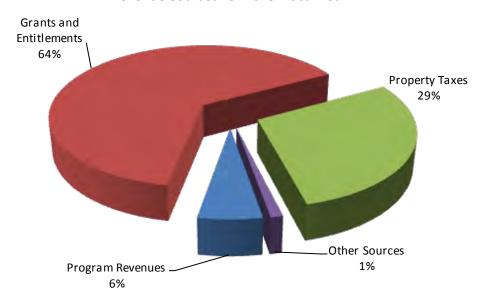
- Tax revenue decreased by about \$2.9 million due to decreases in assessed property valuations and a decrease of \$1.9 million in property tax collections available to be advanced by the County Auditor at fiscal year-end compared to the prior year.
- Instruction expenses, excluding the effects of GASB 68, decreased by approximately \$2.0 million due to cost containment efforts that led to decreases in instruction expenses.
- Adult education decreased by approximately \$281,000, mostly in personnel costs due to fewer program starts during the year as enrollment continued to lag compared to prior years.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Of the total governmental activities revenues of \$39,166,939, \$2,186,143 (6%) is from program revenue. This means that the government relies on general revenues to fund the majority of the cost of services provided to the citizens. The School District's operations are reliant upon its property tax levy and the state's foundation program, with 29% of revenues (\$11,420,055) coming from property tax levies and 64% (\$25,138,579) coming from state funding.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenue Sources for 2015 Fiscal Year



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

#### Governmental Activities

The following table presents the total cost of each of the government's primary services, and the comparative net cost after deducting the revenues generated by each function. Approximately 6% of the cost of the general government programs was recouped in program revenues. Instruction costs were \$23,665,410, but program revenue contributed to fund 5% of those costs. Thus, general revenues of \$22,528,795 were used to support the remainder of the instruction costs.

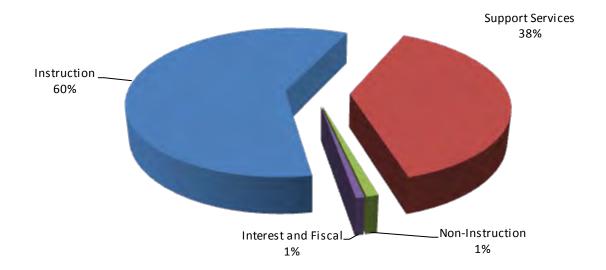
The School District's governmental activities net position decreased by \$481,502.

#### **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services	Program Revenue	Revenues as a % of Total Costs	Net Cost of Services
Instruction Support services Non-instructional services Interest and fiscal charges	\$ 23,665,410 15,281,226 408,793 293,012	1,136,615 1,049,528 - -	5% 7% 0% 0%	22,528,795 14,231,698 408,793 293,012
Total	\$ 39,648,441	2,186,143	<u>6</u> %	37,462,298

#### **Governmental Activities**

Cost of Services by Category for 2015 Fiscal Year



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

#### **Business-type Activities**

The following table presents the total cost of each of the School District's business segments and the net cost after deducting the revenues generated by each segment. Overall, our adult programs decreased due to start-up costs for the commercial driver license program (CDL) in the prior year to get the program fully operational during 2015 fiscal year.

#### **Business-type Activities**

	Total Cost of Services	Program Revenue	Revenues as a % of Total Costs	Net Cost (Revenue) of Services
Adult education Food services Other enterprise	\$ 3,928,637 311,745 255,475	4,051,539 314,227 205,280	103% 101% 80%	(122,902) (2,482) 50,195
Total	\$ 4,495,857	4,571,046	<u>102</u> %	(75,189)

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

#### Governmental funds

The School District has two major governmental funds: General Fund and Bioscience Building Fund. Assets of these two funds comprise \$33,945,628 (96%) of the total \$35,241,731 governmental funds' assets. The following provides an analysis of these major funds:

**General Fund.** Fund balance at June 30, 2015 was \$11,719,792, including \$7,305,830 of unassigned balance, which represents 19% of General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2015. The General Fund balance decreased \$1,890,419, or 14%, from the previous year due to decreases in tax revenue and instruction expenditures, as previously discussed, minimized by a \$749,000 increase in capital outlay for furniture and technology costs for the bioscience building. Also, the amount transferred out decreased by \$2.1 million, as fewer funds were needed as various capital projects were completed or nearly completed.

**Bioscience Building Fund.** This fund is used to account for resources used for the construction of a new bioscience building that began during fiscal year 2014. The project is being financed with the issuance of \$8.1 million in school improvement bonds and is expected to be completed in early fiscal year 2016.

#### **Proprietary funds**

The School District has one major proprietary fund – the Adult Education Fund. Net position at June 30, 2015 was a deficit of \$5.4 million. The Adult Education Fund experienced net income of \$122,902, compared to a net loss (before transfers) of \$402,240 in fiscal year 2014, due to decreases in expenses related to cost containment efforts. The School District also changed its business model from full-time faculty to adjunct or part-time personnel.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The schedule comparing the School District's original and final budgets and actual results are included in the required supplementary information after the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

For the 2015 year, actual revenues were within less than 1% of the estimates. Actual expenditures for the year were approximately 12% less than budgeted. The budget for property tax revenue decreased from the original budget to the final budget due to a decrease in tax valuations. The expenditure budget was reduced by \$935,000 from the original to the final budget. Significant items that contributed these changes include the following:

- Vocational instruction expenditures budget was reduced by \$1,132,483 between the
  original and final budget, with actual expenditures coming in \$3,486,957 under budget
  due to new programs not implemented after the budget was adopted due to insufficient
  enrollment. The School District also limited capital outlay purchases to provide for
  transfers to the bioscience construction fund.
- \$935,000 in facilities acquisition and construction was added to the budget for property development costs related to the bioscience project that could not be funded through the construction fund.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital assets.** At June 30, 2015, the School District had \$54,388,285 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, vehicles and construction in progress. The increase was attributable to construction of a new bioscience building and energy conservation improvements that begin during fiscal year 2014. The energy conservation improvements were completed during fiscal year 2015, while the bioscience building was nearly completed. The fiscal year 2014 balances were restated based upon the inventory appraisal that was performed. See Note 5 to the financial statements for more detail.

### Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

		Government	al Activities	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		Total	
		FY2015	Restated FY2014	FY2015	Restated FY2014	FY2015	Restated FY2014
Land	\$	4,810,261	4,810,261	-	-	4,810,261	4,810,261
Construction in progress		10,370,752	2,838,308	-	-	10,370,752	2,838,308
Land improvements		1,330,670	1,297,495	-	-	1,330,670	1,297,495
Building and improvement	S	34,014,209	33,390,740	61,614	35,134	34,075,823	33,425,874
Furniture and equipment		2,959,976	2,869,414	565,971	518,111	3,525,947	3,387,525
Vehicles		207,024	209,706	28,495	886	235,519	210,592
Books		39,313	65,522			39,313	65,522
Total	\$	53,732,205	45,481,446	656,080	554,131	54,388,285	46,035,577

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

#### **Debt**

During fiscal year 2014, the School District issued \$8.1 million in general obligation bonds to refinance \$3 million in outstanding bond anticipation notes and finance construction of a new bioscience building. The School District also issued \$1.935 million in general obligation bonds to finance energy conservation improvements. The amount outstanding as of June 30, 2015 was \$9.6 million, with \$380,000 due in December 2015.

The School District utilized a section of the Ohio Revised Code that permits school districts to issue unvoted indebtedness not to exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. See Note 10 to the financial statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The School District continued to experience a slight decline in the assessed valuation of the local tax base during the past year, although much less than in prior years. State funding, which is based upon House Bill 64 was passed in June 2015 for fiscal year 2016 and 2017 funding. A "guarantee" and "gains cap" remained in place for the new funding formula along with the base dollar amount and weighted amounts slightly changing. What used to be known as the "October count" has now changed to a more "percent of time educated" model which has had an impact on career centers. This coupled with a change in the way credits are viewed and the "five credit hour rule" has complicated State funding for career centers. Starting in fiscal year 2017, the weighted or "tiered" funding will fall outside of the guarantee in place which will either potentially increase or decrease overall State funding for career centers depending on enrollment and programming offered, even if they have historically been on the guarantee or flat funded.

#### REQUESTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. Anyone having questions about this report or need additional financial information may contact Paul Carpenter, Chief Financial Officer for the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools at 3603 Hamilton-Middletown Road, Hamilton, OH, 45011 or by phone at 513-868-1911.

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 16,361,100	\$ 605,225	\$ 16,966,325
Receivables:	Ψ . ο,οο . , . ο ο	<b>4</b> 000, <u>–</u>	<b>*</b>
Taxes	16,728,176	-	16,728,176
Accounts	270	139,478	139,748
Intergovernmental	200,569	-	200,569
Interest	32,802	-	32,802
Restricted assets	913,568	-	913,568
Nondepreciable capital assets	15,181,013	-	15,181,013
Depreciable capital assets, net	38,551,192	656,080	39,207,272
Total assets	87,968,690	1,400,783	89,369,473
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Pensions	3,925,012	434,286	4,359,298
Liabilities:		40- 400	
Accounts payable	1,052,895	125,488	1,178,383
Accrued wages	3,364,747	115,268	3,480,015
Accrued interest payable  Long-term liabilities:	25,420	-	25,420
Due within one year	540,898	21,356	562,254
Due more than one year:	340,030	21,330	302,234
Net pension liability	50,879,490	6,288,477	57,167,967
Other amounts due more than one year	10,996,854	152,768	11,149,622
Total liabilities	66,860,304	6,703,357	73,563,661
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pensions	9,210,476	1,138,374	10,348,850
Taxes levied for next fiscal year	15,972,327		15,972,327
Total deferred inflows of resources	25,182,803	1,138,374	26,321,177
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	43,963,860	656,080	44,619,940
Restricted for:	-,,	,	,,
Capital projects	690,151	-	690,151
Local grant programs	31,558	-	31,558
State grant programs	84,536	-	84,536
Federal grant programs	160,028	-	160,028
Unrestricted (deficit)	(45,079,538)	(6,662,742)	(51,742,280)
Total net position	\$ (149,405)	\$ (6,006,662)	\$ (6,156,067)

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Program Revenues		Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 226,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (226,324)	- \$	\$ (226,324)	
Vocational education	23,176,136	394,184	638,335	(22,143,617)	-	(22,143,617)	
Other	262,950	-	104,096	(158,854)	-	(158,854)	
Support services:							
Pupil	1,651,320	-	567,699	(1,083,621)		(1,083,621)	
Instructional staff	3,349,479	-	359,609	(2,989,870)	-	(2,989,870)	
General administration	94,859	-	-	(94,859)		(94,859)	
School administration	1,808,438	-	39,390	(1,769,048)		(1,769,048)	
Fiscal	1,157,476	-	-	(1,157,476)		(1,157,476)	
Business	271,019	-	-	(271,019)		(271,019)	
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,078,865	-	-	(4,078,865)	-	(4,078,865)	
Pupil transportation	108,602	-	-	(108,602)	-	(108,602)	
Central	2,761,168	-	82,830	(2,678,338)	-	(2,678,338)	
Non-instructional services:							
Extracurricular activities	387,671	-	-	(387,671)		(387,671)	
Community service	21,122	-	-	(21,122)		(21,122)	
Interest and fiscal charges	293,012			(293,012)	<u> </u>	(293,012)	
Total Governmental Activities	39,648,441	394,184	1,791,959	(37,462,298)		(37,462,298)	
Business-Type Activities:							
Food service	311,745	182,647	131,580	-	2,482	2,482	
Adult education	3,928,637	3,354,317	697,222	-	122,902	122,902	
Other enterprise activities	255,475	205,280	<u> </u>		(50,195)	(50,195)	
Total Business-Type Activities	4,495,857	3,742,244	828,802		75,189	75,189	
	\$ 44,144,298	\$ 4,136,428	\$ 2,620,761	(37,462,298)	75,189	(37,387,109)	
	General Revenue						
	Property taxes	levied for genera	l purposes	11,420,055	-	11,420,055	
	Grants and enti	tlements		25,138,579	-	25,138,579	
	Investment ear	nings		98,404	-	98,404	
	Miscellaneous			323,758		323,758	
	Total general	revenues		36,980,796	-	36,980,796	
	Change in net po	sition		(481,502)	75,189	(406,313)	
	Net position begin	nning of year, <i>res</i>	stated	332,097	(6,081,851)	(5,749,754)	
	Net position end	of year		\$ (149,405)	\$ (6,006,662)	<u>\$ (6,156,067)</u>	

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General	Bioscience Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Equity in pooled				
cash and investments	\$ 12,857,180	\$ 2,373,667	\$ 1,130,253	\$ 16,361,100
Restricted cash	913,568	-	-	913,568
Receivables:	40 700 470			10 700 170
Taxes Accounts	16,728,176 270	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	16,728,176 270
Accrued interest	32,802	-	-	32,802
Intergovernmental	34,719	_	165,850	200,569
Interfund receivable	1,005,246	-	-	1,005,246
Total assets	\$ 31,571,961	\$ 2,373,667	\$ 1,296,103	\$ 35,241,731
	+ - ,- ,	+ //	+ ,,	+ , , -
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 222,065	\$ 791,235	\$ 39,595	\$ 1,052,895
Accrued wages and benefits	3,325,799	-	38,948	3,364,747
Interfund payable	-	750,000	255,246	1,005,246
Compensated absences payable	91,893	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	91,893
Total liabilities	3,639,757	1,541,235	333,789	5,514,781
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Taxes levied for next fiscal year	15,972,327	-	-	15,972,327
Unavailable revenue	240,085	-	165,850	405,935
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,212,412		165,850	16,378,262
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	1,534,385	-	800,423	2,334,808
Committed	-	832,432	, -	832,432
Assigned	2,879,577	-	-	2,879,577
Unassigned	7,305,830		(3,959)	7,301,871
Total fund balances	11,719,792	832,432	796,464	13,348,688
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources and fund balances	\$ 31,571,961	\$ 2,373,667	\$ 1,296,103	\$ 35,241,731

#### Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	13,348,688			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the fund			53,732,205			
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cur period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in		405,935				
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not of payable in the current period and therefore are not re in the funds:  Bonds payable  Unamortized premiums  Compensated absences  Accrued interest			(11,471,279)			
Accrued interest						
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(149,405)			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General	Bioscience Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 11,929,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,929,898
Tuition and fees	394,184	-	-	394,184
Investment income	90,358	2,003	3,985	96,346
Intergovernmental	25,208,216	-	1,623,729	26,831,945
Miscellaneous	310,332		13,426	323,758
Total revenues	37,932,988	2,003	1,641,140	39,576,131
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	0.40.000			0.40.000
Regular	246,669	-	-	246,669
Vocational education	21,851,934	-	312,900	22,164,834
Other	-	-	274,450	274,450
Support services:				
Pupil	1,160,250	-	518,882	1,679,132
Instructional staff	3,129,479	-	334,692	3,464,171
General administration	95,457	-	- -	95,457
School administration	1,867,443	-	38,941	1,906,384
Fiscal	1,186,338	-	-	1,186,338
Business	278,957	-	-	278,957
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,902,330	-	10,814	3,913,144
Pupil transportation	87,871	-	70.070	87,871
Central	2,855,870	-	79,076	2,934,946
Non-instructional services:	200 700		77.045	207.074
Extracurricular	309,726	-	77,945	387,671
Community service Capital outlay	21,122	- 8,599,474	912,568	21,122 10,261,360
•	749,318	0,599,474	912,500	10,201,300
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	460,000	460,000
Interest and fiscal charges			314,095	314,095
Total expenditures	37,742,764	8,599,474	3,334,363	49,676,601
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	190,224	(8,597,471)	(1,693,223)	(10,100,470)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	2,098,446	830,643	2,929,089
Transfers out	(2,080,643)		(848,446)	(2,929,089)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,080,643)	2,098,446	(17,803)	
Net change in fund balances	(1,890,419)	(6,499,025)	(1,711,026)	(10,100,470)
Fund balance, beginning of year	13,610,211	7,331,457	2,507,490	23,449,158
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 11,719,792	\$ 832,432	\$ 796,464	\$ 13,348,688

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (10,100,470)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital asset additions  Depreciation expense	10,645,969 (2,395,210)
Depreciation expense	(2,395,210)
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(409,192)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use current financial resources and therefore are not reported expenditures in governmental funds:  Compensated absences	182,723
Interest on long-term debt Amortization of bond premiums	11,889 9,194
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	460,000
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows.	3,445,138
Except for amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(2,331,543)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (481,502)

Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds June 30, 2015

	Adult Education Fund		Other n Enterprise Funds		Total
Assets:					
Current assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	·	,976	\$	131,249	\$ 605,225
Accounts		,422		56	139,478
Total current assets	613	,398		131,305	 744,703
Noncurrent assets:	656	,080		_	656,080
Capital assets, net	1,269			131,305	1,400,783
Total assets	1,203	,470		131,303	1,400,703
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pensions	419	,885		14,401	 434,286
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages Compensated absences Total current liabilities	88 21	3,033 3,909 3,356 3,298		2,455 26,359 - 28,814	125,488 115,268 21,356 262,112
Long-term liabilities:	150	,768			150 760
Compensated absences  Net pension liability	5,716			- 571,680	152,768 6,288,477
Total liabilities	6,102			600,494	6,703,357
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pensions	1,034			103,489	1,138,374
Net Position: Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	656 (6,104	,080 ,465)		- (558,277)	 656,080 (6,662,742)
Total net position	\$ (5,448	,385)	\$	(558,277)	\$ (6,006,662)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Adult Education		Other Enterprise		
	Fund		Funds		Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 3,307,020		,	\$	3,551,506
Other operating revenues	47,29	<u> </u>	143,441		190,738
Total operating revenues	3,354,31	<del>-</del> –	387,927	_	3,742,244
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and wages	2,170,748		64,661		2,235,409
Fringe benefits	521,020		70,468		591,488
Contractual services	504,199		351,165		855,364
Materials and supplies	543,92		64,667		608,592
Depreciation	102,669		-		102,669
Other expenses	86,076	<u> </u>	16,259		102,335
Total operating expenses	3,928,63	<u> </u>	567,220		4,495,857
Operating loss	(574,320	))	(179,293)		(753,613)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
State and federal grants	697,222	2	131,540		828,762
Interest income			40		40
Total nonoperating revenues	697,222	2 _	131,580		828,802
Change in net position	122,902	2	(47,713)		75,189
Net position, beginning of year, restated	(5,571,28	<u></u>	(510,564)		(6,081,851)
Net position, end of year	\$ (5,448,385	<u>5</u> ) <u>\$</u>	(558,277)	\$	(6,006,662)

Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Adult Education Fund	E	Other Interprise Funds		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	_		_		_	
Cash received from customers	\$	3,260,806	\$	245,541	\$	3,506,347
Cash received from other operating sources		1,298		143,385		144,683
Cash payments for personal services		(2,864,754) (516,442)		(108,534)		(2,973,288)
Cash payments for contract services  Cash payments for supplies and materials		(516,442)		(367,445) (63,931)		(883,887) (601,843)
Cash payments for other expenses		(47,656)		(16,259)		(63,915)
·	_		_		_	
Net cash from operating activities	_	(704,660)	_	(167,243)	_	(871,903)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Cash received from state and federal grants		697,222		131,540		828,762
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	_	697,222		131,540	_	828,762
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition of capital assets	_	(204,618)	_		_	(204,618)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income		<u>-</u>		40		40
Net change in cash and investments		(212,056)		(35,663)		(247,719)
Cash and investments at beginning of year		686,032		166,912	_	852,944
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	473,976	\$	131,249	\$	605,225
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash from operating activities	S:					
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:	\$	(574,320)	\$	(179,293)	\$	(753,613)
Depreciation Changes in assets, liabilities and deferrals:		102,669		-		102,669
Accounts receivable		(92,213)		999		(91,214)
Accounts payable		32,190		(4,723)		27,467
Accrued wages and benefits		(52,244)		(1,415)		(53,659)
Compensated absences payable		(16,748)		-		(16,748)
Net pension liability		(1,076,803)		(107,680)		(1,184,483)
Deferred outflows - pensions		(62,076)		21,380		(40,696)
Deferred inflows - pensions	_	1,034,885	_	103,489		1,138,374
Net cash from operating activities	\$	(704,660)	\$	(167,243)	\$	(871,903)

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust Fund			Agency Funds
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	214,988	\$	7,332,246
Intergovernmental receivable		_		50,207
Total assets		214,988		7,382,453
Liabilities				
Due to student groups		-		282,861
Due to other governments		_		7,099,592
Total liabilities			\$	7,382,453
Net Position				
Held in trust	<u>\$</u>	214,988		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund	
Additions:		
Investment income	\$ 807	
Contributions	46,830	
Total additions	47,637	
Deductions:		
Benefits	32,706	
Total deductions	32,706	
Change in net position	14,931	
Net position, beginning of year	200,057	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 214,988</u>	

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools (the "School District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The School District is a joint vocational school district organized under Section 3311.18 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District provides vocational education for ten school districts serving an eligible student population of approximately 27,000 throughout southwestern Ohio. The School District fosters cooperative relationships with business and industry, professional organizations, participating school districts, and other interested, concerned groups and organizations to consider, plan and implement educational programs designed to meet the common needs and interests of students.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District serves as fiscal agent for legally separate Southwest Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), but is not financially accountable. Therefore, SWOCA has been included in the School District's financial statements as an agency fund.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> - continued

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus, which differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

**Fund Financial Statements.** Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and proprietary financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total assets.

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### C. <u>Fund Accounting</u>

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

**Governmental funds** focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Bioscience Building Fund** - The bioscience building fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of a bioscience building.

**Proprietary funds** are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities that are similar to those found in the private sector where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods and services to the general public be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The School District has one major proprietary fund:

**Adult Education Fund** - Accounts for revenues and expenses involved in upgrading and retraining out-of-school youth and adults for the purpose of improving their skills and knowledge in their current or planned occupation.

**Fiduciary Funds** report on net position and changes in net position. The School District's fiduciary funds consist of a private-purpose trust fund and agency funds. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students and is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus similar to proprietary funds. These assets are not available for the School District's use. Agency funds, used to account for student activities, SWOCA, and District Agency activities, are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the governmental funds. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the School District is sixty days after fiscal year end. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: interest, tuition, student fees, and grants.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable except for unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Also, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds utilize accrual accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange transactions.** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied.

Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### D. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> - continued

**Deferred Inflows of Resources.** In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue and pensions. Receivables for property taxes represent amounts that are measurable as of June 30, 2015, but are intended to finance 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund financial statements and represents receivables that will not be collected within the available period (sixty days after fiscal year-end). Deferred inflows of resources from pensions are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Note 7).

**Deferred Outflows of Resources.** In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pensions (see Note 7).

#### E. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the balance sheet. During 2015, investments were limited to federal agency securities, commercial paper, STAR Ohio, and money market funds.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 (GASB 31), "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", requires that investments, with certain exceptions, be recorded at their fair value and that changes in the fair value be reported in the operating statement. The School District recorded investments held at June 30, 2015 at the fair value.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the general fund except those specifically related to agency funds, certain trust funds, and those other funds individually authorized by Board resolution. Interest earnings are allocated to these funds based on average monthly cash balance.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### F. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. The School District defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the date received. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are reported as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-40 years
Furniture and equipment	3-10 years
Vehicles	10 years

#### G. <u>Interfund Balances</u>

On fund financials, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivable/payable." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

#### H. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### H. Compensated Absences - continued

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, a liability is recorded only for the portion of unpaid compensated absences that has matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### I. <u>Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations</u>

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements.

Governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources with the exception of compensated absences as noted above.

#### J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

#### K. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set aside to establish reserves for capital maintenance and improvements and budget stabilization.

#### L. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** – The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in a spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. The School District did not have any nonspendable balances at year-end.

**Restricted** – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### L. <u>Fund Balances</u> - continued

**Committed** – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

**Assigned** – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education. State statute authorizes the Chief Financial Officer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided those amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

**Unassigned** – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### M. Net Position

Net position represents assets and deferred outflows of resources, reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

#### M. Net Position - continued

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### N. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the Treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including pass book accounts. Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies on deposit.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and,
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and amended by GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures":

### **Deposits**

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's custodial credit risk policy requires that deposits be collateralized as required by ORC Chapter 135. At year-end, \$4,242,566 of the School District's bank balance of \$9,344,089 was exposed to custodial credit risk since it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name.

### <u>Investments</u>

The School District's investments at June 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

		Weighted	
		Average	Concentration
	Fair Value	Maturity (Years)	of Credit Risk
FHLB	\$ 3,275,195	2.53	20.11%
FNMA	1,995,980	2.43	12.26%
FFCB	3,619,775	2.51	22.23%
FHLMC	2,757,730	1.16	16.93%
Commercial paper	504,702	0.25	3.10%
STAR Ohio	4,104,355	n/a	25.20%
Money market	26,884	n/a	<u>0.17%</u>
	\$ 16,284,621	1.57	<u>100.00</u> %

### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – continued

#### Credit Risk

It is the School District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have a credit quality rating of the top 2 ratings by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investments in FHLB, FNMA, FFCB, and FHLMC securities were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's. The commercial paper securities were rated A1+ by Standards & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. Investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counter party, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's investment securities are registered in the name of the School District.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District's policy places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to five years.

#### 3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternative payment dates to be established.

### 3. PROPERTY TAXES – continued

Public utility property taxes revenue received in calendar year 2015 represent collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien on December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014 and are collected in calendar year 2015 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Butler and Hamilton counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2015 are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2015. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources for that portion not intended to finance current year operations.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second- Half Collections		2015 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$ 7,600,786,680	93.78%	\$ 7,523,949,600	93.55%
Public Utility	504,011,990	6.22%	518,426,110	6.45%
Total Assessed Value	\$ 8,104,798,670	100.00%	\$ 8,042,375,710	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$1.93		\$1.93	

### 4. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Inter	fund	Transfers		
	Receivables	Payables	In	Out	
General Fund	\$ 1,005,246	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,080,643	
Bioscience Building Fund	-	750,000	2,098,446	-	
Other Governmental Funds		255,246	830,643	848,446	
Total	\$ 1,005,246	\$ 1,005,246	\$ 2,929,089	\$ 2,929,089	

The interfund loans were made to provide operating capital. Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) maintain debt service.

