Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Audited Financial Statements

June 30, 2011



Board of Education Columbiana County Career and Technical Center 9364 State Route 45 Lisbon, Ohio 44432

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Columbiana County Career and Technical Center is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 13, 2012



JUNE 30, 2011

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December 16, 2011

To the Board of Education Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Lisbon, OH 44432

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center (the "Center"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Center's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Center, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2011 on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Independent Auditor's Report December 16, 2011

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kea & Chrociates, Inc.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center's (the "Center") financial performance provides an overall review of the Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Center's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2011 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,422,048 which represents an 10.98% increase from 2010.
- General revenues accounted for \$5,839,504 in revenue or 71.93% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,278,463 or 28.07% of total revenues of \$8,117,967.
- The Center had \$6,695,919 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,278,463 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$5,839,504 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Center's major governmental funds are the general fund, adult education fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$6,144,069 in revenues and \$5,909,194 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2011, the general fund's fund balance increased \$234,875 from a restated balance of \$3,043,704 to \$3,278,579.
- The adult education fund had \$1,045,348 in revenues and \$791,566 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the adult education fund's fund balance increased \$253,782 from \$248,456 to \$502,238.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$686,702 in revenues and other financing sources. During fiscal year 2011, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$686,702 from \$2,033,921 to \$2,720,623.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Center as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole Center, presenting both an aggregate view of the Center's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Center, the general fund, adult education fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the Center as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Center to provide programs and activities, the view of the Center as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2011?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Center's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Center as a whole, the *financial position* of the Center has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Center's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the Center's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The Center's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the Center's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Center's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Center's major funds. The Center uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Center's most significant funds. The Center's major governmental funds are the general fund, adult education fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Center maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Center's various functions. The Center's internal service fund accounts for medical/surgical and dental self-insurance benefits. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the Center's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Center acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the Center's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets on page 24. These activities are excluded from the Center's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the Center to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-52 of this report.

The Center as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the Center as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the Center's net assets at June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2011	Governmental Activities June 30, 2010
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 10,009,514	\$ 8,368,647
Capital assets, net	7,014,305	7,114,089
Total assets	17,023,819	15,482,736
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	2,392,399	2,239,103
Long-term liabilities	261,345	295,606
Total liabilities	2,653,744	2,534,709
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	7,014,305	7,114,089
Restricted	3,350,317	2,293,372
Unrestricted	4,005,453	3,540,566
Total net assets	\$ 14,370,075	\$ 12,948,027

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2011, the Center's assets exceeded liabilities by \$14,370,075. Of this total, \$4,005,453 is unrestricted in use.

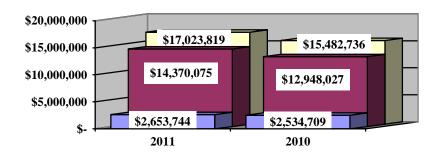
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

At year-end, capital assets represented 41.20% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The Center had \$7,014,305 invested in capital assets at June 30, 2011. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the Center's net assets, \$3,350,317, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$4,005,453 may be used to meet the Center's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010:

Governmental Activities



☐ Liabilities
☐ Net Assets
☐ Assets

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,233,692	\$ 1,102,300	
Operating grants and contributions	1,044,771	1,006,280	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	1,792,841	2,033,130	
Grants and entitlements	3,975,169	3,745,962	
Investment earnings	66,198	60,752	
Other	5,296	22,008	
Total revenues	8,117,967	7,970,432	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Assets

Expenses	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 552,150	\$ 519,031
Special	186,638	176,022
Vocational	2,678,939	2,515,916
Adult/Continuing	134,360	108,726
Support services:	- ,	,-
Pupil	296,504	321,066
Instructional staff	422,228	446,575
Board of education	26,672	23,106
Administration	1,024,983	961,569
Fiscal	344,004	306,741
Operations and maintenance	776,019	851,042
Central	13,250	192,502
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Other non-instructional services	-	218
Food service operations	213,184	214,894
Extracurricular activities	26,988	27,968
Total expenses	6,695,919	6,665,376
Change in net assets	1,422,048	1,305,056
Net assets at beginning of year	12,948,027	11,642,971
Net assets at end of year	\$ 14,370,075	\$ 12,948,027

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the Center's governmental activities increased \$1,422,048. Total governmental expenses of \$6,695,919, were offset by program revenues of \$2,278,463 and general revenues of \$5,839,504. Program revenues supported 34.03% of the total governmental expenses.

