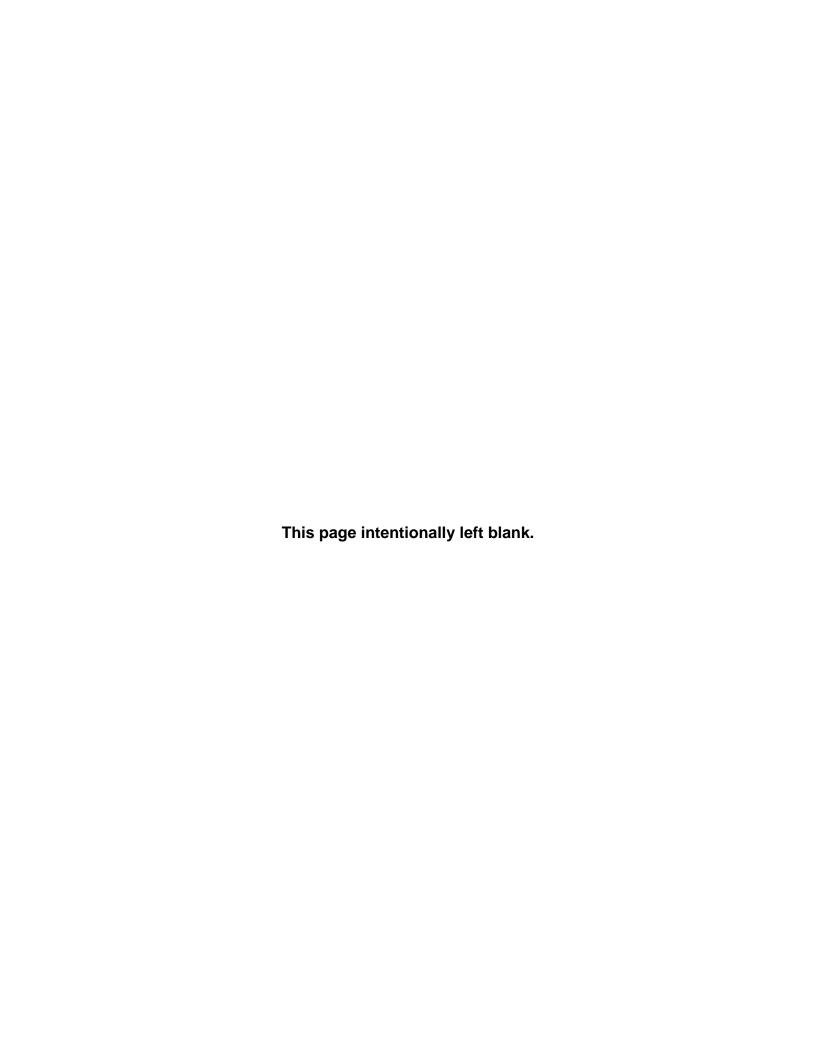




MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) – General Fund	17
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Internal Service Fund	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Internal Service Fund	19
Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Fund	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Private Purpose Trust Fund	22
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23
Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	55
Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule	56
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	57
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to The Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	59
Schedule of Findings – OMB Circular A-133 § .505	61



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Morgan Local School District Morgan County P.O. Box 509 McConnelsville, Ohio 43756

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Local School District, Morgan County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Local School District, Morgan County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2011, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

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Morgan Local School District Meigs County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's Discussion and Analysis* as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) provides additional information required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This Schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 16, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The discussion and analysis of the Morgan Local School District's (School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2010 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,767,353.
- General revenues accounted for \$21,090,726 in revenue or 82% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest accounted for \$4,628,877 or 18% of total revenues of \$25,719,603.
- The School District had \$23,952,250 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,628,877 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest. General revenues of \$21,090,726 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The School District's three major funds were the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the School Facilities Capital Project Fund. The General Fund had \$19,095,508 in revenues and \$17,469,848 in expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased \$1,880,052. The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund had \$1,085,192 in revenues and \$1,083,621 in expenditures. The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund's balance increased \$1,571. The School Facilities Capital Project Fund had \$740,904 in revenues and \$9,079,827 in expenditures. The School Facilities Capital Projects Fund decreased \$8,338,923.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look as the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2010?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, bond service operations, and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multiple of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and the School Facilities Capital Projects Fund.