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
	7/1/14	Additions	Disposals	6/30/15
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated	:			
Land	\$ 4,810,261	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,810,261
Construction in progress	2,838,308	9,486,572	(1,954,128)	10,370,752
Subtotal	7,648,569	9,486,572	(1,954,128)	15,181,013
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,461,253	179,442	-	2,640,695
Building and improvements	49,020,634	2,009,031	-	51,029,665
Furniture and equipment	12,719,997	873,169	-	13,593,166
Vehicles	981,001	51,883	-	1,032,884
Books	500,516			500,516
Subtotal	65,683,401	3,113,525		68,796,926
Totals at historical cost	73,331,970	12,600,097	(1,954,128)	83,977,939
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	1,163,758	146,267	-	1,310,025
Building and improvements	15,629,894	1,385,562	-	17,015,456
Furniture and equipment	9,850,583	782,607	-	10,633,190
Vehicles	771,295	54,565	-	825,860
Books	434,994	26,209		461,203
Total accumulated depreciation	27,850,524	2,395,210		30,245,734
Capital assets, net	\$ 45,481,446	\$ 10,204,887	<u>\$ (1,954,128)</u>	\$ 53,732,205

### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS – continued

	Restated				
	Balance				Balance
	7/1/14		Additions	Disposals	6/30/15
Business-type Activities:					
Building and improvements	\$ 53,731	\$	30,000	\$ -	\$ 83,731
Furniture and equipment	1,341,750		145,747	-	1,487,497
Vehicles	 104,147		28,871	_	 133,018
Totals at historical cost	 1,499,628	_	204,618	<u>-</u>	 1,704,246
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	18,597		3,520	-	22,117
Furniture and equipment	823,639		97,887	-	921,526
Vehicles	 103,261		1,262	-	104,523
Total accumulated depreciation	 945,497	_	102,669	 <u>-</u>	 1,048,166
Capital assets, net	\$ 554,131	\$	101,949	\$ 	\$ 656,080

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Vocational education	\$ 2,150,476
Support services:	
Pupil	814
Instructional staff	61
School administration	15,241
Fiscal	3,597
Business	2,984
Operation and maintenance of plant	106,587
Pupil transportation	22,432
Central	93,018
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,395,210

Depreciation expense of \$102,669 was charged to the adult education segment.

#### 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the School District contracted with the Ohio School Plan for general liability insurance with \$3,000,000 each occurrence limit and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Buildings, contents and school vehicles are protected through a local insurance agent. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

The School District participates in the Butler Health Plan (BHP), a group insurance purchasing pool, in order to provide dental, life, medical, and disability benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries and to set aside funds for such purposes. The Trustee provides insurance policies in whole or in part through one or more group insurance policies.

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria.

### 7. PENSION PLANS

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for contractually-required contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

**Plan Description** – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Benefits	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2% for the first 30 years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-ofliving adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

**Funding Policy** – Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10% for plan members and 14% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18%. The remaining 0.82% of the 14% employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$938,275 for fiscal year 2015.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

**Plan Description** – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by 2% of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first 2% is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with 5 years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with 5 years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Funding Policy** – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased 1% July 1, 2014, and will be increased 1% each year until it reaches 14% on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12% of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14%; the entire 14% was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was approximately \$2,881,839 for fiscal year 2015.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources for Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net		_	
Pension Liability	\$10,018,947	\$47,149,020	\$57,167,967
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability	0.197966%	0.19384174%	
Pension Expense	\$557,745	\$2,061,969	\$2,619,714

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS	 Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			_	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 85,272	\$	453,912	\$ 539,184
School District's contributions subsequent of the measurement date	938,275		2,881,839	 3,820,114
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,023,547	<u>\$</u>	3,335,751	\$ 4,359,298
Deferred Inflows of Resources  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments	\$ 1,626,103	\$	8,722,747	\$ 10,348,850

\$3,820,114 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2016	\$ (384,992)	\$ (2,067,210)	\$ (2,452,202)
2017	(384,992)	(2,067,210)	(2,452,202)
2018	(384,992)	(2,067,210)	(2,452,202)
2019	 (385,855)	 (2,067,205)	 (2,453,060)
	\$ (1,540,831)	\$ (8,268,835)	\$ (9,809,666)

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.25%

Future Salary Increases, including Inflation 4.00% to 22.00%

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3%

Investment Rate of Return 7.75% net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.00 %
U.S. Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-U.S. Stock	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Estate	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** – Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75%), or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)		
School District's proportionate share		_			
of the net pension liability	\$14,294,060	\$10,018,947	\$6,423,207		

### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Projected Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return COLA	2.75% 2.75% at age 70 to 12.25% at age 20 7.75% net of investment expenses 2% simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2% per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013 or later, 2%
	members retiring August 1, 2013 or later, 2%
	COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity Alternatives Fixed Income Real Estate Liquidity Reserves	31.00 % 26.00 14.00 18.00 10.00 1.00	8.00 % 7.85 8.00 3.75 6.75 3.00
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

### 7. PENSION PLANS – continued

	Current				
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)		
School District's proportionate share			_		
of the net pension liability	\$67,498,962	\$47,149,020	\$29,939,816		

### **Social Security System**

All employees not otherwise covered by SERS or STRS have an option to choose Social Security or SERS/STRS. As of June 30, 2015, some members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The School District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

#### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82% of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$16,588.

#### 8. **POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – continued**

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$55,000, \$8,000 and \$8,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013.

### State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$204,000, and \$201,000, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

### 9. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### **Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to maximum of 225 days for teachers and classified staff and 230 days for administrators. Upon retirement, payment is made for 35% of the employee's accumulated sick leave.

### 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in the School District's long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 7/1/14	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/15	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
School Improvement	\$ 8,100,000	\$ -	\$ (320,000)	\$ 7,780,000	\$ 255,000
Energy Conservation	1,935,000	-	(140,000)	1,795,000	125,000
Unamortized premiums	202,539	-	(9,194)	193,345	-
Compensated absences	1,957,921	391,346	(579,860)	1,769,407	160,898
Net pension liability:					
STRS	49,985,608	-	(8,022,981)	41,962,627	-
SERS	10,477,438		(1,560,575)	8,916,863	<u>-</u>
Total	\$72,658,506	\$ 391,346	<u>\$(10,632,610)</u>	\$62,417,242	\$ 540,898
Business-type Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 190,872	\$ 8,379	\$ (25,127)	\$ 174,124	\$ 21,356
Net pension liability:					
STRS	6,177,995	-	(991,602)	5,186,393	-
SERS	1,294,965		(192,881)	1,102,084	
Total	\$ 7,663,832	\$ 8,379	<u>\$ (1,209,610)</u>	\$ 6,462,601	\$ 21,356

In March 2014, the School District issued \$8,100,000 in general obligation school improvement bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of career-technical labs for various health-related programs as well as traditional classrooms for academic instruction and to retire outstanding bond anticipation notes. The issuance is composed of serial bonds and term bonds that bear interest rates ranging between 1.0% to 4.50% and mature on December 31, 2037.

### 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – continued

In April 2014, the School District issued \$1,935,000 in general obligation school energy conservation improvement bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, constructing, and installing energy conservation measures. The issuance is composed of serial bonds and term bonds that bear interest rates ranging between 1.0% to 4.0% and maturing on December 1, 2028.

Compensated absences are generally liquidated from the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

The debt service requirements for the School District's bonds are as follows:

Year ending	School Ir	nprovement	Energy Conservation Total			
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 255,000	\$ 259,271	\$ 125,000	\$ 43,869	\$ 380,000	\$ 303,140
2017	255,000	141,720	125,000	42,619	380,000	184,339
2018	260,000	253,495	125,000	41,056	385,000	294,551
2019	265,000	249,558	130,000	38,818	395,000	288,376
2020	270,000	244,870	115,000	36,368	385,000	281,238
2021-2025	1,435,000	1,124,900	620,000	140,845	2,055,000	1,265,745
2026-2030	1,645,000	890,693	555,000	42,400	2,200,000	933,093
2031-2035	1,985,000	539,288	-	-	1,985,000	539,288
2036-2038	1,410,000	96,975			1,410,000	96,975
	\$ 7,780,000	\$ 3,800,770	\$1,795,000	\$ 385,975	\$ 9,575,000	\$ 4,186,745

### 11. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Bioscience Other Building Governmental ( Fund Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for				
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	\$ 1,534,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,534,385
Motorcycle Safety & Education	-	-	77,540	77,540
Vocational Education	-	-	359	359
Teacher Quality	-	-	24	24
Other Purposes	-	-	32,349	32,349
Capital Improvements			690,151	690,151
Total Restricted	1,534,385		800,423	2,334,808
Committed to				
Capital Improvements		832,432		832,432
Assigned to				
Public School Support	27,467	-	-	27,467
Encumbrances	1,572,750	-	-	1,572,750
Budget Resource	1,279,360	-	-	1,279,360
Total Assigned	2,879,577			2,879,577
Unassigned (Deficit)	7,305,830		(3,959)	7,301,871
Total Fund Balance	\$ 11,719,792	\$ 832,432	\$ 796,464	\$ 13,348,688

### 12. FUND BALANCE DEFICITS

At June 30, 2015, the following funds had a deficit fund balance:

Other Governmental Funds:

Adult Basic Education Fund \$ 3,959

The deficit fund balances were created by the application of generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

#### 13. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Southwestern Ohio Computer Association

The Southwestern Ohio Computer Association (SWOCA), a jointly governed organization, was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the member schools of the three county consortium supports SWOCA based upon per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. SWOCA is governed by a board of directors consisting of the superintendents and treasurers of member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating School District is limited to its representation on the Board. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Computer Association, at 3603 Hamilton-Middletown, Hamilton, Ohio 45011.

#### 14. INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Butler Health Plan

The School District participates in the Butler Health Plan (BHP), an insurance purchasing pool, formed to provide affordable and desirable dental, life, medical, and other disability group insurance for member's employees, eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries. The Board of Directors consists of one representative from each of the participating members and is elected by the vote of a majority of the member school districts. Financial information can be obtained from BHP at 400 North Erie Boulevard, Suite B, Hamilton, OH 45011.

Ohio School Plan

The Ohio School Plan (OSP) is an insurance purchasing pool among school districts in Ohio formed for the purpose of establishing a group primary and excess insurance/self-insurance and risk management program. Members agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverage provided by OSP. This coverage includes comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance and public officials' errors and omissions liability insurance. The affairs of the corporation are managed by a 13-member Board of Directors made up of school administrators. The School District does not have an equity interest in OSP.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### **Encumbrances**

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. The School District's outstanding encumbrance amounts outstanding at June 30, 2015 were:

General Fund	\$ 1,749,496
Bioscience Building Fund	2,079,680
Other Govenmental Funds	422,934
Adult Education Fund	310,931
Other Enterprise Funds	20,817
	\$ 4,583,858

#### Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015.

### 16. REQUIRED SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State Statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on the statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end. The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set aside amounts for capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital <u>Improvements</u>			Budget abilization
Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2014	\$	-	\$	910,780
Bureau of Workers' Compensation rebate		-		2,788
Current year set-aside requirement		531,288		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(241,745)		-
Offset from bond proceeds		(289,543)		_
Total	\$		\$	913,568
Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	_	\$	913,568

#### 16. REQUIRED SET-ASIDES – continued

The amount presented for Offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvement to \$0. The School District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods.

The Ohio General Assembly eliminated the requirement for the budget stabilization reserve and effective April 10, 2001, the Board of Education could choose to eliminate the reserve with the exception of rebates received from the Bureau of Workers Compensation. The School District chose not to reduce its budget stabilization reserve.

#### 17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT

The School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. These statements established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures.

Additionally, the School District revised its capital asset records based on an appraisal that was recently performed.

The implementation of these pronouncements and adjustments to capital assets had the following effect on net position as reported at June 30, 2014:

		Adult Education Fund	E	Other nterprise Funds
Net Position at June 30, 2014 Adjustments:	\$	787,239	\$	133,015
Net pension liability  Deferred outflow - payments subsequent to measurement date		(6,793,600) 357,809		(679,360) 35,781
Capital asset adjustments	_	77,265		-
Restated Net Position at June 30, 2014	<u>\$</u>	(5,571,287)	<u>\$</u>	(510,564)

### 17. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT – continued

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Net Position at June 30, 2014 Adjustments:	\$ 56,170,803	\$ 920,254
Net pension liability Deferred outflow - payments subsequent to measurement date	(60,463,046) 3,184,497	(7,472,960) 393,590
Capital asset adjustments	1,439,843	77,265
Restated Net Position at June 30, 2014	\$ 332,097	\$ (6,081,851)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

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### Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts						Variance	
_	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	With Final Budget
Revenues: Taxes	φ	1E CEO 000	<b>ው</b>	12 000 000	Φ	12 001 204	Φ	1 204
Tuition	\$	15,650,000 490,700	\$	13,800,000 350,700	\$	13,801,394 394,184	\$	1,394 43,484
Interest		87,300		87,300		83,320		(3,980)
Intergovernmental		25,000,000		25,181,200		25,193,497		12,297
Miscellaneous		42,894		153,000		180,026		27,026
Total revenues	_	41,270,894		39,572,200		39,652,421		80,221
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		259,487		181,065		282,175		(101,110)
Vocational		26,541,879		25,409,396		21,922,439		3,486,957
Support services:								
Pupil		1,223,059		1,182,318		1,176,419		5,899
Instructional staff		3,803,580		3,446,494		3,349,300		97,194
General administration		110,269		120,269		114,516		5,753
School administration		2,632,969		2,401,275		2,090,767		310,508
Fiscal		1,320,636		1,376,934		1,206,149		170,785
Business		73,656		291,203		276,359		14,844
Operation and maintenance of plant		4,345,170		4,305,020		4,085,390		219,630
Pupil transportation		104,219		109,419		93,494		15,925
Central		3,340,434		3,029,064		2,988,960		40,104
Non-instructional services:								
Extracurricular activities		423,558		456,256		346,359		109,897
Food services		24,505		24,505		21,122		3,383
Facilities acquisition and construction	_		_	935,000	_	983,638	_	(48,638)
Total expenditures	_	44,203,421		43,268,218	_	38,937,087		4,331,131
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,932,527)		(3,696,018)	_	715,334		4,411,352
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		-		(1,260,000)		(2,730,373)		(1,470,373)
Advances in		200,000		125,000		125,535		535
Advances out		-		-		(1,004,701)		(1,004,701)
Other financing sources (uses)	_	(326,147)	_	138,650	_	140,073		1,423
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(126,147)	_	(996,350)	_	(3,469,466)		(2,473,116)
Net change in fund balance	_	(3,058,674)	_	(4,692,368)	_	(2,754,132)	\$	1,938,236
Fund balance - beginning of year		11,683,235		11,683,235		11,683,235		
Prior year carryover appropriations	_	1,529,569		1,529,569	_	1,529,569		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	10,154,130	\$	8,520,436	\$	10,458,672		

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information and accountant's compilation report.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2015

### Note A **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

Certain funds accounted for as separate funds internally with legally adopted budgets (budget basis) do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under GASB Statement No. 54 and were reported with the General Fund (GAAP basis).