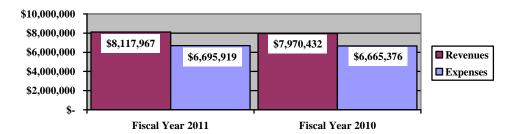
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 71.05% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the Center is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$3,552,087 or 53.05% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2011.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the Center's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

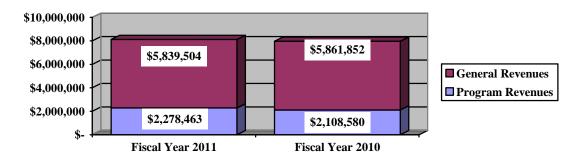
	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011	Total Cost of Services 2010	Net Cost of Services 2010	
Program expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 552,150	\$ 495,574	\$ 519,031	\$ 473,025	
Special	186,638	186,638	176,022	2,204	
Vocational	2,678,939	1,264,220	2,515,916	1,454,244	
Adult/Continuing	134,360	588	108,726	1,686	
Support services:					
Pupil	296,504	171,667	321,066	173,265	
Instructional staff	422,228	326,299	446,575	318,713	
Board of education	26,672	26,672	23,106	23,106	
Administration	1,024,983	812,145	961,569	745,699	
Fiscal	344,004	277,068	306,741	250,368	
Operations and maintenance	776,019	767,548	851,042	844,298	
Central	13,250	5,975	192,502	185,216	
Operations of non-instructional services:					
Other non-instructional services	-	-	218	218	
Food service operations	213,184	56,074	214,894	58,584	
Extracurricular activities	26,988	26,988	27,968	26,170	
Total expenses	\$ 6,695,919	\$ 4,417,456	\$ 6,665,376	\$ 4,556,796	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 54.81% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 65.97%. The Center's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are by far the primary support for the Career Center's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the Center's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The Career Center's Funds

The Center's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,537,458, which is greater than last year's total of \$5,377,756. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010. The Center's restated fund balance is described in Note 3.B.

		Restated		
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase/	Percentage
	June 30, 2011	<u>June 30, 2010</u>	(Decrease)	Change
General	\$ 3,278,579	\$ 3,043,704	\$ 234,875	7.72 %
Adult Education	502,238	248,456	253,782	102.14 %
Permanent Improvement	2,720,623	2,033,921	686,702	33.76 %
Other Governmental	36,018	51,675	(15,657)	(30.30) %
Total	\$ 6,537,458	\$ 5,377,756	\$ 1,159,702	21.56 %

General Fund

The Center's general fund balance increased \$234,875.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	Restated						
		2011		2010	1	increase/	Percentage
	_	Amount	_	Amount	(I	Decrease)	Change
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	1,796,636	\$	2,005,811	\$	(209,175)	(10.43) %
Tuition		247,947		212,715		35,232	16.56 %
Intergovernmental		3,975,169		3,919,780		55,389	1.41 %
Classroom materials and fees		55,114		56,142		(1,028)	(1.83) %
Other revenues		69,203		87,638		(18,435)	(21.04) %
Total	\$	6,144,069	\$	6,282,086	<u>\$</u>	(138,017)	(2.20) %
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	2,702,453	\$	2,645,634	\$	56,819	2.15 %
Support services		2,562,504		2,665,310		(102,806)	(3.86) %
Non-instructional services		-		190		(190)	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities		26,988		27,968		(980)	(3.50) %
Facilities acquisition and construction		117,249	_			117,249	100.00 %
Total	\$	5,409,194	\$	5,339,102	\$	70,092	1.31 %

Overall revenues of the general fund decreased \$138,017 or 2.20%. The most significant decrease of 209,175 was in the area of taxes, which was due to a decrease in real estate taxes available for advance. The most significant increase was in the area of tuition. Tuition revenue increased \$35,232 or 16.56%. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in open enrollment during fiscal year 2011.

During fiscal year 2011, the Center attempted to remain fiscally responsible by closely monitoring cash outflows. Therefore, expenditures for fiscal year 2011 remained comparable to fiscal year 2010.

Adult Education Fund

The adult education fund had \$1,045,348 in revenues and \$791,566 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the adult education fund's fund balance increased \$253,782 from \$248,456 to \$502,238.

Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund had \$686,702 in revenues and other financing sources. During fiscal year 2011, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$686,702 from \$2,033,921 to \$2,720,623.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Center's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

During the course of fiscal year 2011, the Center amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,174,824 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,216,868. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2011 were \$6,318,295. This represents a \$101,427 increase from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$6,237,790 were the same as the final appropriated budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2011 totaled \$6,069,398, which was \$168,392 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2011, the Center had \$7,014,305 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2011 balances compared to June 30, 2010:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2011</u>			<u>2010</u>	
Land	\$	152,290	\$	152,290	
Construction in progress		117,249		-	
Land improvements		33,386		36,318	
Building and improvements		5,717,409		5,951,799	
Furniture and equipment		965,588		966,059	
Vehicles		28,383		7,623	
Total	\$	7,014,305	\$	7,114,089	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$99,784 is due to depreciation expense of \$429,620 exceeding capital outlays of \$329,836 in fiscal year 2011.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the Center's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2011, the Center had no debt outstanding.