Governmental Funds All of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. They are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the School District's programs. The School District uses the accrual basis of accounting to report fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2010 compared to 2009.

Table 1
Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2010	2009	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$19,990,154	\$28,027,480	(\$8,037,326)
Capital Assets	42,875,653	34,544,800	8,330,853
Total Assets	62,865,807	62,572,280	293,527
Liabilities			
Long-term Liabilities	12,290,507	12,671,458	(380,951)
Other Liabilities	7,114,944	8,207,819	(1,092,875)
Total Liabilities	19,405,451	20,879,277	(1,473,826)
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	33,462,403	24,671,993	8,790,410
Restricted	6,327,134	15,413,122	(9,085,988)
Unrestricted	3,670,819	1,607,888	2,062,931
Total Net Assets	\$43,460,356	\$41,693,003	\$1,767,353

Total assets increased \$293,527. Property taxes receivable and capital assets increased \$327,236 and \$8,330,853, respectively. The increase in property taxes receivable was due to an increase in the amounts certified to be collected by the individual County Auditors. The primary cause for increased capital assets is the increase in the amount of construction in progress being recorded in connection with the Ohio School Facilities Project. These increases were offset by decreases in cash and cash equivalents and intergovernmental receivables. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$7,812,108 was due mainly to the payment of ongoing construction costs associated with the Ohio School Facilities Project. The decrease in intergovernmental receivables in the amount of \$548,454 was a direct result of the continuing work on the Ohio School Facilities Project. The receivable recorded for fiscal year 2009 was approximately \$597,282 compared to no receivable being recorded at June 30, 2010. As of June 30, 2010, the School District had drawn all Ohio School Facilities Funds for construction associated with the High School project. The High School project was officially completed during the beginning of fiscal year 2011.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Current liabilities decreased \$1,092,875 mainly due to a decrease of \$758,321 in contracts payable, a decrease of \$159,118 in intergovernmental payable, and a decrease of \$122,036 in claims payable. The decreases in contracts payable is a direct result of construction associated with the Ohio School Facilities Project. The decrease in intergovernmental payable is a direct result of the change associated with the School Employees Retirement System accrual being recorded on a current basis instead of being six months in arrears as in prior fiscal years. The decrease in claims payable is due to a smaller estimate provided by the actuarial for fiscal year 2010 compared to fiscal year 2009. Long-term liabilities decreased \$380,951 primarily due to the payment of \$300,000 on the 2000 School Facilities Construction and Improvement General Obligation Bonds, \$60,000 on the 2006 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Refunding Bonds, \$90,000 on the 2007 School Facilities Construction and Improvement General Obligation Bonds, \$52,590 on the Energy Conservation Improvement Note, \$13,495 on the Ohio Department of Education Construction Loan, \$95,000 on the Bus Purchase Bonds, and principal payments of \$120,268 for the copier capital leases. These payments were offset by the inception of a capital lease for copiers for \$284,049.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	2010	2009	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$744,138	\$720,858	\$23,280
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	3,877,364	4,697,390	(820,026)
Capital Grants and Contributions	7,375	43,717	(36,342)
Total Program Revenues	4,628,877	5,461,965	(833,088)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	5,069,800	4,747,675	322,125
Grants and Entitlements	15,424,799	13,619,462	1,805,337
Interest	388,629	654,607	(265,978)
Miscellaneous	207,054	105,234	101,820
Rent	444	736	(292)
Total General Revenues	21,090,726	19,127,714	1,963,012
Total Revenues	\$25,719,603	\$24,589,679	\$1,129,924

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	2010	2009	Change
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$9,379,188	\$10,280,361	(\$901,173)
Special	3,025,222	2,869,241	155,981
Vocational	1,105,012	1,036,960	68,052
Intervention	440,906	371,448	69,458
Support Services:			
Pupils	746,766	828,180	(81,414)
Instructional Staff	687,078	817,802	(130,724)
Board of Education	33,184	104,187	(71,003)
Administration	1,671,227	1,855,952	(184,725)
Fiscal	725,810	640,855	84,955
Business	274,885	240,326	34,559
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,823,200	1,726,786	96,414
Pupil Transportation	1,882,230	1,857,878	24,352
Central	204,105	188,334	15,771
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	1,192,715	1,140,618	52,097
Extracurricular Activities	227,684	260,383	(32,699)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	533,038	436,734	96,304
Total Expenses	23,952,250	24,656,045	(703,795)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	1,767,353	(66,366)	1,833,719
Net Assets Beginning of Year	41,693,003	41,759,369	(66,366)
Net Assets End of Year	\$43,460,356	\$41,693,003	\$1,767,353