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as expenditures when liquidated (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year ended June 30, 2015, on the GAAP basis to the budget basis are as follows:

	General Fund
Net change in fund balance - GAAP Basis	\$ (1,890,419)
Increase / (decrease):	
Due to inclusion of Public School Support Fund	11,213
Due to inclusion of Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund	(146,291)
Due to inclusion of Termination Benefits Fund	(2,565)
Due to revenues	1,726,311
Due to expenditures	36,209
Due to other financing sources	(739,094)
Due to encumbrances	(1,749,496)
Net change in fund balance - Budget Basis	\$ (2,754,132)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013		
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.197966%	0.197966%		
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,018,947	\$ 11,772,403		
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 5,810,599	\$ 5,228,736		
School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	172.43%	225.15%		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.70%	65.52%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available. The School District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.19384174%	0.19384174%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 47,149,020	\$ 56,163,603
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 21,328,754	\$ 21,627,946
School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	221.06%	259.68%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	74.70%	69.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2013 is not available. The School District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

		2015		2014		2013
Contractually Required Contributions	\$	938,275	\$	805,349	\$	723,657
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		(938,275)		(805,349)		(723,657)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	
School District Covered- Employee Payroll	\$	7,118,930	\$	5,810,599	\$	5,228,736
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		13.18%		13.86%		13.84%

<sup>(1)</sup> The School District elected not to present information prior to 2013. The School District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Three Fiscal Years (1)

	2015	2014	2013
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,881,839	\$ 2,772,738	\$ 2,811,633
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	(2,881,839)	(2,772,738)	(2,811,633)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District Covered- Employee Payroll	\$ 20,584,564	\$ 21,328,754	\$ 21,627,946
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> The School District elected not to present information prior to 2013. The School District will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is compiled.

### **Supplement Section**

### Combining Statements And Individual Fund Schedules

### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, certain funds that the School District prepares legally adopted budgets for no longer meet the definition to be reported as Special Revenue Funds and have been included with the General Fund in the governmental fund financial statements. The School District has only presented the budget schedules for these funds:

The <u>Public School Support Fund</u> accounts for specific local revenue sources generated by the individual school buildings. Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

The <u>Termination Benefits Fund</u> accounts for the accumulation of resources and payments of employee severance.

The <u>Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund</u> accounts the maintenance funding and expenditures under the Ohio School Facilities Commission program.

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The following are descriptions of each Special Revenue Fund:

### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:**

The **Other Grant Fund** accounts for various state and local grants.

The <u>Post Secondary Vocational Education Fund</u> accounts for revenue and expenditures incurred in providing opportunities for adults to acquire adequate employment skills.

### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued):**

The <u>Motorcycle Safety & Education Fund</u> accounts for state funds for motorcycle training courses.

The <u>Data Communication Fund</u> accounts for state grants for Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

The <u>High Schools That Work Grant Fund</u> accounts for state funds for the school improvement initiative to raise student achievement in high school.

The <u>Adult Basic Education Fund</u> accounts for federal funds for adult education and literacy services.

The <u>Miscellaneous State Grants Fund</u> accounts for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

The <u>Vocational Education Fund</u> accounts for federal funds used in the development of vocational education programs in the following categories: secondary, post-secondary, adult, disadvantaged and handicapped persons, cooperative education, advisory committees, and work-study projects.

The <u>Improving Teacher Quality Fund</u> accounts for federal designed to provide professional development for teachers and increasing the quality of teachers in the classroom.

### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financing and acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, such as new school buildings, additions to existing school buildings, or for major renovation projects, including equipment purchases:

### **Major Capital Projects Fund:**

The **Bioscience Building Fund** accounts for all transactions related to the construction of a health-related lab facility.

### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:**

The <u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> accounts for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of the infrastructure of buildings and grounds through permanent improvements.

The <u>OSFC Project Construction Fund</u> accounts for all transactions related to the constructing or improving of the infrastructure of buildings and grounds through the Ohio School Facilities Commission project.

### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

Enterprise Funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private sector business where the intent is that the expense (including depreciation) of providing goods or services primarily or solely to the general public be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

### **Major Enterprise Funds:**

The <u>Vocational Adult Education Fund</u> accounts for revenue and expenditures involved in upgrading and retraining out-of-school youth and adults for the purpose of improving their skills and knowledge in their current or planned occupation.

### **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:**

The <u>Food Services Fund</u> accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operation of the District.

The <u>Uniform School Supply Fund</u> accounts for the purchase and sale of school supplies as adopted by the Board of Education for use in the School District.

The **Rotary Fund** accounts for income and expenses made in connection with goods and services provided by the District.

### PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUND

Private-purpose trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

The <u>Special Trust Fund</u> accounts for donations that are received to provide scholarships and awards to students.

### **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency funds are used to account for assets held in a custodial capacity.

The <u>Southwest Ohio Computer Association Fund</u> accounts for the activity and resources of the Southwest Ohio Computer Association for which the District serves as the fiscal agent.

The <u>Student Activities Funds</u> account for the resources that belong to various student groups in the District. The funds account for sales and other revenue generating activities by student groups which have students involved in the management of the program.

The <u>District Agency Fund</u> accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	S <sub>I</sub> Re	nmajor pecial venue unds	Nonmajor Debt <u>Service</u> Bond Retirement		Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled						
cash and investments	\$	440,102	\$ -	\$	690,151	\$ 1,130,253
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental		165,850			_	 165,850
Total assets		605,952		_	690,151	 1,296,103
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		39,595	-		_	39,595
Accrued wages and benefits		38,948	-		-	38,948
Interfund payable		255,246	-		-	255,246
Total liabilities		333,789		_		333,789
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue		165,850		_	<u>-</u>	 165,850
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		110,272	-		690,151	800,423
Unassigned		(3,959)			<u>-</u>	 (3,959)
Total fund balances		106,313			690,151	 796,464
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$	605,952	\$ -	\$	690,151	\$ 1,296,103

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt <u>Service</u> Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:		•	<b>A</b> 0.005	<b>A</b> 0.005
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,985	\$ 3,985
Intergovernmental	1,623,729	-	- 0.000	1,623,729
Miscellaneous	7,333		6,093	13,426
Total revenues	1,631,062		10,078	1,641,140
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Vocational education	312,900	-	-	312,900
Other	274,450	-	-	274,450
Support services:				
Pupil	518,882	-	-	518,882
Instructional staff	334,692	-	-	334,692
School administration	38,941	-	-	38,941
Operations and maintenance of plant	-	-	10,814	10,814
Central	79,076	-	-	79,076
Non-instructional services:				
Extracurricular activities	77,945	-	-	77,945
Capital outlay	-	-	912,568	912,568
Debt service:				
Principal	-	460,000	-	460,000
Interest and fiscal charges		314,095		314,095
Total expenditures	1,636,886	774,095	923,382	3,334,363
Excess of revenues over/(under)				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(5,824)	(774,095)	(913,304)	(1,693,223)
expenditures	(3,024)	(114,093)	(913,304)	(1,033,223)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	774,095	56,548	830,643
Transfers out	<u>-</u> _		(848,446)	(848,446)
Total other financing sources (uses)		774,095	(791,898)	(17,803)
Net change in fund balances	(5,824)	-	(1,705,202)	(1,711,026)
Fund balance, beginning of year	112,137		2,395,353	2,507,490
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 106,313	\$ -	\$ 690,151	\$ 796,464

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2015

	Other Grant	Post Secondary Vocational Education	Motorcycle Safety & Education	Data Communication	High Schools That Work
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 31,758	\$ -	\$ 78,370	\$ -	\$ 6,996
Intergovernmental					6,205
Total assets	31,758		78,370		13,201
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	200	-	-	-	-
Accrued wages and benefits	-	-	830	-	-
Interfund payable					6,205
Total liabilities	200		830		6,205
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue					6,205
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	31,558	-	77,540		791
Unassigned	· -	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	31,558		77,540		791
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balances	\$ 31,758	\$ -	\$ 78,370	\$ -	\$ 13,201 (continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - continued June 30, 2015

	_ <u>E</u>	Adult Basic ducation	Mi	scellaneous State Grants	-	ocational ducation	Te	proving eacher Quality		TOTAL
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	41,439	\$	88,850	\$	191,173	\$	1,516	\$	440,102
Receivables:	*	,	*	,	*	,	•	.,	•	,
Intergovernmental		29,226				128,928		1,491		165,850
Total assets	\$	70,665	\$	88,850	\$	320,101	\$	3,007	\$	605,952
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	64	\$	-	\$	39,331	\$	-	\$	39,595
Accrued wages and benefits		16,108		-		22,010		-		38,948
Interfund payable		29,226		88,850		129,473		1,492		255,246
Total liabilities		45,398		88,850	_	190,814		1,492		333,789
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue		29,226				128,928		1,491		165,850
Fund Balances:										
Restricted		-		-		359		24		110,272
Unassigned		(3,959)						-		(3,959)
Total fund balances		(3,959)				359		24		106,313
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$	70,665	\$	88,850	\$	320,101	\$	3,007	\$	605,952

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Other Grant	Post Secondary Vocational Education	Motorcycle Safety & Education	Data Communication	High Schools That Work
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 25,000	\$ 104,096	\$ 5,400	\$ 1,795
Miscellaneous	7,333		<del>_</del>		
Total revenues	7,333	25,000	104,096	5,400	1,795
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:	0.040				4.007
Vocational Education	9,048	-	-	-	1,397
Other	-	-	69,114	-	-
Support services:					
Pupil	938	26,664	-	-	174
Instructional staff	12,000	-	-	-	-
School administration	3,241	-	-		-
Central	3,500	-	-	5,400	-
Non-instructional services:					
Extracurricular activities	77,945				
Total expenditures	106,672	26,664	69,114	5,400	1,571
Net change in fund balances	(99,339)	(1,664)	34,982	-	224
Fund balance, beginning of year	130,897	1,664	42,558		567
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 31,558	\$ -	\$ 77,540	\$ -	\$ 791
					(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - continued
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_ <u>E</u>	Adult Basic ducation	Miscellaneou State Grants		Vocational Education	Te	oroving eacher uality		TOTAL
Revenues:	•		•			•		•	
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	345,010	\$	- \$ <u>-</u> _	1,138,787 <u>-</u>	\$	3,641 <u>-</u>	\$	1,623,729 7,333
Total revenues		345,010		<u>-</u> _	1,138,787		3,641		1,631,062
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Vocational Education		-		-	302,455		-		312,900
Other		205,336		-	-		-		274,450
Support services:									
Pupil		-		-	491,106		-		518,882
Instructional staff		126,546		-	191,718		4,428		334,692
School administration		-		-	35,700		-		38,941
Central Non-instructional services:		-		-	70,176		-		79,076
									77.045
Extracurricular activities						-	<del></del>		77,945
Total expenditures		331,882		<u> </u>	1,091,155		4,428		1,636,886
Net change in fund balances		13,128		-	47,632		(787)		(5,824)
Fund balance, beginning of year		(17,087)	-	<u>-</u> _	(47,273)		811		112,137
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(3,959)	\$	- \$	359	\$	24	\$	106,313

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2015

		ermanent provement	OSF Proje Constru Fun	ect uction	<u> </u>	TOTAL		
Assets:								
Equity in pooled	_		_					
cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	690,151	\$		\$	690,151		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	690,151	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	690,151		
Fund Balances:								
Restricted	\$	690,151	\$		\$	690,151		
Total fund balances		690,151		<u>-</u>		690,151		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	690,151	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	690,151		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