Current Financial Related Activities

On April 15, 2011, the Columbiana County Career & Technical Center's Board of Education entered into an Oil and Gas Lease with Chesapeake Exploration, LLC. The Center leased approximately 52.11 acres of land and received a bonus payment of \$2,250 for each acre in September 2011. The lease royalties payable to the Center will be 17.5% of gross proceeds attributable to the applicable well. The Board earmarked the bonus payment and royalty payments for the Permanent Improvement Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (UNAUDITED)

In fiscal year 2011, the Board approved equipment and construction contracts totaling \$1,390,144 for building renovations that commenced on July 13, 2011. Renovations include a new health academy, a new boiler and chiller plant, and energy efficient lighting fixtures to replace current lab lighting. These renovations are part of a comprehensive plan for upgrading and improving the Center. The goal of the plan is to upgrade equipment, remodel and enlarge classrooms and labs, and improve air quality. Monies that have been transferred from the General Fund to the Permanent Improvement Fund will fund this phase of the plan.

Contacting the Center's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Center's finances and to show the Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Katherine Bosco, Treasurer, Columbiana County Career and Technical Center, 9364 State Route 45, Lisbon, Ohio 44432.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	6,864,212		
Cash with fiscal agent		875,591		
Receivables:				
Taxes		2,095,078		
Accounts		170,522		
Accrued interest		1,725		
Materials and supplies inventory		2,386		
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		269,539		
Depreciable capital assets, net		6,744,766		
Capital assets, net		7,014,305		
Total assets		17,023,819		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		10,474		
Accrued wages and benefits		302,621		
Pension obligation payable		42,415		
Intergovernmental payable		25,315		
Unearned revenue		1,894,609		
Claims payable		116,965		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		68,474		
Due in more than one year		192,871		
Total liabilities		2,653,744		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets		7,014,305		
Restricted for:		, ,		
Capital projects		2,837,623		
State funded programs		1,450		
Other purposes		511,244		
Unrestricted		4,005,453		
Total net assets	\$	14,370,075		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net (Expense)

			Drogram	Dovo	nuos	(evenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses		Program Revenues Charges for Operating Services Grants and and Sales Contributions			Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:	 						
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 552,150	\$	56,576	\$	-	\$	(495,574)
Special	186,638		-		-		(186,638)
Vocational	2,678,939		791,408		623,311		(1,264,220)
Adult/Continuing	134,360		1,807		131,965		(588)
Support services:							
Pupil	296,504		48,776		76,061		(171,667)
Instructional staff	422,228		38,725		57,204		(326,299)
Board of education	26,672		-		-		(26,672)
Administration	1,024,983		174,533		38,305		(812,145)
Fiscal	344,004		54,963		11,973		(277,068)
Operations and maintenance	776,019		600		7,871		(767,548)
Central	13,250		-		7,275		(5,975)
Food service operations	213,184		66,304		90,806		(56,074)
Extracurricular activities	 26,988						(26,988)
Total governmental activities	\$ 6,695,919	\$	1,233,692	\$	1,044,771		(4,417,456)
		Prope	ral Revenues: rty taxes levied f				1,792,841
			eneral purposes.				1,792,641
							3,975,169
							66,198
			C				5,296
						-	
		Total	general revenues			-	5,839,504
		Chang	ge in net assets .				1,422,048
		Net a	ssets at beginnir	ng of y	ear		12,948,027
		Net a	ssets at end of y	ear		\$	14,370,075