Net assets increased \$1,797,353. Revenues reflect an increase of \$1,129,924 due mainly to an increase in property taxes of \$322,125 and an increase in grants and entitlements of \$1,805,337. The increase in property taxes is due mainly to an increase in the assessed values as certified by the County Auditors. The increase in grants and entitlements is a direct result of the education stabilization stimulus money being received in fiscal year 2010. These increases were offset by a decrease in operating grants and contributions in the amount of \$820,026 and a decrease in interest earnings of \$265,978. Interest earnings decreased due to the lower interest rates for investments as a result of the economic conditions of fiscal year 2010.

Total instruction expenses decreased \$607,682. Regular instruction decreased \$901,173 mainly due to the School District offering teachers an early termination/retirement benefit option during fiscal year 2009 that would be paid over a three year period by the School District. In addition, this decrease is also due to a change in the recording between functions based on the School District receiving more grant monies due to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act and recording those employees to special instruction.

The DeRolph III decision has not eliminated the dependence on property taxes. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. Inflation alone will not increase the amount of funds generated by a tax levy. Basically, the mills collected decreased as the property valuation increases thus generating about the same revenue. Property taxes made up approximately 20% of revenues for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal year 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, contributions, and interest earnings offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services
	2010	2010	2009	2009
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$9,379,188	\$8,797,957	\$10,280,361	\$9,230,934
Special	3,025,222	1,378,411	2,869,241	791,726
Vocational	1,105,012	1,082,672	1,036,960	1,008,792
Intervention	440,906	4,966	371,448	17,244
Support Services:				
Pupils	746,766	725,311	828,180	803,968
Instructional Staff	687,078	358,347	817,802	580,410
Board of Education	33,184	33,184	104,187	103,421
Administration	1,671,227	1,635,481	1,855,952	1,785,941
Fiscal	725,810	663,561	640,855	589,088
Business	274,885	269,885	240,326	233,770
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,823,200	1,749,169	1,726,786	1,630,000
Pupil Transportation	1,882,230	1,722,397	1,857,878	1,623,263
Central	204,105	165,157	188,334	164,867
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	1,192,715	42,655	1,140,618	(4,366)
Extracurricular Activities	227,684	161,182	260,383	198,288
Interest and Fiscal Charges	533,038	533,038	436,734	436,734
Total	\$23,952,250	\$19,323,373	\$24,656,045	\$19,194,080

The dependence upon tax revenues and State subsidies for governmental activities is apparent. For fiscal year 2010, approximately 81% of instructional activities were supported through taxes and other general revenues.

The School District Funds

The School District's major funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund had total revenues of \$19,095,508 and expenditures of \$17,469,848. The General Fund's balance increased \$1,880,052. The School District remains financially cautious. The economic condition within the School District would indicate the passage of an operating levy is highly unlikely.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal 2010, the School District amended its General Fund budget, but not significantly. The School District uses a modified site-based budgeting technique which is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, budget basis revenue was \$18,838,608, above final estimates of \$18,327,526. The \$511,082 difference was mainly due to an increase in the amount of property taxes actually received. Original estimates of \$18,517,711 were decreased \$190,185. The General Fund had final appropriations of \$18,348,514. This was \$211,640 above actual expenditures of \$18,136,874. This is due to the School District budgeting for contingencies and monitoring expenditures to keep them under budget.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund balance was \$4,910,757.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2010, the School District had \$42,875,653 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2010 balances compared to 2009.