		OSFC		
		Project		
	Permanent	Construction		
	Improvement	Fund	TOTAL	
Revenues:				
Investment income	\$ 3,985	\$ -	\$ 3,985	
Miscellaneous	6,093		6,093	
Total revenues	10,078	<u> </u>	10,078	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Support services:				
Operation and maintenance of plant	10,814	-	10,814	
Capital outlay	912,568		912,568	
Total expenditures	923,382		923,382	
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(913,304)	-	(913,304)	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	56,548	-	56,548	
Transfers out		(848,446)	(848,446)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	56,548	(848,446)	(791,898)	
Net change in fund balances	(856,756)	(848,446)	(1,705,202)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,546,907	848,446	2,395,353	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 690,151	\$ -	\$ 690,151	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Public School Support Fund (1) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Final Budget	 Actual	fre	/ariance om Final Budget
Revenues:				
Other local revenues	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,795	<u>\$</u>	795
Total revenues	 6,000	 6,795		795
Expenditures: Current:				
Extracurricular activities	 35,000	22,069		12,931
Total expenditures	 35,000	 22,069		12,931
Net change in fund balance	 (29,000)	 (15,274)	\$	13,726
Fund balance, beginning of year	 38,679	 38,679		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 9,679	\$ 23,405		

<sup>(1) -</sup> For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Termination Benefits Fund (1) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues:							
Earnings on investments	\$	84	\$	84	\$		
Total revenues		84		84			
Expenditures: Current:							
Instruction:							
Vocational		265,310		265,310		_	
Total expenditures		265,310		265,310			
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(265,226)		(265,226)			
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		262,000		262,000			
Total other financing sources		262,000		262,000			
Net change in fund balance		(3,226)		(3,226)	\$		
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,463		3,463			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	237	\$	237			

<sup>(1) -</sup> For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund (1) Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Expenditures: Current:							
Support services:							
Operation and maintenance - plant	\$	520,019	\$	241,853	\$	278,166	
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>		79,800		(79,800)	
Total expenditures		520,019		321,653		198,366	
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(520,019)		(321,653)		198,366	
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		387,729		387,729			
Total other financing sources		387,729		387,729			
Net change in fund balance		(132,290)		66,076	\$	198,366	
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,268,074		1,268,074			
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		120,019	-	120,019			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,255,803	\$	1,454,169			

<sup>(1) -</sup> For GAAP reporting, this fund is combined with the General Fund.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Other Grant Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Variance from Final Budget		
Revenues:				
Other local revenues	\$ 2,600	\$ 7,333	\$ 4,733	
Total revenues	2,600	7,333	4,733	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Vocational	-	13,457	(13,457)	
Support Services:				
Pupil	1,084	938	146	
Instructional staff	12,000	12,000	-	
School administratoin	24,477	10,795	13,682	
Fiscal	98	-	98	
Central	4,421	4,400	21	
Extracurricular activities	77,946	77,946		
Total expenditures	120,026	119,536	490	
Net change in fund balance	(117,426)	(112,203)	\$ 5,223	
Fund balance, beginning of year	126,222	126,222		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	4,675	4,675		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 13,471	<u>\$ 18,694</u>		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Post Secondary Vocational Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	inal udget	A	ctual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	<u>\$</u>
Total revenues	25,000		25,000	
Expenditures: Current:				
Support services:				
Pupil	 26,664		26,664	
Total expenditures	 26,664		26,664	
Net change in fund balance	 (1,664)		(1,664)	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,664		1,664	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	\$	_	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Motorcycle Safety & Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 104,096 104,096	\$ 104,096 104,096	\$ <u>-</u>	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:				
Other Total expenditures	75,605 75,605	69,112 69,112	6,493 6,493	
Net change in fund balance	28,491	34,984	\$ 6,493	
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	42,364 605	42,364 605		
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 71,460</u>	\$ 77,953		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Data Communication Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Varia	ınce
	Final			from Final		
	Budget		A	Actual		get
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	5,400	\$	5,400	\$	
Total revenues		5,400		5,400		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services:						
Central		5,400		5,400		
Total expenditures		5,400		5,400		
Net change in fund balance		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	\$	
Fund balance, beginning of year		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$	_		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) High Schools That Work Grant Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,795	\$ 1,795	\$ -
Total revenues	1,795	1,795	
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			- 101
Vocational	8,000	2,579	5,421
Support services:	474	474	
Pupil	174	174	
Total expenditures	8,174	2,753	5,421
Excess of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(6,379)	(958)	5,421
Other financing sources (uses):			
Advances in	6,205	6,205	-
Advances out	(4,596)	(4,596)	-
Other financing uses	(393)	(393)	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,216	1,216	<del>-</del>
Net change in fund balance	(5,163)	258	\$ 5,421
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,463	4,463	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	700	700	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,421	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Adult Basic Education Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 345,010	\$ 345,010	\$ -
Total revenues	345,010	345,010	<del>-</del>
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Other	245,483	243,685	1,798
Support services:			
Instructional staff	136,496	131,522	4,974
Total expenditures	381,979	375,207	6,772
Excess of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(36,969)	(30,197)	6,772
Other financing sources (uses):			
Advances in	29,226	29,226	-
Advances out	-	(567)	(567)
Other financing uses		(456)	(456)
Total other financing sources (uses)	29,226	28,203	(1,023)
Net change in fund balance	(7,743)	(1,994)	\$ 5,749
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	7,743	7,743	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,749	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Miscellaneous State Grants Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Support services:			_
Instructional staff	<u>\$ 88,850</u>	<u>\$ 88,850</u>	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	88,850	88,850	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(88,850)	(88,850)	-
Other financing sources:			
Advances in	88,850	88,850	
Total other financing sources	88,850	88,850	
Net change in fund balance			\$ -
Fund balance, beginning of year			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Vocational Education Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,138,787	\$ 1,138,787	\$ -
Total revenues	1,138,787	1,138,787	
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Vocational	402,949	390,298	12,651
Support services:			
Pupil	509,818	495,811	14,007
Instructional staff	280,590	239,442	41,148
School administration	35,728	35,700	28
Central	90,239	83,621	6,618
Total expenditures	1,319,324	1,244,872	74,452
Excess of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(180,537)	(106,085)	74,452
Other financing sources (uses):			
Advances in	128,928	128,928	-
Advances out	(82,820)	(120,372)	(37,552)
Total other financing sources (uses)	46,108	8,556	(37,552)
Net change in fund balance	(134,429)	(97,529)	\$ 36,900
Fund balance, beginning of year	34,877	34,877	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	99,552	99,552	
Fund balance, end of year	<u> </u>	\$ 36,900	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Improving Teacher Quality Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues:	Φ.	0.044	Φ.	0.044	Φ.		
Intergovernmental	\$	3,641	\$	3,641	\$		
Total revenues		3,641		3,641			
Expenditures: Current: Support services:							
Instructional staff		5,944		5,167		777	
Total expenditures		5,944		5,167		777	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,303)		(1,526)		777	
Other financing sources (uses): Advances in Other financing uses		1,492		1,492 (461)		(461)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,492		1,031		(461)	
Net change in fund balance		(811)		(495)	\$	316	
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		- 811		- 811			
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$	316			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Final Budget		Actual	Varia from F Bud	inal
Expenditures:						
Debt service:  Repayment of debt	\$	774,095	\$	774,095	\$	_
Total expenditures	<u>Ψ</u>	774,095	<u>Ψ</u>	774,095	<u>Ψ</u>	
Excess of revenues		(774.005)		(774.005)		
over (under) expenditures		(774,095)		(774,095)		-
Other financing sources:		774 005		774.005		
Transfers in		774,095		774,095		
Total financing sources		774,095		774,095	-	
Net change in fund balance					\$	
Fund balance, beginning of year						
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) OSFC Project Construction Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget		
Other financing uses: Transfers out Other financing uses Total other financing uses	\$ (848,446) (690,272) (1,538,718)	\$ (848,446) (690,272) (1,538,718)	\$ - -		
Net change in fund balance	(1,538,718)	(1,538,718)	\$ -		
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,538,718	1,538,718			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Permanent Improvement Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget		 Actual		/ariance om Final Budget
Revenues:	•				
Earnings on investments	\$	3,700	\$ 3,985	\$	285
Other local revenues		5,500	 6,093		593
Total revenues		9,200	 10,078		878
Expenditures: Support Services:					
Operations and maintenance		50,000	10,814		39,186
Capital outlay		2,063,516	 1,525,744		537,772
Total expenditures		2,113,516	 1,536,558		576,958
Excess of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(	2,104,316)	 (1,526,480)		577,836
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		56,548	56,548		-
Total other financing sources		56,548	56,548		-
Net change in fund balance	(	2,047,768)	 (1,469,932)	\$	577,836
Fund balance, beginning of year		653,467	653,467		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,463,516	 1,463,516		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	69,215	\$ 647,051		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Bioscience Building Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance from Final Budget	
Revenues:				
Earnings on investments	\$ 1,800	\$ 2,003	\$ 203	
Total revenues	1,800	2,003	203	
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	10,059,730	10,050,957	8,773	
Total expenditures	10,059,730	10,050,957	8,773	
Excess of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(10,057,930)	(10,048,954)	8,976	
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	2,098,446	2,098,446	-	
Advances in	750,000	750,000		
Total other financing sources	2,848,446	2,848,446		
Net change in fund balance	(7,209,484)	(7,200,508)	\$ 8,976	
Fund balance, beginning of year	219,765	219,765		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	7,274,730	7,274,730		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 285,011	\$ 293,987		

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Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2015

Accestor	Food Service		5	Jniform School Supply	Rotary		TOTAL	
Assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1	2,379	\$	30,839	\$	88,031	\$	131,249
Accounts						56		56
Total assets	1	2,379		30,839		88,087		131,305
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Pensions						14,401		14,401
Liabilities: Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		-		2,455		2,455
Accrued wages	1	0,017				16,342		26,359
Total current liabilities	1	0,017				18,797		28,814
Long-term liabilities:								
Net pension liability						571,680		571,680
Total liabilities	1	0,017				590,477		600,494
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Pensions		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-	103,489		103,489
Net position:								
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,362		30,839		(591,478)		(558,277)
Total net position	\$	2,362	\$	30,839	\$	(591,478)	\$	(558,277)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Food Service		5	Uniform School Supply		Rotary		TOTAL	
Operating revenues:	Φ.	400.047	Φ.	500	Φ.	04.074	Φ	044.400	
Charges for services	\$	182,647	\$	568	\$	61,271	\$	244,486	
Other operating revenues						143,441		143,441	
Total operating revenues		182,647		568		204,712		387,927	
Operating expenses:									
Salaries and wages		-		-		64,661		64,661	
Fringe benefits		10,017		-		60,451		70,468	
Contractual services		301,728		-		49,437		351,165	
Materials and supplies		-		-		64,667		64,667	
Other expenses		<u>-</u>				16,259		16,259	
Total operating expenses		311,745		<u>-</u>		255,475		567,220	
Operating income (loss)		(129,098)		568		(50,763)		(179,293)	
Nonoperating revenues:									
State and federal grants		131,540		-		-		131,540	
Interest income		40		-				40	
Total nonoperating revenues		131,580				<u>-</u>		131,580	
Net income (loss) before transfers		2,482		568		(50,763)		(47,713)	
Transfers in		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Net income (loss)		2,482		568		(50,763)		(47,713)	
Net position, beginning of year	_	(120)		30,271		(540,715)		(510,564)	
Net position, end of year	\$	2,362	\$	30,839	\$	(591,478)	\$	(558,277)	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Food Service	Uniform School Supply	Rotary	TOTAL
Cash flows from operating activities:  Cash received from customers	\$ 182,647	\$ 568	\$ 62,326	\$ 245,541
Cash received from other operations	-	-	143,385	143,385
Cash payments for personal services Cash payments for contract services	(319,299)	-	(108,534)	(108,534)
Cash payments for supplies and materials	(319,299)	-	(48,146) (63,931)	(367,445) (63,931)
Cash payments for other expenses	-	-	(16,259)	(16,259)
Net cash from operating activities	(136,652)	568	(31,159)	(167,243)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Cash received from state and federal grants	131,540			131,540
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	131,540			131,540
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income	40	<del>-</del>		40
Net change in cash	(5,072)	568	(31,159)	(35,663)
Cash and investments, beginning of year	17,451	30,271	119,190	166,912
Cash and investments, end of year	\$ 12,379	\$ 30,839	\$ 88,031	\$ 131,249
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)				
to net cash from operating activities:	Φ (400.000)	Φ 500	Φ (50.700)	Φ (470.000)
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ (129,098)	\$ 568	\$ (50,763)	\$ (179,293)
to net cash from operating activities:				
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferrals:				
Accounts receivable	-	-	999	999
Accounts payable	(6,750)	-	2,027	(4,723)
Accrued wages and benefits	(804)	-	(611)	(1,415)
Net pension liability Deferred outflows - pensions	-	-	(107,680) 21,380	(107,680) 21,380
Deferred inflows - pensions	-	-	103,489	103,489
·	\$ (136,652)	\$ 568	\$ (31,159)	\$ (167,243)
Net cash from operating activities	ψ (130,032)	ψ 500	$\psi = (31,139)$	$\psi = (107,243)$

Combining Statement of Assets & Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2015

	A			
	SWOCA	Student Activities	District Agency	Total
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 6,918,076	282,861	131,309	7,332,246
Intergovernmental receivable	50,207			50,207
Total assets	6,968,283	282,861	131,309	7,382,453
Liabilities:				
Due to student groups	-	282,861	-	282,861
Due to other governments	6,968,283		131,309	7,099,592
Total liabilities	\$ 6,968,283	282,861	131,309	7,382,453