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

		General	E	Adult ducation		Permanent aprovement	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:										
Equity in pooled cash										
and investments	\$	3,598,619	\$	502,912	\$	2,718,898	\$	43,783	\$	6,864,212
Taxes		2,095,078 450		53,072		117,000 1,725		-		2,095,078 170,522 1,725
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		1,723		2,386		2,386
Total assets	\$	5,694,147	\$	555,984	\$	2,837,623	\$	46,169	\$	9,133,923
Total assets	<u>Ψ</u>	3,071,117	Ψ	333,701	Ψ	2,037,023	<u> </u>	10,107	Ψ	7,133,723
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	9,712	\$	524	\$	-	\$	238	\$	10,474
Accrued wages and benefits		280,565		15,226		-		6,830		302,621
Compensated absences payable		20,885		-		-		-		20,885
Intergovernmental payable		18,359		6,124		-		832		25,315
Deferred revenue		183,146		-		117,000		-		300,146
Unearned revenue		1,863,800		30,809		-		-		1,894,609
Pension obligation payable		39,101		1,063		-		2,251		42,415
Total liabilities		2,415,568		53,746		117,000		10,151		2,596,465
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		2,386		2,386
Restricted:										
Adult education		-		502,238		-		-		502,238
Food service operations		-		-		-		39,952		39,952
Other purposes		-		-		-		1,450		1,450
Committed:										
Capital improvements		-		-		2,720,623		-		2,720,623
Student instruction		7,093		-		-		-		7,093
Student and staff support		27,921		-		-		-		27,921
Facilities acquisition and construction		600		-		-		-		600
School supplies		81		-		-		-		81
Other purposes		36,750		_		-		_		36,750
Unassigned (deficit)		3,206,134						(7,770)		3,198,364
Total fund balances		3,278,579		502,238		2,720,623		36,018		6,537,458
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,694,147	\$	555,984	\$	2,837,623	\$	46,169	\$	9,133,923

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2011}$

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 6,537,458
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	7,014,305
Other long-term assets, such as taxes receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	300,146
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net assets.	758,626
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (240,460)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 14,370,075

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	General	Adult Education	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 1,796,636	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,796,636
Tuition	247,947	858,366	-	-	1,106,313
Charges for services	-	-	-	66,304	66,304
Earnings on investments	-	-	48,152	-	48,152
Extracurricular	1,462	-	-	-	1,462
Classroom materials and fees	55,114	-	-	-	55,114
Rentals	600	-	-	-	600
Contract services	61,845	-	-	-	61,845
Other local revenues	5,296	1,930	-	1,489	8,715
Intergovernmental - state	3,936,510	185,052	-	38,464	4,160,026
Intergovernmental - federal	38,659	· -	138,550	504,340	681,549
Total revenues	6,144,069	1,045,348	186,702	610,597	7,986,716
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	567,042	-	-	-	567,042
Special	220,306	-	-	-	220,306
Vocational	1,915,105	498,945	-	193,616	2,607,666
Adult/Continuing	-	294	-	134,066	134,360
Support services:					
Pupil	199,679	44,980	-	66,092	310,751
Instructional staff	339,589	35,711	-	49,609	424,909
Board of education	26,672	-	-	-	26,672
Administration	885,679	160,950	-	291	1,046,920
Fiscal	298,736	50,686	-	-	349,422
Operations and maintenance	812,149	_	-	8,000	820,149
Central	_	-	-	12,791	12,791
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	-	-	-	161,789	161,789
Extracurricular activities	26,988	-	-	-	26,988
Facilities acquisition and construction	117,249	-	-	-	117,249
Total expenditures	5,409,194	791,566		626,254	6,827,014
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	734,875	253,782	186,702	(15,657)	1,159,702
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	_	_	500,000	_	500,000
Transfers (out)	(500,000)	_	-	_	(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(500,000)		500,000		
Net change in fund balances	234,875	253,782	686,702	(15,657)	1,159,702
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	3,043,704	248,456	2,033,921	51,675	5,377,756
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,278,579	\$ 502,238	\$ 2,720,623	\$ 36,018	\$ 6,537,458

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

\$ 1,159,702

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.

Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 329,836 (429,620)	
Total		(99,784)
Revenues in the statement of activities, such as delinquent taxes		
that do not provide current financial resources are not		
reported as revenues in the funds.		113,205
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated		
absences, do not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not		
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		55,146
Internal service fund for self-insurance is not reported in the expenditures		
and reltaed internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The next expense		
of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		193,779
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	1,422,048