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)
Governmental Activities

2010	2009
\$348,164	\$348,164
20,970,055	12,222,298
187,152	233,842
19,977,846	20,625,584
756,741	585,580
635,695	529,332
\$42,875,653	\$34,544,800
	\$348,164 20,970,055 187,152 19,977,846 756,741 635,695

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for more information on capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Debt

At June 30, 2010, the School District had \$10,568,446 in bonds, notes, and capital leases outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End
Governmental Activities

	2010	2009
2000 Energy Conservation Notes	\$350,797	\$403,387
1998 School Bus Acquisition Bonds	245,000	300,000
1999 School Bus Acquisition Bonds	175,000	215,000
2000 School Facilities Construction and		
Improvement Bonds	1,891,189	2,087,891
2006 School Facilities Construction and		
Improvement Refunding Bonds	4,017,586	4,048,145
2007 School Facilities Construction and		
Improvement Bonds	3,523,873	3,608,688
Ohio Department of Education Loan	121,454	134,949
Capital Leases	243,547	79,766
Totals	\$10,568,446	\$10,877,826

See Notes 14 and 15 to the basic financial statements for more information on debt.

Current Issues

Over the past several years, the School District has controlled spending levels to build a cash balance. The School District receives approximately 26% of its funding from local initiatives and the rest from state and federal monies. The School District does not expect any additional revenue from any of these sources in the near future.

The Board of Education and administration of the School District must maintain careful financial planning and prudent fiscal management in order to ensure financial stability.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Susan Gable, Treasurer/CFO at Morgan Local School District, P.O. Box 509, McConnelsville, Ohio 43756. Or E-Mail at mc_sgable@seovec.org.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	Governmental
Assets	Activities
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$13,515,187
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	132
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents	200,366
Accounts Receivable	2,328
Materials and Supplies Inventory	40,209
Intergovernmental Receivable	526,861
Prepaid Items	35,894
Property Taxes Receivable	5,538,665
Deferred Charges	130,512
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	21,318,219
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	21,557,434
Total Assets	62,865,807
10tm 1155Ct5	02,003,007
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	121,641
Contracts Payable	229,705
Retainage Payable	206,573
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,679,672
Accrued Interest Payable	31,309
Vacation Benefits Payable	55,272
Intergovernmental Payable	420,647
Deferred Revenue	4,033,642
Claims Payable	336,483
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,081,186
Due In More Than One Year	11,209,321
Total Liabilities	19,405,451
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	33,462,403
Restricted for:	,,
Debt Service	765,050
Capital Projects	4,155,622
Budget Stabilization	76,683
Textbooks	177,461
Bus Purchase	93,609
Library Materials:	,
Expendable	1,251
Nonexpendable	5,000
Other Purposes	1,052,458
Unrestricted	3,670,819
Total Net Assets	\$43,460,356

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

			D D		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
			Program Revenues	<u> </u>	Net Assets
		G1 A	Operating Grants,	0.1.10	
	Evmanaaa	Charges for Services	Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities	Expenses	Services	and interest	and Contributions	Activities
Instruction:					
Regular	\$9,379,188	\$301,347	\$279,884	\$0	(\$8,797,957)
Special	3,025,222	2,152	1,644,659	0	(1,378,411)
Vocational	1,105,012	7,570	13,395	1,375	(1,082,672)
Intervention	440,906	7,370	435,157	0	(4,966)
Support Services:	440,700	703	455,157	O	(4,700)
Pupils	746,766	2,152	19,303	0	(725,311)
Instructional Staff	687,078	0	328,731	0	(358,347)
Board of Education	33,184	0	0	0	(33,184)
Administration	1,671,227	0	35,746	0	(1,635,481)
Fiscal	725,810	0	62,249	0	(663,561)
Business	274,885	0	5,000	0	(269,885)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,823,200	0	74,031	0	(1,749,169)
Pupil Transportation	1,882,230	11,577	148,256	0	(1,722,397)
Central	204,105	391	38,557	0	(165,157)
Operation of Non-Instructional	201,103	371	30,337	Ů	(105,157)
Services:					
Food Service Operations	1,192,715	357,664	792,396	0	(42,655)
Extracurricular Activities	227,684	60,502	0	6,000	(161,182)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	533,038	0	0	0,000	(533,038)
interest and Fiscar Charges	222,020				(888,888)
Totals	\$23,952,250	\$744,138	\$3,877,364	\$7,375	(19,323,373)
		General Revenues			
		Property Taxes Lev			
		General Purpose	S		3,925,368
		Debt Service			987,542
			ities Maintenance		156,890
			nents not Restricted to	Specific Programs	15,424,799
		Interest			388,629
		Rent			444
		Miscellaneous			207,054
		Total General Reve	enues		21,090,726
		Change in Net Asse	ets		1,767,353
		Net Assets Beginni	ng of Year		41,693,003
		Net Assets End of Y	⁷ ear		\$43,460,356