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Beginning Balance 7/1/14	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance 6/30/15
SWOCA FUND Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	4,792,187 21,909 4,814,096	9,645,341 50,207 9,695,548	7,519,452 21,909 7,541,361	6,918,076 50,207 6,968,283
Liabilities:  Due to other governments	\$	4,814,096	9,695,548	7,541,361	6,968,283
STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	264,321	508,117	489,577	282,861
Liabilities:  Due to student groups	\$	264,321	508,117	489,577	282,861
DISTRICT AGENCY FUND Assets:					_
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	115,093	1,575,245	1,559,029	131,309
Liabilities:  Due to other governments	\$	115,093	1,575,245	1,559,029	131,309
TOTAL					_
Assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	5,171,601 21,909 5,193,510	11,728,703 50,207 11,778,910	9,568,058 21,909 9,589,967	7,332,246 50,207 7,382,453
Liabilities:  Due to student groups  Due to other governments	\$	264,321 4,929,189 5,193,510	508,117 11,270,793 11,778,910	489,577 9,100,390 9,589,967	282,861 7,099,592 7,382,453

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# STATISTICAL SECTION



## **Statistical Section**

This part of the School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

#### **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how S-2 - S-6 the School District's financial position has changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and S-7 - S11 assess the factors affecting the School District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the S-12 - S-15 affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Economic and Demographic Information**

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

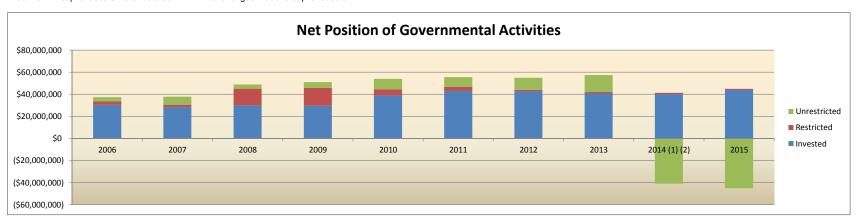
# Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio Net Position by Component

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 (1) (2)	2015
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$30,448,376	\$28,381,012	\$29,981,357	\$29,597,814	\$39,077,202	\$43,045,739	\$42,618,511	\$40,712,239	\$40,177,067	\$43,963,860
Capital Projects Other Purposes	3,078,390 4,851	2,055,353 119,597	15,020,355 128,940	16,052,556 192,864	4,882,283 515,736	2,588,253 1,129,821	895,909 364,274	891,307 394,071	953,952 243,754	690,151 276,122
Unrestricted (Deficit)	3,864,716	7,328,807	3,675,887	5,230,906	9,517,602	8,823,812	11,138,979	15,438,669	(41,042,676)	(45,079,538)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$37,396,333	\$37,884,769	\$48,806,539	\$51,074,140	\$53,992,823	\$55,587,625	\$55,017,673	\$57,436,286	\$332,097	(\$149,405)
Business-type Activities:										
Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$209,272 (492,761)	\$496,891 245,451	\$517,146 220,647	\$531,000 466,781	\$444,630 1,288,602	\$824,185 1,265,955	\$743,736 1,847,333	\$571,836 743,970	\$476,866 443,388	\$656,080 (6,662,742)
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	(\$283,489)	\$742,342	\$737,793	\$997,781	\$1,733,232	\$2,090,140	\$2,591,069	\$1,315,806	\$920,254	(\$6,006,662)
Primary Government:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	\$30,657,648 3,083,241 3,371,955	\$28,877,903 2,174,950 7,574,258	\$30,498,503 15,149,295 3,896,534	\$30,128,814 16,245,420 5,697,687	\$39,521,832 5,398,019 10,806,204	\$43,869,924 3,718,074 10,089,767	\$43,362,247 1,260,183 12,986,312	\$41,284,075 1,285,378 16,182,639	\$40,653,933 1,197,706 (40,599,288)	\$44,619,940 966,273 (51,742,280)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$37,112,844	\$38,627,111	\$49,544,332	\$52,071,921	\$55,726,055	\$57,677,765	\$57,608,742	\$58,752,092	\$1,252,351	(\$6,156,067)

#### Source: School District's financial statements

- (1) The School District implemented GASB 68 in FY2015. Information prior to FY2014 was not available to restate.
- (2) Net investment in capital assets were restated in FY14 for changes made to capital assets.



Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (1)
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
Regular Instruction	\$390,185	\$405,750	\$430,515	\$495,862	\$496,993	\$472,594	\$422,367	\$500,517	\$481,869	\$226,324
Special and Other Instruction	0	0	0	0	0	12,661	435,778	314,139	358,230	262,950
Vocational Instruction	17,572,106	19,373,433	20,309,130	21,835,399	22,904,144	23,288,842	23,800,763	23,650,511	25,452,898	23,176,136
Pupil Support	1,341,195	1,274,770	1,331,726	1,422,749	1,782,909	1,679,598	1,433,617	1,602,839	1,395,333	1,651,320
Instructional Staff Support	1,498,128	1,983,222	2,223,633	2,477,000	3,146,454	3,148,038	3,169,028	3,537,354	3,899,467	3,349,479
General Administration	267,959	98,619	134,713	97,081	138,519	114,950	110,795	91,240	109,782	94,859
School Administration	2,042,132	2,328,076	2,504,027	2,803,275	2,732,172	2,983,144	2,695,104	2,474,495	2,791,183	1,808,438
Fiscal	896,082	1,115,997	1,099,190	1,146,808	1,202,063	1,275,736	1,141,437	1,203,407	1,202,247	1,157,476
Business	56,702	28,357	55,441	72,779	46,170	65,665	61,389	66,100	67,187	271,019
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,415,442	2,340,466	2,766,776	5,353,989	3,256,654	4,541,283	3,904,580	3,667,405	3,704,559	4,078,865
Pupil Transportation	14,212	15,492	6,023	47,932	42,809	56,932	92,094	78,578	92,218	108,602
Central Services	2,327,831	2,523,129	2,966,328	3,157,421	3,091,845	2,864,006	3,251,592	3,251,261	3,242,966	2,761,168
Non-Instructional Activities	341,995	344,577	345,400	440,854	512,997	434,383	421,235	438,551	364,092	408,793
Interest and Fiscal Charges	22,325	140,025	87,865	112,300	125,608	80,300	67,944	50,200	300,405	293,012
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	29,186,294	31,971,913	34,260,767	39,463,449	39,479,337	41,018,132	41,007,723	40,926,597	43,462,436	39,648,441
<b>,</b>										
Business-type Activities:										
Adult Education	5,515,694	5,631,466	5,919,428	5,705,081	4,979,265	5,196,340	4,104,139	4,230,402	4,209,914	3,928,637
Online Education	1,956,333	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Food Service	426,422	329,512	461,207	415,596	402,961	409,632	348,431	324,819	319,149	311,745
Other Services	280,383	273,054	369,425	333,852	218,866	206,634	226,138	251,230	268,521	255,475
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	8,178,832	6,234,032	6,750,060	6,454,529	5,601,092	5,812,606	4,678,708	4,806,451	4,797,584	4,495,857
••							-			
Total Primary Government Expenses	37,365,126	38,205,945	41,010,827	45,917,978	45,080,429	46,830,738	45,686,431	45,733,048	48,260,020	44,144,298
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services										
Vocational Education	102,263	677,250	548,865	944,698	989,476	766,682	747,031	633,780	556,216	394,184
Operating Grants and Contributions	102,203	011,230	340,003	344,030	303,470	700,002	747,031	033,700	330,210	334,104
Vocational Education	125,806	83,689	39,309	388,232	347,545	305,541	615,507	461,645	624,780	638,335
Special and Other Instruction	123,800	03,009	39,309	300,232	0 347,343	0 303,341	013,307	401,043	024,780	104,096
Pupil Support	144,992	100,932	103,594	111,668	87,525	90,787	187,714	459,369	372,824	567,699
Instructional Staff Support	223,460	211,740	283,256	212,526	229,626	238,430	209,911	321,771	463,090	359,609
School Administration	25,743	30,527	28,648	48,507	191,879	389,633	239,150	36,340	95,604	39,390
Central Services	,		113,196	304,631	262,606	294,349	175,360	68,290	68,090	82,830
	184,890	159,931				,	175,360	66,290 0	,	,
Extracurricular Activities	172,266	236,555	215,091	41,174	67	2.005.422			138	0
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	979,420	1,500,624	1,331,959	2,051,436	2,108,724	2,085,422	2,174,673	1,981,195	2,180,742	2,186,143
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services										
	0.004.405	2 002 074	4 404 400	E 407 407	E 004 CE4	4.044.002	2.052.220	2 444 244	2 402 460	2 254 247
Adult Education Online Education	3,661,425	3,983,071 0	4,434,133 0	5,427,187 0	5,094,654 0	4,914,903 0	3,953,220 0	3,441,211 0	3,192,468 0	3,354,317 0
	281,880		•	-	-			-	-	-
Food Service	300,005	334,936	347,235	350,316	309,653	266,102	193,036	162,167	182,904	182,647
Other Services	408,393	221,093	208,747	210,408	212,047	199,296	244,006	230,123	220,885	205,280
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,449,134 6,100,837	1,325,765 5,864,865	1,374,482 6,364,597	413,496 6,401,407	495,189 6,111,543	614,213 5,994,514	669,375 5,059,637	687,687 4,521,188	743,914 4,340,171	828,802 4,571,046
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	6,100,637	5,664,665	6,364,597	6,401,407	6,111,543	5,994,514	5,059,637	4,521,166	4,340,171	4,571,046
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	7,080,257	7,365,489	7,696,556	8,452,843	8,220,267	8,079,936	7,234,310	6,502,383	6,520,913	6,757,189
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	(28,206,874)	(30,471,289)	(32,928,808)	(37,412,013)	(37,370,613)	(38,932,710)	(38,833,050)	(38,945,402)	(41,281,694)	(37,462,298)
Business-type Activities	(2,077,995)	(369,167)	(385,463)	(53,122)	510,451	181,908	380,929	(285,263)	(457,413)	75,189
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenu€	(\$30,284,869)	(\$30,840,456)	(\$33,314,271)	(\$37,465,135)	(\$36,860,162)	(\$38,750,802)	(\$38,452,121)	(\$39,230,665)	(\$41,739,107)	(\$37,387,109)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,										

#### Source: School District's financial statements

(continued)

<sup>(1) -</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71, which changed how pension expenses are recognized. Information to restate years prior to fiscal year 2015 was not available.

Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

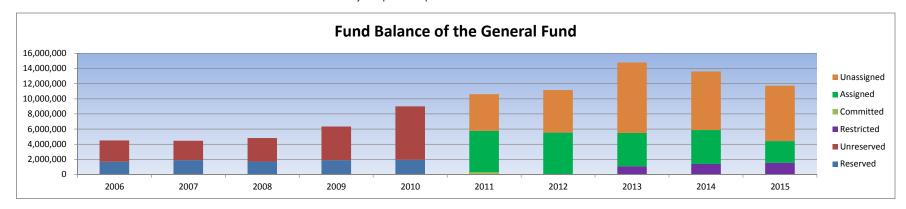
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (1)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Debt Service	\$9,771,510 2,127,425	\$10,983,075 1,214,615	\$11,004,590 673,762	\$12,573,164 1,104,886	\$12,734,374 1,580,620	\$13,482,392 1,061,708	\$14,382,361 0	\$15,315,423 0	\$14,391,231 0	\$11,420,055 0
Grants and Entitlements: Restricted to Specific Programs	0	0	11,617,618	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	17,856,790 290,398 776,098	18,900,703 709,597 510,914	19,833,670 669,570 437,019	24,750,303 471,361 1,093,010	25,661,580 209,021 328,701	25,795,528 47,513 315,371	24,414,136 56,773 186,951	24,783,641 (51,686) 326,637	25,095,553 219,473 371,815	25,138,579 98,404 323,758
Transfers Special Items	(1,902,132)	(60,000)	(385,651)	(313,110)	(225,000)	(175,000)	(120,000) (657,123)	990,000	(61,861)	0
Total Governmental Activities	28,920,089	32,258,904	43,850,578	39,679,614	40,289,296	40,527,512	38,263,098	41,364,015	40,016,211	36,980,796
Business-type Activities:	0	0	0	0	2	0	•	•	0	
Investment Earnings Transfers	0 1,902,132	0 60,000	0 385,651	0 313,110	0 225,000	0 175,000	0 120,000	(990,000)	61,861	0
Total Business-type Activities	1,902,132	60,000	385,651	313,110	225,000	175,000	120,000	(990,000)	61,861	0
Total Primary Government	30,822,221	32,318,904	44,236,229	39,992,724	40,514,296	40,702,512	38,383,098	40,374,015	40,078,072	36,980,796
Change in Net Position										
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	713,215 (175,863)	1,787,615 (309,167)	10,921,770 188	2,267,601 259,988	2,918,683 735,451	1,594,802 356,908	(569,952) 500,929	2,418,613 (1,275,263)	(1,265,483) (395,552)	(481,502) 75,189
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$537,352	\$1,478,448	\$10,921,958	\$2,527,589	\$3,654,134	\$1,951,710	(\$69,023)	\$1,143,350	(\$1,661,035)	(\$406,313)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund										
Reserved	\$1,690,291	\$1,900,923	\$1,708,313	\$1,891,963	\$1,942,690	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Unreserved	2,803,550	2,563,211	3,101,126	4,437,398	7,058,759	0	0	0	0	0
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0	0	944,511	1,079,232	1,388,094	1,534,385
Committed	0	0	0	0	0	312,147	0	0	0	0
Assigned	0	0	0	0	0	5,450,546	5,522,239	4,419,119	4,476,782	2,879,577
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0	4,846,070	5,631,944	9,296,363	7,745,335	7,305,830
Total General Fund	4,493,841	4,464,134	4,809,439	6,329,361	9,001,449	10,608,763	12,098,694	14,794,714	13,610,211	11,719,792
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	149,214	124,682	135,900	11,946,351	3,134,964	0	0	0	0	0
Unreserved, Undesignated,										
Reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds	(36,558)	269,417	15,294	100,410	669,172	0	0	0	0	0
Capital Projects Funds	2,810,209	3,369,501	4,292,366	(5,605,198)	292,712	0	0	0	0	0
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0	1,077,422	104,346	168,321	6,063,609	800,423
Committed	0	0	0	0	0	1,077,422	104,346	168,321	3,839,698	832,432
Unassigned	0	0	0	0	0	(1,868,930)	(1,896,102)	(1,411,270)	(64,360)	(3,959)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	2,922,865	3,763,600	4,443,560	6,441,563	4,096,848	285,914	(1,687,410)	(1,074,628)	9,838,947	1,628,896
Total Governmental Funds	\$7,416,706	\$8,227,734	\$9,252,999	\$12,770,924	\$13,098,297	\$10,894,677	\$10,411,284	\$13,720,086	\$23,449,158	\$13,348,688

**Source:** School District's financial statements

**Note:** Beginning in fiscal year 2011, the School District implemented the provisions GASB Statement No. 54, which changed the governmental fund balance classifications. The School District has elected not to restate fund balance amounts for fiscal years prior to implementation.



Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	0000	0007	0000	0000	2010	0011	0010	0040	2011	2015
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues										
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$11,750,935	\$12,200,690	\$12,067,407	\$13,565,500	\$14,273,043	\$14,327,525	\$14,319,641	\$14,022,133	\$15,656,140	\$11,929,898
Intergovernmental	18,727,812	19,795,390	21,070,828	29,810,424	33,067,935	27,548,037	26,025,262	26,201,759	26,842,047	26,831,945
Interest	246,430	723,530	674,768	451.081	242.060	53,738	69,684	(48,275)	215,570	96.346
Tuition and Fees	102,263	677,250	548,865	944,698	989,476	766,682	747,031	633,780	556,216	394,184
Miscellaneous	780,748	510,759	500,130	1,102,910	328,701	315,371	186,951	326,637	371,815	323,758
Miscellaneous	700,740	510,759	500,130	1,102,910	320,701	315,371	100,931	320,037	3/1,013	323,730
Total Revenues	31,608,188	33,907,619	34,861,998	45,874,613	48,901,215	43,011,353	41,348,569	41,136,034	43,641,788	39,576,131
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular	390,185	402,203	418,007	488,922	506,074	476,740	442,474	499,131	479,298	246,669
Special and Other	119,119	31,348	32,539	195,574	72,470	68,816	174,654	53,926	68,809	274,450
Vocational	16,663,000	18,672,576	19,124,928	23,082,264	21,247,236	22,645,733	23,026,309	21,862,859	23,485,126	22,164,834
Support Services:	,,	, ,	, ,	,,	, ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,,,	,,	,,
Pupil	1,339,911	1,269,381	1,311,000	1,396,176	1,768,467	1,661,627	1,415,518	1,609,482	1,383,873	1,679,132
Instructional Staff	1,475,721	2,013,417	2,184,158	2,448,480	3,132,903	3,151,353	3,155,003	3,557,891	3,877,606	3,464,171
General Administration	264,579	98,619	86,559	97,081	89,221	114,950	110,795	91,240	109,782	95,457
School Administration	1,949,233	2,288,393	2,464,725	2,734,848	2,706,753	3,004,584	2,747,910	2,471,519	2,730,062	1,906,384
Fiscal	859,886	1,104,533	1,080,295	1,135,140	1,195,069	1,273,805	1,165,104	1,207,433	1,194,266	1,186,338
Business	56,702	28,214	54,222	72,477	45,782	65,789	61,069	66,501	65,817	278,957
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,413,054	2,404,615	2,699,097	3,331,443	3,339,782	3,503,623	3,701,102	3,297,084	3,865,974	3,913,144
Pupil Transportation	14,212	15,421	6,565	39,125	42,496	124,997	76,044	81,787	90,254	87,871
Central	2,108,408	2,267,188	2,922,594	3,016,627	2,985,969	2,934,894	3,235,035	3,185,186	3,103,710	2,934,946
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	48,386	52,255	52,939	101,971	89,957	101,984	18,740	13,354	14,386	21,122
Extracurricular Activities	293,609	292,322	292,461	338,883	423,040	332,399	402,495	425,197	349,706	387,671
Capital Outlay	512,967	832,832	535,928	3,452,267	10,578,015	6,575,801	281,567	408,417	2,838,308	10,261,360
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	2,100,000	100,000	95,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	460,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	27,425	141,125	90,065	112,300	125,608	80,300	67,944	50,200	93,773	314,095
Issuance Costs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	169,323	0
Total Expenditures	30,636,397	32,014,442	33,451,082	42,043,578	48,348,842	46,117,395	40,081,763	38,881,207	43,920,073	49,676,601
,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Excess of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	971,791	1,893,177	1,410,916	3,831,035	552,373	(3,106,042)	1,266,806	2,254,827	(278,285)	(10,100,470)
(Onder) Experianaree	011,101	1,000,111	1,110,010	0,001,000	002,070	(0,100,012)	1,200,000	2,20 1,021	(2.0,200)	(10,100,110)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of Capital Assets	0	155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,035,000	0
Premium on Sale of Bonds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	202,539	0
Transfers In	27,868	1,382,400	5,210,700	1,612,500	2,249,850	1,556,192	2,141,181	2,496,843	7,122,411	2,929,089
Transfers Out	(1,930,000)	(1,442,400)	(5,596,351)	(1,925,610)	(2,474,850)	(1,731,192)	(2,261,181)	(1,506,843)	(7,184,272)	(2,929,089)
Transiers Out	(1,930,000)	(1,442,400)	(5,596,351)	(1,925,610)	(2,474,000)	(1,731,192)	(2,201,101)	(1,506,643)	(1,104,212)	(2,929,069)
Total Other Einanging Sources (Uses)	(4 002 422)	(E0 9/E)	(20E GE4)	(212 110)	(225,000)	(175,000)	(120,000)	990,000	10 175 679	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,902,132)	(59,845)	(385,651)	(313,110)	(225,000)	(175,000)	(120,000)	990,000	10,175,678 0	
Special Item	(0000 044)		0				(657,123)			(\$40,400,470)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(\$930,341)	\$1,833,332	\$1,025,265	\$3,517,925	\$327,373	(\$3,281,042)	\$489,683	\$3,244,827	\$9,897,393	(\$10,100,470)
Debt Service as a % of Noncapital Exp.:	7.1%	0.8%	0.6%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	2.0%

Source: School District's financial statements

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

_		Real Property		Tangible Pers	onal Property
_			_	Public	Utility
_	Assesse	d Value	Estimated		Estimated
Collection	Residential/	Commercial/	Actual	Assessed	Actual
Year	Agricultural	Industrial/PU	Value	Value	Value
2006	4,722,129,170	1,314,111,870	17,246,402,971	232,462,720	264,162,182
2007	4,878,850,690	1,337,782,960	17,761,810,429	228,898,010	260,111,375
2008	4,963,295,200	1,386,094,410	18,141,113,171	217,960,270	247,682,125
2009	6,573,876,420	1,889,988,460	24,182,471,086	254,888,530	289,646,057
2010	6,338,309,020	1,920,210,670	23,595,770,543	277,119,270	314,908,261
2011	6,334,525,560	1,800,624,650	23,243,286,314	362,973,839	412,470,272
2012	6,020,507,430	1,644,488,960	21,899,989,686	416,338,350	473,111,761
2013	6,021,481,460	1,610,472,950	21,805,584,029	487,241,240	553,683,227
2014	5,992,548,760	1,608,237,920	21,716,533,371	504,011,990	572,740,898
2015	5,943,674,430	1,580,275,170	21,496,998,857	518,426,110	589,120,580 (continued)

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property is assessed at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax is being phased out beginning in 2006. The listing percentage is 18.75 percent for 2006, 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009.

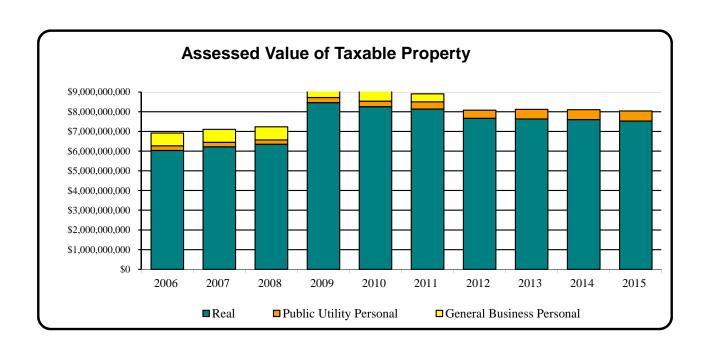
The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10%, 2 1/2% and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10% rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (continued)

Last Ten Years

Tangible Pe	rsonal Property			
Genera	l Business		Total	
	Estimated		Estimated	Total
Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Direct
Value	Value	Value	Value	Rate
681,872,431	2,964,662,743	6,950,576,191	20,475,227,897	1.93
552,260,150	2,945,387,467	6,997,791,810	20,967,309,270	1.93
409,258,520	3,274,068,160	6,976,608,400	21,662,863,456	1.93
0	0	8,718,753,410	24,472,117,143	1.93
0	0	8,535,638,960	23,910,678,804	1.93
0	0	8,498,124,049	23,655,756,586	1.93
0	0	8,081,334,740	22,373,101,447	1.93
0	0	8,119,195,650	22,359,267,256	1.93
0	0	8,104,798,670	22,289,274,269	1.93
0	0	8,042,375,710	22,086,119,437	1.93



Property Tax Rates
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Tax Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Voted Millage - by levy										
1972 Operating - continuing										
Residential/Agricultural Real	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43	1.43
1977 Operating - continuing										
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
General Business and Public Utility Personal	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
Total voted millage by type of property										
Residential/Agricultural Real	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.93
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District (1)										
Townships (13)	2.26 - 13.09	2.26 - 13.09	2.26 - 14.59	2.26 - 14.59	2.26 - 14.59	2.26 - 14.59	4.46 - 14.59	4.26 - 14.59	4.26 - 14.59	4.47 - 14.59
- Range of voted rates for 13 townships										
Cities (11)	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 14.4	2.0 - 21.4	2.0 - 9.32
- Range of voted rates for 11 cities and villages										
School Districts (10)	29.42 - 60.04	29.42 - 65.64	29.42 - 65.39	29.42 - 65.34	29.42 - 65.34	29.42 - 65.34	29.57 - 65.84	29.57 - 65.84	32.10 - 71.40	28.44 - 70.14
- Range of voted rates for 10 school districts										
Butler County	7.44	9.44	10.95	9.75	9.75	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72	9.72

The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year (i.e., tax year 2013 will be collected in fiscal year 2014).

Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

(1) Rates are presented in ranges for each type of political subdivision. Number of subdivisions indicated in title.

Source: Butler County Treasurer

Principal Taxpayers 2014 and 2005 (1)

		2014 (1)
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value
Duke Energy Ohio Inc. Rockies Express Pipeline LLC Duke Energy Indiana Duke Energy Kentucky Inc Duke Realty Ohio Butler Rural Electric MillerCoors LLC Meijer Stores LTD PRT Boymel Sam TR AK Steel Corporation	\$ 221,770,490 113,141,750 38,182,700 32,211,850 13,703,780 12,367,260 12,143,180 11,367,410 11,121,320 10,769,410	1.40% 0.47% 0.40% 0.17% 0.15% 0.15% 0.14%
Totals Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 476,779,150 \$ 8,104,798,670	

		2005	5 (1)
			Percent of
		Assessed	Real Property
Name of Taxpayer		Value	Assessed Value
Cincinnati Cas and Electric	ф	040 500 550	2.700/
Cincinnati Gas and Electric	\$	240,538,550	3.73%
AK Steel Corporation		146,559,730	2.28%
Miller Brewing Company		66,111,767	1.03%
Cincinnati Bell Telephone		38,195,170	0.59%
Dugan Financing, LLC		32,066,960	0.50%
Cincinnati Financial Corp		31,442,480	0.49%
Duke Realty		20,269,530	0.31%
Meijer		19,302,660	0.30%
Security Capital		19,234,380	0.30%
Bay West Paper Corp		14,361,700	0.22%
Totals	\$	628,082,927	9.75%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	6,440,237,948	

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which fiscal years 2015 and 2006 collections were based.

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Butler County, Ohio

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)
Last Ten Tax Years

Collection Year (2)	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (3)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy
2005	10,780,168	10,526,455	97.65%	259,194	10,785,649	100.05
2006	12,862,717	12,270,725	95.40%	466,758	12,737,483	99.03
2007	13,275,406	12,071,353	90.93%	494,533	12,565,886	94.66
2008	16,566,305	15,176,528	91.61%	770,546	15,947,074	96.26
2009	16,752,970	16,011,436	95.57%	606,634	16,618,070	99.19
2010	16,254,276	15,413,955	94.83%	388,870	15,802,825	97.22
2011	16,486,396	15,623,056	94.76%	593,031	16,216,087	98.36
2012	15,438,119	14,914,311	96.61%	459,303	15,373,614	99.58
2013	15,437,661	14,991,635	97.11%	434,599	15,426,234	99.93
2014	15,521,647	15,032,353	96.85%	449,088	15,481,441	99.74

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental revenue.