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Taxes	\$ 1,904,058	\$ 1,917,023	\$ 1,917,023	\$ -	
Tuition	246,270	247,947	247,947	-	
Rental income	596	600	600	-	
Contract services	61,108	61,524	61,845	321	
Other local revenues	4,370	4,400	4,651	251	
Intergovernmental - state	3,909,887	3,936,509	3,936,509	-	
Intergovernmental - federal	38,398	38,659	38,659		
Total revenues	6,164,687	6,206,662	6,207,234	572	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	598,614	598,639	584,522	14,117	
Special	208,151	208,160	206,391	1,769	
Vocational	2,003,582	2,003,669	1,891,940	111,729	
Support services:					
Pupil	223,401	223,161	210,392	12,769	
Instructional staff	374,211	374,230	351,762	22,468	
Board of education	33,118	33,119	26,796	6,323	
Administration	932,095	932,136	907,168	24,968	
Fiscal	304,599	304,612	300,091	4,521	
Operations and maintenance	903,394	903,433	844,069	59,364	
Extracurricular activities	33,780	33,781	25,563	8,218	
Facilities acquisition and construction	120,845	120,850	117,849	3,001	
Total expenditures	5,735,790	5,735,790	5,466,543	269,247	
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures	428,897	470,872	740,691	269,819	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	9,640	9,706	9,706	_	
Transfers (out)	(502,000)	(502,000)	(502,000)	_	
Advances in	-	-	100,855	100,855	
Advances (out)	-	_	(100,855)	(100,855)	
Sale of capital assets	497	500	500	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(491,863)	(491,794)	(491,794)		
Net change in fund balance	(62,966)	(20,922)	248,897	269,819	
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	3,257,426	3,257,426	3,257,426	_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	10,135	10,135	10,135	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,204,595	\$ 3,246,639	\$ 3,516,458	\$ 269,819	
·			·		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ADULT EDUCATION FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget		
	()riginal	Final			Actual		Positive	
Revenues:					-			_	
From local sources:									
Tuition	\$	795,989	\$	813,150	\$	836,104	\$	22,954	
Other local revenues		1,837		1,877		1,930		53	
Intergovernmental - state		176,174		179,972		185,052		5,080	
Total revenue		974,000		994,999		1,023,086		28,087	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Vocational		547,027		565,926		508,771		57,155	
Adult/continuing		316		327		294		33	
Support Services:									
Pupil		51,446		53,223		47,848		5,375	
Instructional staff		39,780		41,154		36,998		4,156	
Administration		179,386		185,584		166,841		18,743	
Fiscal		54,179		56,051		50,390		5,661	
Total expenditures		872,134		902,265		811,142	-	91,123	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		101,866		92,734		211,944		119,210	
Net change in fund balance		101,866		92,734		211,944		119,210	
Fund balance at beginning of year		282,024		282,024		282,024		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,265		2,265		2,265		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	386,155	\$	377,023	\$	496,233	\$	119,210	

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash with fiscal agent	\$	875,591	
Total assets		875,591	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Claims payable		116,965	
Total liabilities		116,965	
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		758,626	
Total net assets	\$	758,626	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:			
Sales/charges for services	\$	1,024,921	
Total operating revenues		1,024,921	
Operating expenses:			
Purchased services		194,527	
Claims		654,661	
Total operating expenses		849,188	
Operating income		175,733	
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue		18,046	
Total nonoperating revenues		18,046	
Change in net assets		193,779	
Net assets at beginning of year		564,847	
Net assets at end of year	\$	758,626	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities:	_		
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$	1,024,921	
Cash payments for claims		(194,527) (611,421)	
Net cash provided by			
operating activities		218,973	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received		18,046	
Net cash provided by investing activities		18,046	
Net increase in cash and investments		237,019	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		638,572	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	875,591	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	175,733	
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in claims payable		43,240	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	218,973	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2011

	Agency	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	16,704
Intergovernmental		52,925
Total assets	\$	69,629
Liabilities:		
Due to students	\$	16,704
Due to primary government		52,925
Total liabilities	\$	69,629

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CENTER

The Columbiana County Career and Technical Center (the "Center") is organized under section 3311.88 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Center provides vocational education for 9 school districts serving all eligible students throughout 501 square miles of eastern Ohio, including Columbiana and portions of Mahoning and Jefferson counties. The Center fosters cooperative relationships with business and industry, professional organizations, participating school districts and other interested, concerned groups and organizations to consider, plan, and implement educational programs designed to meet the common needs and interests of students. The Center is staffed by 54 certified employees and 2 non-certified employees to provide service to approximately 636 students.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its proprietary fund provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Center. For the Center, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Center is financially accountable. The Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Center in that the Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Center has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the Center (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the Center:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS)

ACCESS is a jointly governed organization among 23 school districts, 2 career and technical centers, 1 community school and 2 educational service centers. ACCESS was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports ACCESS based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. ACCESS is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the members school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the Center does not have any equity interest in ACCESS. Financial information can be obtained from the treasurer for the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 100 DeBartolo Place, Suite 104, Youngstown, Ohio 44512-7019.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Services Agency

The District is a participant with several other school districts in an insurance purchasing pool to operate the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA). OME-RESA was formed for the purpose of providing insurance. OME-RESA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board.

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The Center participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following are the Center's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Adult education fund</u> - The adult education fund is used to account for transactions made in connection with adult education classes. Receipts include, but are not limited to, tuition from patrons and students and reimbursement from the State Department of Education. Expenditures include supplies, salaries and textbooks.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to acquiring, construction or improving projects that are approved by Section 5705, Ohio Revised Code.