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

	General Fund	Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund	School Facilities Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					•
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	\$5,161,544	\$611,788	\$4,096,409	\$1,380,023	\$11,249,764
Cash and Cash Equivalents in					
Segregated Accounts	0	0	0	132	132
Cash and Cash Equivalents with					
Escrow Agents	0	0	200,366	0	200,366
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and					
Cash Equivalents	347,753	0	0	0	347,753
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	4,212,685	1,150,087	0	175,893	5,538,665
Accounts	1,796	0	0	444	2,240
Intergovernmental	79,316	0	0	447,545	526,861
Interfund	9,691	0	0	0	9,691
Prepaid Items	30,113	0	0	0	30,113
Materials and Supplies Inventory	25,617	0	0	14,592	40,209
Total Assets	\$9,868,515	\$1,761,875	\$4,296,775	\$2,018,629	\$17,945,794
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$103,137	\$0	\$1,174	\$17,330	\$121,641
Contracts Payable	0	0	194,959	34,746	229,705
Retainage Payable	0	0	206,573	0	206,573
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,295,658	0	0	384,014	1,679,672
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	9,691	9,691
Intergovernmental Payable	332,303	0	0	88,344	420,647
Deferred Revenue	3,744,274	1,051,054	0	494,273	5,289,601
Total Liabilities	5,475,372	1,051,054	402,706	1,028,398	7,957,530
Fund Balances					
Reserved for Encumbrances	530,150	0	235,965	279,899	1,046,014
Reserved for Textbooks	177,461	0	0	0	177,461
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	76,683	0	0	0	76,683
Reserved for Property Taxes	479,582	99,033	0	18,717	597,332
Reserved for Bus Purchase	93,609	0	0	0	93,609
Reserved for Endowment	0	0	0	5,000	5,000
Unreserved:					
Undesignated, Reported in:					
General Fund	3,035,658	0	0	0	3,035,658
Special Revenue Funds	0	0	0	429,142	429,142
Debt Service Fund	0	611,788	0	0	611,788
Capital Projects Funds	0	0	3,658,104	256,582	3,914,686
Permanent Fund	0	0	0	891	891
Total Fund Balances	4,393,143	710,821	3,894,069	990,231	9,988,264
Total Fund Balances	1,373,113	710,021	2,02 1,002		2,200,00

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2010

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$9,988,264
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		42,875,653
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property Taxes Receivable	907,691	
Grants Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable	337,097 11,171	1,255,959
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		1,587,056
Unamortized issuance costs represent deferred charges which do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		130,512
Interest Payable is accrued for outstanding long-term liabilities while interest is not reported until due on the balance sheet.		(31,309)
Vacation Benefits Payable is recognized for earned vacation benefits that are to be used within one year but is not recognized on the balance sheet until due.		(55,272)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: School Improvement Bonds Payable Energy Conservation Notes Payable Bus Purchase Bonds Payable Loans Payable Capital Lease Payable Termination/ Retirement Incentive Payable	(9,432,648) (350,797) (420,000) (121,454) (243,547) (774,076)	
Sick Leave Benefits Payable	(947,985)	(12,290,507)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$43,460,356