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Butler County, Ohio

<sup>(2)</sup> The 2015 information cannot be presented because all collections have not been made by June 30, 2015.

<sup>(3)</sup> The County has not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year, thus amounts could include collections from a previous collection year(s). Effort will be made to work with County personnel to obtain this information for future reporting.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities June 30, 2015

	Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities	Percentage Applicable to School District (1)	Amount of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt:			
Payable from Property Taxes			
Counties:			
Butler County	\$51,823,110	88.06%	45,635,431
Hamilton County	\$89,965,000	7.83%	7,044,260
Preble County	\$726,678	0.75%	5,450
Warren County	\$2,000,000	2.03%	40,600
<u>Cities:</u>			
City of Fairfield	21,000,000	100.00%	21,000,000
City of Forest Park	4,645,000	11.13%	516,989
City of Hamilton	2,860,000	3.71%	106,106
City of Middletown	13,631,554	95.77%	13,054,939
City of Monroe	11,695,000	100.00%	11,695,000
City of North College Hill	690,000	2.51%	17,319
City of Oxford	1,395,000	100.00%	1,395,000
City of Trenton	2,231,000	100.00%	2,231,000
Townships:			
Colerain Township	5,580,000	93.63%	5,224,554
Fairfield Township	8,295,000	100.00%	8,295,000
Liberty Township	9,071,000	100.00%	9,071,000
Springfield Township	9,515,000	12.74%	1,212,211
Turtle Creek Township	1,425,000	14.36%	204,630
WayneTownship	200,000	97.99%	195,980
West Chester Township	46,390,000	96.82%	44,914,798
School Districts:			
Edgewood City Schools	34,831,466	100.00%	34,831,466
Fairfield City Schools	82,948,665	100.00%	82,948,665
Lakota Local Schools	148,145,000	100.00%	148,145,000
Lebanon City Schools	51,784,754	0.05%	25,892
Madison Local Schools	9,343,958	100.00%	9,343,958
Middletown City Schools	55,802,685	100.00%	55,802,685
Monroe Local Schools	28,664,873	100.00%	28,664,873
New Miami Local Schools	1,109,998	100.00%	1,109,998
Northwest Local Schools	17,500,000	100.00%	17,500,000
Ross Local Schools	16,349,997	100.00%	16,349,997
Talawanda City Schools	43,600,000	100.00%	43,600,000
Total Overlapping Debt	\$773,219,738		\$610,182,801
Direct Debt	9,575,000	100.00%	9,575,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$782,794,738		\$619,757,801

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

<sup>(1)</sup> Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the overlapping government located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the government.

## Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Tax Valuation	\$6,950,576,191	\$6,997,791,810	\$6,976,608,400	\$8,718,753,410	\$8,535,638,960	\$8,498,124,049	\$8,081,334,740	\$8,119,195,650	\$8,104,798,670	\$8,042,375,710
Debt Limit - 9% of Taxable Valuation (1)	\$625,551,857	\$629,801,263	\$627,894,756	\$784,687,807	\$768,207,506	\$764,831,164	\$727,320,127	\$730,727,609	\$729,431,880	\$723,813,814
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit General Obligation Bonds Less Amount Available in Debt Service	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,035,000	9,575,000 0
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,035,000	9,575,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$625,551,857	\$629,801,263	\$627,894,756	\$784,687,807	\$768,207,506	\$764,831,164	\$727,320,127	\$730,727,609	\$719,396,880	\$714,238,814
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	98.62%	98.68%
Unvoted Debt Limit10% of Taxable Valuation (1)	\$6,950,576	\$6,997,792	\$6,976,608	\$8,718,753	\$8,535,639	\$8,498,124	\$8,081,335	\$8,119,196	\$8,104,799	\$8,042,376
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit (2)	(3,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(6,000,000)	(7,000,000)	(5,500,000)	(4,500,000)	(3,500,000)	(3,000,000)	(8,100,000)	(7,780,000)
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$3,950,576	\$4,997,792	\$976,608	\$1,718,753	\$3,035,639	\$3,998,124	\$4,581,335	\$5,119,196	\$4,799	\$262,376
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit	56.84%	71.42%	14.00%	19.71%	35.56%	47.05%	56.69%	63.05%	0.06%	3.26%

**Source:** Butler County Auditor and School District Financial Records

<sup>(1)</sup> Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.
(2) Under Ohio Revised Code Sec. 133.06(G), energy conservation securities cannot exceed nine-tenths of one per cent (0.90%) of its tax valuation

Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value and Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

			General Bonded Debt								
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (2)	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Resources Available to Pay Principal	Net General Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita				
2006	348,243	\$20,475,227,897	\$195,000	0	\$195,000	0.00%	\$0.56				
2007	353,486	\$20,967,309,270	\$95,000	0	\$95,000	0.00%	\$0.27				
2008	357,908	\$21,662,863,456	\$0	0	\$0	0.00%	\$0.00				
2009	360,765	\$24,472,117,143	\$0	0	\$0	0.00%	\$0.00				
2010	363,184	\$23,910,678,804	\$0	0	\$0	0.00%	\$0.00				
2011	368,630	\$23,655,756,586	\$0	0	\$0	0.00%	\$0.00				
2012	369,999	\$22,373,101,447	\$0	0	\$0	0.00%	\$0.00				
2013	370,589	\$22,359,267,256	\$0	0	\$0	0.00%	\$0.00				
2014	371,272	\$22,289,274,269	\$10,237,539	0	\$10,237,539	0.05%	\$27.57				
2015	374,158	\$22,086,119,437	\$9,768,345	0	\$9,768,345	0.04%	\$26.11 (Continued)				

Sources (1) Demographic and Economic Statistics table (2) Butler County Auditor

# Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value and Debt per Capita (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### General Debt

Central Debt												
General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Capital Leases	Total Debt	Ratio of General Debt to Estimated Actual Value	General Debt Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income							
\$195,000	0	195,000	0.00%	\$0.56	0.00%							
\$95,000	0	95,000	0.00%	\$0.27	0.00%							
\$0	0	0	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%							
\$0	0	0	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%							
\$0	0	0	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%							
\$0	0	0	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%							
\$0	0	0	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%							
\$0	0	0	0.00%	\$0.00	0.00%							
\$10,237,539	0	10,237,539	0.05%	\$27.57	0.07%							
\$9,768,345	0	9,768,345	0.04%	\$26.11	Not Avail							

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate (3)
2005	348,243	\$11,116,005,000	\$31,920	6.30%
2006	353,486	\$11,564,941,000	\$32,717	5.50%
2007	357,908	\$12,114,458,000	\$33,848	6.20%
2008	360,765	\$12,811,630,000	\$35,512	10.50%
2009	363,184	\$12,585,955,000	\$34,654	10.10%
2010	368,630	\$13,000,401,000	\$35,267	9.80%
2011	369,999	\$13,538,158,000	\$36,590	9.10%
2012	370,589	\$14,398,043,000	\$38,852	7.30%
2013	371,272	\$14,592,549,000	\$39,304	5.30%
2014	374,158	Not Available	Not Avail	4.80%

**Sources:** 1) U.S. Census Bureau, population estimates for Butler County

- 2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Butler County, Ohio.
- 3) Ohio Labor Market Information for Butler County, Ohio Unemployment rate is for June of designated year

Note: Some previous year data has been changed to reflect data sourced from the Butler County CAFR

Principal Employers 2014 and 2005

			of Total Employme  1 1.9% 2 1.9% 3 1.4% 4 1.1% 5 1.0% 6 1.0% 7 0.7% 8 0.7% 9 0.7% 10 0.6% 10.8%  (3)  Percentag of Total			
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment		
Miami University	Education	3,282	1	1.9%		
Cincinnati Financial Corp	Financial	3,280	2	1.9%		
AK Steel	Steel Manufacturing	2,412	3	1.4%		
GE Aviation	Aerospace	2,000	4	1.1%		
Lakota Local School District	Education	1,827	5	1.0%		
Butler County Government	Government	1,700	6	1.0%		
Mercy Regional Hospital	Health Care	1,210	7	0.7%		
Ohio Casualty Insurance Group	Insurance	1,209	8	0.7%		
Hamilton City Schools	Education	1,150	9	0.7%		
Fort Hamilton Hospital	Health Care	1,017	10	0.6%		
Total		19,087		10.8%		
Total Employment within the School I	District	176,700	(3)			
		:	2005 (2)			
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees (1)		Percentage of Total Employment		
Miami University	Education	4,250	1	2.4%		
AK Steel	Steel Manufacturing	3,142	2	1.8%		
Cincinnati Financial Corp	Financial	2,600	3	1.5%		
Butler County Government	Government	2,480	4	1.4%		
Fort Heaville Allera Manager Pall Harrier	Health Care	2,000	5	1.1%		
Fort Hamilton Memorial Hospital	rioditii Odio					
Middletown Regional Hospital	Health Care	1,800	6	1.0%		
•		1,800 1,601	6 7	1.0% 0.9%		
Middletown Regional Hospital	Health Care					
Middletown Regional Hospital  Mercy Regional Hospital	Health Care Health Care	1,601	7	0.9%		
Middletown Regional Hospital  Mercy Regional Hospital  Lakota Local School District	Health Care Health Care Education	1,601 1,600	7 8	0.9% 0.9%		

#### Source:

(1) Butler County, Ohio CAFR

Total Employment within the School District

- (2) The data available was presented on the respective calendar year.
- (3) Ohio Labor Market Information for Butler County, Ohio

176,400 (1(3)

School District Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Regular Instruction										
High School Classroom Teachers	38.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	40.00	37.00	31.50	33.50	32.00	34.00
Special Instruction										
High School Classroom Teachers	3.00	4.00	4.00	7.00	7.00	9.00	10.50	10.50	9.00	10.00
Vocational Instruction										
High School Classroom Teachers	146.00	149.00	150.00	182.00	163.00	170.00	159.00	156.00	161.00	165.00
Pupil Support Services										
Guidance Counselors	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	5.00	6.00
Librarians	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Nurse	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrators										
High School	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Operation of Plant										
Custodians	6.00	6.00	6.00	10.00	10.00	12.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	12.00
Maintenance	1.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Pupil Transportation										
Van Drivers	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Food Service Program										
High School Cooks	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Student/Teacher Ratio	13.9	14.0	14.8	14.0	14.6	14.2	15.5	15.9	15.2	14.2

**Method:** Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee. The count is performed on September 1 of each year.

Note: The District contracts for food service operations therefore, no employees are reported for this area.

Source: School District Records

Educational Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
High School										
Enrollment (1) Technical Skill Attainment Graduation Rate Higher Education Enrollment Dual Enrollment Industry Credential Earned Post Program Placement	2,602 81.0% 99.2% 55.0%	2,748 85.6% 97.6% 60.6%	2,907 92.8% 97.6% 65.9%	3,245 80.3% 95.8% 62.3%	3,073 94.0% 95.0% 65.0%	3,122 89.0% 99.0% 65.0%	3,153 85.0% 98.0% 51.0%	3,182 90.2% 99.2% 63.3% 42.4% 13.6% 81.9%	3,078 84.3% 97.4% 63.3% 41.7% 15.6% 91.3%	2,967 88.1% 98.7% 63.3% 98.3% 25.4% 94.6%
Adult Education										
Enrollment (1) Workforce Assessments Related Employment or Education	1,206 97.0% 86.0%	1,131 93.9% 94.2%	1,113 94.0% 93.3%	1,206 95.2% 92.0%	1,158 94.0% 86.0%	1,070 98.0% 89.0%	813 97.0% 90.0%	718 97.5% 83.0%	747 93.0% 86.0%	781 98.0% N/A <sup>(2)</sup>

Source: School District Records

(1) Reported on a Full Time Equivalent Basis(2) Data not available for 2014-15

## Butler Technology and Career Development Schools, Ohio Building Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
D. Russel Lee Career Center										
Constructed in 1975, Addition in 1999 Total Building Square Footage	244,933	244,933	244,933	244,933	244,933	280,935	280,935	280,935	280,935	280,935
Enrollment Grades 11-12	244,933 635	244,933 640	643	633	628	260,935 790	260,935 790	260,935 841	260,935 866	260,935 820
Student Capacity	750	750	750	750	750	850	850	850	850	850
Regular Instruction Classrooms	19	19	19	19	19	26	26	26	26	26
Regular Instruction Teachers	19	19	19	19	17	25	25	25	24	26
Vocational Education Classrooms	20	20	20	20	20	24	24	24	24	24
Vocational Education Teachers	20	20	20	20	20	24	24	25	24	24

Source: School District records

#### This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by:

#### The Office of the Chief Financial Officer

Paul Carpenter, CFO

#### The Butler Technology Financial Services Division:

Holly Deaton Assistant Treasurer

Susan Lauer Senior Administrative Assistant

Hope Underwood Accounting Specialist Allyson Gudorf Accounting Specialist

Tina Smith Bookkeeper

Kelly Ries Accounting Specialist Cheryl McCreary Accounting Specialist

Additional copies of this report or additional information about the Butler Technology and Career Development Schools may be obtained from:

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### "Butler Tech - Redefining Education"

Our mission is to develop lifelong learners with marketable skills and knowledge by providing exceptional educational experiences and workforce services





## BUTLER TECHNOLOGY AND CAREER DEVELOPMENT SCHOOLS BUTLER COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 9, 2016**