Other governmental funds of the Center are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Center's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The Center has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the Center's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Center, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the Center accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical/surgical and dental benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Center's own programs. The Center has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Center's agency fund accounts for student activities and Center agency services.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the Center. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Center.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Center are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Center. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Center finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the Center's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the claims and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2011 are recorded as deferred revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The Center is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2011 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Columbiana County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the Center must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the Center Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Center Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate of estimated resources when the original and final appropriations were adopted.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2011, however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.

Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the budgetary statements present comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures as elected by the Center Treasurer.

8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Center is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Center's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), non-negotiable certificates of deposit and a repurchase agreement. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and non negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The Center has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2011. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the permanent improvement capital projects fund. Interest revenue credited to the permanent improvement fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$48,152, which includes \$29,944 assigned from other Center funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Center are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the Center's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a non spendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The Center does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the Center consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the Center and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2011, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future.

The Center records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for employees after 20 years of current service with the Center, or after 15 years of service and at least 45 years of age or after 10 years of service and at least 50 years old.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2011 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Center applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Center, these revenues are charges for services for the employee self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund, including claims and administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2011.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u>", and GASB Statement No. 59, "<u>Financial Instruments Omnibus</u>".

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarifies the definitions of governmental fund types.

GASB Statement No. 59 updates and improves guidance for financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Center.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Fund Reclassifications

Fund reclassifications are required in order to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No 54. These fund reclassifications had the following effect on the Center's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

		General	E	Adult ducation		Permanent nprovement	onmajor ernmental	Go	Total overnmental
Fund balance as previously reported	\$	3,043,268	\$	248,456	\$	2,033,921	\$ 52,111	\$	5,377,756
Fund reclassifications:									
Uniform school supplies		2		-		-	(2)		-
Public school fund		434		_			(434)		<u>-</u>
Total fund reclassifications	_	436			_		(436)		<u>-</u>
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$	3,043,704	\$	248,456	\$	2,033,921	\$ 51,675	\$	5,377,756

The fund reclassifications did not have an effect on net assets as previously reported.

C. Budgetary Prior Period Adjustment

In prior years certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds were considered part of the general fund on a budgetary basis. Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 54, only the legally budgeted general fund should be reported in the budgetary statement; therefore, a restatement to the beginning budgetary balance is required. The restatement of the general fund's budgetary-basis fund balance at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Budgetary Basis

	General Fund			
Balance at June 30, 2010 Funds budgeted elsewhere	\$	3,288,736 (31,310)		
Restated balance at July 1, 2010	\$	3,257,426		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

D. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2011 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	 <u> Peficit</u>
Adult basic education	\$ 2,258
Vocational education	5,512

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the Center had \$900 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the Center as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The Center is self-insured through a fiscal agent. The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit, since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The amount held by the fiscal agent at June 30, 2011 was \$875,591. This amount is not included in the "deposits" or "investments" reported below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of all Center deposits was \$2,862,821, exclusive of the \$3,901,031 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2011, \$2,750,000 of the Center's bank balance of \$3,047,000 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$297,000 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Center's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Center. The Center has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Center to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the Center had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturities
		6 months or
<u>Investment Type:</u>	Fair Value	less
Repurchase agreement	\$ 3,901,031	\$ 3,901,031
STAR Ohio	116,164	116,164
Total	\$ 4,017,195	\$ 4,017,195

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Center's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Center will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the Center's \$3,901,031 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the Center. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The Center has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Center places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Center at June 30, 2011:

Investment Type:	_]	Fair Value		
Repurchase agreement STAR Ohio	\$	3,901,031 116,164	97.11 2.89	
Total	\$	4,017,195	100.00	

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2011:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,862,821
Investments	4,017,195
Cash with fiscal agent	875,591
Cash on hand	 900
Total	\$ 7,756,507
Cash and investments per statement of net assets Governmental activities Agency funds	\$ 7,739,803 16,704
Total	\$ 7,756,507

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from the general fund to:</u>	Amount
Permanent Improvement	\$ 500,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien on December 31, 2009, were levied after April 1, 2010, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 (other than public utility property) generally represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009 on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers were due September 20, 2010. Single county taxpayers could pay annually or semiannually. If paid semiannually, the first payment was due April 30, 2010, with the remainder payable by September 20, 2010.