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General Fund	Retirement Debt Service Fund	Facilities Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		A0 45 A04	40		* * * * * * * *
Taxes	\$3,831,571	\$967,221	\$0	\$153,866	\$4,952,658
Intergovernmental	14,590,986	117,971	548,817	4,756,512	20,014,286
Interest	190,897	0	192,087	6,022	389,006
Customer Services	12,510	0	0	357,664	370,174
Tuition and Fees	281,894	0	0	32,501	314,395
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	60,502	60,502
Gifts and Donations Rent	0 444	0	0	6,577 0	6,577 444
Miscellaneous	187,206	0	0	10,262	197,468
Total Revenues	19,095,508	1,085,192	740,904	5,383,906	26,305,510
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	7,738,714	0	0	980,858	8,719,572
Special	1,279,640	0	0	1,644,169	2,923,809
Vocational	932,179	0	0	132,077	1,064,256
Intervention	0	0	0	439,178	439,178
Support Services:					
Pupils	866,853	0	0	23,619	890,472
Instructional Staff	334,475	0	0	280,626	615,101
Board of Education	33,184	0	0	0	33,184
Administration	1,546,383	0	0	50,677	1,597,060
Fiscal	539,660	110,341	0	80,704	730,705
Business	223,588	0	0	35,794	259,382
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,598,868	0	0	76,620	1,675,488
Pupil Transportation	1,900,546	0	0	83,826	1,984,372
Central	171,957	0	0	29,712	201,669
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	0	1,086,432	1,086,432
Extracurricular Activities	153,569	0	0	59,980	213,549
Capital Outlay	2,102	0	9,079,827	174,366	9,256,295
Debt Service:			_	_	
Principal Retirement	120,268	611,085	0	0	731,353
Interest and Fiscal Charges	27,862	362,195	0	0	390,057
Total Expenditures	17,469,848	1,083,621	9,079,827	5,178,638	32,811,934
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	1,625,660	1,571	(8,338,923)	205,268	(6,506,424)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	0	0	0	32,607	32,607
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,950	0	0	0	2,950
Inception of Capital Lease	284,049	0	0	0	284,049
Transfers Out	(32,607)	0	0	0	(32,607)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	254,392	0	0	32,607	286,999
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,880,052	1,571	(8,338,923)	237,875	(6,219,425)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,513,091	709,250	12,232,992	752,356	16,207,689
Fund Balances End of Year	\$4,393,143	\$710,821	\$3,894,069	\$990,231	\$9,988,264

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Governmental funds reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities, are different because Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation: Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Property Taxes Charges for Services (393) Intergos remnental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received as revenues in the funds: Property Taxes (117,142 Charges for Services (393) Intergos remnental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of activities. Premiums and discounts are reported as revenues and expenditures when due in the governmental funds, but is accrued on outstanding debt on the statement of activities: Bond Premiums Annual Accretion Annorization of Issuance Costs Annorization of Issuance Costs Annorization of Issuance Costs Annorization of Discount The inception of a capital lease is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds. but increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets. (284,049) The inception of a capital lease is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds: Vacation Benefits Payable The inception of a capital lease is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds: Vacation Benefits Payable The interest seven and therefore are not reported as expendi	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$6,219,425)
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Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Vacation Benefits Payable Termination/ Retirement Incentive Payable Sick Leave Benefits Payable The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated.			(201.010)
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Termination/ Retirement Incentive Payable 5,908 Sick Leave Benefits Payable 65,663 72,279 The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (127,395)			
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The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (127,395)	Termination/ Retirement Incentive Payable	5,908	
not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (127,395)	Sick Leave Benefits Payable	65,663	72,279
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (127,395)	not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the		
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$1,767,353		-	(127,395)
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$1,767,353

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	42.250.000	#2.2 ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *	42 2 - 1 - 1	#202.1.10
Taxes	\$3,360,000	\$3,360,000	\$3,662,140	\$302,140
Intergovernmental	14,626,161	14,435,976	14,523,725	87,749
Interest	150,000	150,000	191,156	41,156
Customer Services	40,000	40,000	11,894	(28,106)
Tuition and Fees	189,000	189,000	275,140	86,140
Rent	500	500	361	(139)
Miscellaneous	152,050	152,050	174,192	22,142
Total Revenues	18,517,711	18,327,526	18,838,608	511,082
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	12,290,510	11,989,413	7,928,429	4,060,984
Special	129,000	129,000	1,292,740	(1,163,740)
Vocational	115,942	115,942	1,021,466	(905,524)
Support Services:				
Pupils	3,191,077	3,191,077	803,173	2,387,904
Instructional Staff	215,319	215,319	372,060	(156,741)
Board of Education	137,948	137,948	69,730	68,218
Administration	286,945	286,945	1,612,226	(1,325,281)
Fiscal	438,004	438,004	588,317	(150,313)
Business	8,073	8,073	228,359	(220,286)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	917,635	917,635	1,779,521	(861,886)
Pupil Transportation	909,884	912,228	2,103,122	(1,190,894)
Central	5,930	5,930	176,968	(171,038)
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	155,653	(155,653)
Capital Outlay	1,000	1,000	5,110	(4,110)
Total Expenditures	18,647,267	18,348,514	18,136,874	211,640
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(129,556)	(20,988)	701,734	722,722
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	10,000	10,000	19,547	9,547
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	2,950	2,950	2,950	0
Advances In	57,226	57,226	18,672	(38,554)
Advances Out	(75,000)	(75,000)	0	75,000
Transfers Out	(40,000)	(40,000)	(32,607)	7,393
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(44,824)	(44,824)	8,562	53,386
Net Change in Fund Balance	(174,380)	(65,812)	710,296	776,108
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,516,144	3,516,144	3,516,144	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	684,317	684,317	684,317	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$4,026,081	\$4,134,649	\$4,910,757	\$776,108

Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2010

	Self Insurance
Current Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,917,670
Accounts Receivable	88
Prepaid Items	32,799
	1050 555
Total Assets	1,950,557
Current Liabilities	
Deferred Revenue	27,018
Claims Payable	336,483
Total Liabilities	363,501
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	\$1,587,056

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Self Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$2,805,669
Operating Expenses Purchased Services Claims	382,970 2,550,094
Total Operating Expenses	2,933,064
Change in Net Assets	(127,395)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,714,451
Net Assets End of Year	\$1,587,056

Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Self Insurance
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds	\$2,805,624
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Services	(387,523)
Cash Payments for Claims	(2,672,130)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(254,029)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	2,171,699
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$1,917,670
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities Operating Loss	(\$127,395)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Increase in Prepaid Items	(4,465)
Increase in Accounts Receivable	(88)
Decrease in Claims Payable	(122,036)
Decrease in Deferred Revenue	(45)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$254,029)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust Parsons Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$7,980	\$26,683
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	2,061
Investments	100,000	0
Interest Receivable	7,207	0
Total Assets	115,187	\$28,744
Liabilities		
Due to Students	0	\$26,683
Undistributed Monies	0	2,061
Total Liabilities		\$28,744
Net Assets		
Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$115,187	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Private Purpose Trust Parsons Scholarship
Additions Interest	\$2,602
merest	\$3,692
Deductions	
Scholarships	4,500
Change in Net Assets	(808)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	115,995
Net Assets End of Year	\$115,187

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Morgan Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The School District is a countywide school district located in Morgan County, in the heart of Southeast Ohio, the Appalachian region of the State. The School District is nestled between Zanesville and Marietta on the scenic Muskingum River. Incorporating all of Morgan County's 421 square miles, the School District is, in terms of physical size, the third largest district in Ohio. The county is substantially rural with a population of 14,000.

The School District is a consolidation of seven small communities. Prior to 1966, each community had a kindergarten through 12th grade building. In 1966, a consolidated high school was built to serve Morgan County and the seven different community buildings were converted to kindergarten through 8th grade buildings. In late 2002, the School District completed four new elementary schools and a new middle school. Six of the seven old elementary buildings were sold and one remains property of the School District.

The School District is staffed by 110 classified employees and 175 certificated personnel who provide services to 2,106 students and other community members. The School District currently operates six instructional buildings, one administrative office site, and one garage.

Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, preschool, vocational instruction, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are the Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative, the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, and the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC). These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and to its internal service fund unless the pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described as follows:

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for the fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements usually distinguish between those activities that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts, or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The School District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program; and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by the School District can be classified using three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The General Fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund The Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

School Facilities Capital Projects Fund The School Facilities Capital Projects Fund is used to account for monies received from the State and debt issuances for the construction of new school buildings.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the School District's proprietary fund:

Internal Service Fund - The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the operation of the School District's self-insurance program for employee medical, vision, prescription drug, and dental claims.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for various student-managed activities and payroll and flexible benefits accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities accounts for increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes and grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest earnings, tuition, grants, fees, and rentals.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Allocation of appropriations to the function and object levels are made by the Treasurer.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, except a portion of the private purpose trust fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2010, investments consisted of nonparticipating certificates of deposit, which are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$190,897, which includes \$79,678 assigned from other School District funds.

The School District has segregated bank accounts for flexible spending and athletic accounts that are held separate from the School District's central bank account. These depository accounts are presented as "cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts" since they are not deposited into the School District treasury.