The District receives property taxes from Columbiana County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$48,132 in the general fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was \$168,983 in the general fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

		2010 Second Half Collections			2011 First Half Collections		
	_	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	943,088,030 54,524,734	94.53 5.47	\$	952,237,070 55,489,750	94.49 5.51	
Total	\$	997,612,764	100.00	\$	1,007,726,820	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$2.80			\$2.80		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 2,095,078
Accounts	170,522
Accrued Interest	1,725
Total	\$ 2,267,325

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/10	Additions	Deductions	06/30/11
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 152,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 152,290
Construction in progress		117,249		117,249
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	152,290	117,249		269,539
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	283,592	-	-	283,592
Buildings and improvements	8,084,158	24,500	-	8,108,658
Furniture and equipment	2,249,791	164,692	(2,554)	2,411,929
Vehicles	118,742	23,395		142,137
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,736,283	212,587	(2,554)	10,946,316
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(247,274)	(2,932)	-	(250,206)
Buildings and improvements	(2,132,359)	(258,890)	-	(2,391,249)
Furniture and equipment	(1,283,732)	(165,163)	2,554	(1,446,341)
Vehicles	(111,119)	(2,635)		(113,754)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,774,484)	(429,620)	2,554	(4,201,550)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,114,089	\$ (99,784)	\$ -	\$ 7,014,305

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 26,274
Vocational	289,926
Support services:	
Pupil	4,714
Instructional staff	23,339
Administration	14,326
Fiscal	3,829
Operations and maintenance	13,688
Central	2,111
Food service operations	51,413
Total depreciation expense	\$ 429,620

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE

On April 15, 2011, the Center (the "Lessor") entered into a lease agreement with Chesapeake Exploration, LLC. (the "Lessee"). The Center leased approximately 52 acres of land to the Lessee. The Lessee will pay the Center lease royalty payments of 17.5% of the gross proceeds attributable to the applicable well. In addition, the Center will receive a bonus payment in September 2011 of \$2,250 per acre, or approximately \$117,250. This payment is recorded as a receivable in the permanent improvement fund. The Board earmarked both the bonus payment and royalty payments for the permanent improvement fund.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2011, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

•	Balance Outstanding			Balance Outstanding	Amounts Due in
	06/30/10	Additions	Reductions	06/30/11	One Year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$ 295,606	\$ 47,589	\$ (81,850)	\$ 261,345	\$ 68,474
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	\$ 295,606	\$ 47,589	\$ (81,850)	\$ 261,345	\$ 68,474

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee is paid, which for the Center are primarily the general fund, adult education fund and the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the Center shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the Center. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Center. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the Center. The assessed valuation used in determining the Center's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the Center's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011, are a voted debt margin of \$90,695,414 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,007,727.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 312 days for administrators, 188 days for classified and 274 for certified personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave to a maximum of 78 days for administrators, 47 days for classified employees and 68 days for certified employees.

B. Life Insurance

The Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Safeco Life Insurance Company.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the Center's insurance coverage was as follows:

Type of Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>	Liability Limit
Building and Contents - replacement cost	\$ 1,000	\$21,090,002
Boiler	1,000	21,090,002
EDP Coverage	500	394,200
Garagekeepers	500	120,000
Automobile Liability	500	1,000,000
General Liability:		
Per occurrence	n/a	1,000,000
Aggregate	n/a	2,000,000
Umbrella Liability:		
Per occurrence	10,000	2,000,000
Aggregate	10,000	2,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Health Insurance

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The Center is a member of a claims servicing pool, in which monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the Center's behalf. The claims liability of \$55,749 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2011, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be reported. Changes in claims activity for the current and previous fiscal year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning Balance	Claims Incurred	Claims Payments	Ending Balance
2011	\$ 73,725	\$ 654,661	\$ (611,421)	\$ 116,965
2010	64,540	540,734	(531,549)	73,725

C. Workers' Compensation

The Center participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. Participants in the Plan are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for its Plan tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts than can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, assistance with safety programs, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Center is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current Center rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the Center's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2011, 11.77 percent and 0.04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The Center's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$85,520, \$90,362 and \$67,537, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The Center participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Center was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Center's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$334,056, \$322,554 and \$333,639, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2011 were \$8,585 made by the Center and \$6,133 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2011, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Center's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The Center participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The Center's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$34,871, \$29,145 and \$42,826, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The Center's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$5,503, \$5,374 and \$5,572, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The Center contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The Center's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$25,697, \$24,812 and \$27,165, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	G	eneral fund	Ad	ult Education
Budget basis	\$	248,897	\$	211,944
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(120,206)		22,262
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		65,525		12,896
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(10,206)		-
Funds budgeted elsewhere		5,999		-
Adjustment for encumbrances		44,866		6,680
GAAP basis	\$	234,875	\$	253,782

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special rotary fund, farm fund, uniform school supplies fund, and the public school support fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Center receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the Center. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Center.

B. Litigation

The Center is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The Center is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2010	\$ -	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	49,717	49,717
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement	-	-
Current year qualifying expenditures	(225,522)	(315,267)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years	(1,558,007)	-
Current year offsets	-	(500,000)
Waiver granted by ODE	-	-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total	\$ (1,733,812)	\$ (765,550)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2012	\$ -	\$ -
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$ -	\$ -

The Center had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook set-aside amount to below zero. Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set-aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This negative balance is therefore not being presented as being carried forward to the future fiscal year. Although the Center had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The Center utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the Center's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
Fund Type	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	35,153
Adult education		2,444
Permanent improvement		165,893
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,052
Total	\$	204,542

NOTE 19 – CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2011, the Center had contractual purchase commitments for the following projects:

					Amount
		Amou	nt Paid	Re	maining on
Purchase	e Commitments	as of 6/	30/2011		Contracts
		,			
\$	285,000	\$	-	\$	285,000
	101,000		-		101,000
	603,600		-		603,600
	234,651		-		234,651
	79,400		-		79,400
	69,333		-		69,333
	17,160				17,160
\$	1,390,144	\$	-	\$	1,390,144
		101,000 603,600 234,651 79,400 69,333 17,160	Purchase Commitments as of 6/2 \$ 285,000 \$ 101,000 603,600 234,651 79,400 69,333 17,160	\$ 285,000 \$ - 101,000 - 603,600 - 234,651 - 79,400 - 69,333 - 17,160 -	Amount Paid as of 6/30/2011 \$ 285,000 \$ - \$ 101,000 - 603,600 - 234,651 - 79,400 - 69,333 - 17,160 - Amount Paid as of 6/30/2011 Re of 6/30/2011 Re of 6/30/2011 Re of 6/30/2011 Re of 6/30/2011 O

These contractual commitments relate to the Center's comprehensive plan for upgrading and improving the Center. The project commenced on July 13, 2011.



December 16, 2011

To the Board of Education Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Lisbon, OH 44432

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center (the "Center") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the Center is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* December 16, 2011 Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Center in a separate letter dated December 16, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Lea & Cassciates, Inc.



December 16, 2011

To the Board of Education Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Lisbon, OH 44432

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Columbiana County Career and Technical Center (the "Center") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The Center's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Center's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Center's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Center's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Center complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 December 16, 2011 Page 2

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Center is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Center's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Lea & Cassciates, Inc.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	R	Receipts	on-Cash eceipts	Dish	oursements	n-Cash ursements
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Education:								
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	10.553	2011	\$	22,900		\$	22,900	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2011		62,752	\$ 2,905		62,752	\$ 2,905
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				85,652	 2,905		85,652	 2,905
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				85,652	 2,905		85,652	2,905
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Federal Programs:								
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A		443,219			443,844	
Rural Education	84.358	2011		38,659			38,659	
Passed through Ohio Department of Education: Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	2010 2011		0 176,830			3,545 176,830	
Total Adult Education - Basic Grants to States		2011		176,830			180,375	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	2011		234,478			234,478	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2011		3,915			3,915	
Total U.S. Department of Education				897,101	 		901,271	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$	982,753	\$ 2,905	\$	986,923	\$ 2,905

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE A: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the Center's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B: CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Reimbursement monies are commingled with local receipts and state grants. It is assumed federal moneys are expended first.

Food Distribution Program nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards at the entitlement value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2011, the Center had no significant food commodities inventory.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, SECTON .505 JUNE 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other internal control deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Was there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other internal control deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list): Federal Pell Grant Program	Program: CFDA #84.063
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: All others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NONE

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

NONE





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

December 16, 2011

To the Board of Education Columbiana County Career and Technical Center Lisbon, Ohio 44432

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Columbiana County Career and Technical Center (the Center) has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

- 1. In our report dated December 16, 2011, we noted the Board adopted an anti-harassment policy at its meeting on January 15, 2008. However, this policy did not include all matters required by Ohio Rev. Code 3313.666.
- 2. The Board amended the policy at its meeting on November 16, 2010 to include violence within a dating relationship in its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying. However, we noted the policy still does not include the following requirements listed in Ohio Rev. Code 3313.666.
 - (5) A requirement that parents or guardians of any student involved in a prohibited incident be notified and, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended, have access to any written reports pertaining to the prohibited incident;

(10) A requirement that the district administration semiannually provide the president of the district board a written summary of all reported incidents and post the summary on its web site, if the district has a web site, to the extent permitted by section 3319.321 of the Revised Code and the "Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 571, 20 U.S.C. 1232q, as amended.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kea & Brosciates, Inc.



COLUMBIANA COUNTY CAREER AND TECHNICAL CENTER

COLUMBIANA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 26, 2012