The School District is responsible for several interest bearing accounts that are in contractors' names and consist of retainage on contracts. The balances in these accounts are presented as "cash and cash equivalents with escrow agents" and represents deposits.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

G. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of materials and supplies held for consumption and donated and purchased food held for resale.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the fiscal year in which services are consumed.

I. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other government or imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets represent unexpended grants restricted for the purchase of buses, amounts required by Statute to be set-aside by the School District for the creation of a reserve for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional material, and a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 19 for additional information regarding set-asides.

J. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets resulting from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the fiscal year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of certain assets by back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	50 years
Buildings and Improvements	50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 15 years
Vehicles	3 - 10 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

K. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The liability for vacation benefits is recorded as "vacation benefits payable", rather than long-term liabilities, as the balances are to be used by employees in the fiscal year following the fiscal year earned.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees with seventeen or more years of current service with the School District.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds, long-term loans, and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

M. Internal Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, budget stabilization, textbooks, property taxes, bus purchases, and endowment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute. The reserve for budget stabilization represents monies required to be set aside by State statute to protect against cyclical changes in revenues and expenditures. The reserve for endowment represents monies required to be set aside by a donor-restricted endowment where only the interest can be used to purchase library materials each fiscal year.

O. Unamortized Issuance Costs, Bond Premiums and Discounts, and Accounting Gains

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs and bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Bond discounts on the capital appreciation bonds are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds.

Any gain or loss on refunding is allocated over the life of the old debt or the new debt whichever is shorter.

On the government fund financial statements, issuance costs, bond premiums, and bond discounts are recognized in the period in which bonds are issued.

P. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations and federal and state grants restricted for specified purposes.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2010:

	Deficit	
	Fund Balances	
Special Revenue Funds:		
Education Management Information System	\$1,531	
Early Childhood Education	3,076	
IDEA Part B	28,910	
Title I	73,772	
Title II-A	4,448	

The deficits are the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The General Fund provides transfers to cover these deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances In are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP).
- 5. Unrecorded and prepaid items are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$1,880,052
Revenue Accruals	(237,287)
Expenditure Accruals	(349,247)
Unreported Items:	
Beginning of Fiscal Year	366
End of Fiscal Year	(432)
Prepaid Items:	
Beginning of Fiscal Year	29,542
End of Fiscal Year	(30,113)
Advances In	18,672
Encumbrances	(601,257)
Budget Basis	\$710,296

NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, the School District's bank balance was \$14,184,586. Of the bank balance, \$950,497 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$5,097,297 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution. \$8,136,792 of the School District's balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, non-compliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments As of June 30, 2010, the School District had no investments.

Interest Rate Risk The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the school district. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2010 represents collections of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009 and are collected in 2010 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Beginning in 2001, the Ohio General Assembly reduced the assessment rate for certain tangible personal property of electric and gas utilities from 88 percent to 25 percent. Starting in tax year 2005, the assessment rate for personal property owned by telephone utilities prior to 1995 was being phased down from 88 percent to 25 percent (in tax year 2007) over a three-year period. Beginning in 2007, House Bill 66 switched telephone companies from being public utilities to general business taxpayers and began a four year phase out of the tangible personal property tax on local and inter-exchange telephone companies. No tangible personal property taxes will be levied or collected after calendar year 2010 on local and inter-exchange telephone companies.

The School District receives property taxes from Morgan, Washington, and Muskingum Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2010, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010, was \$479,582 in the General Fund, \$99,033 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$18,717 in the Classroom Facilities Special Revenue Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2009, was \$310,151 in the General Fund, \$63,581 in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, and \$12,406 in the Classroom Facilities Special Revenue Fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

		2009 Second- Half Collections		rst- ctions
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$179,335,690	88.94%	\$182,974,900	89.98%
Public Utility Personal	19,492,170	9.67%	19,804,860	9.74%
Tangible Personal	2,794,533	1.39%	574,570	0.28%
	\$201,622,393	100.00%	\$203,354,330	100.00%
Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$37.60		\$37.63

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2010, consisted of property taxes, accounts (rent, billings for user charged services, and student fees), interfund, and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. Other than delinquent property taxes, all receivables are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies, that will not be received within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts
Ohio Department of Education - Food Service	\$2,093
Morgan County Auditor's Office Refund	128
Title VI-B, Rural and Low Income	22,848
Title II-D	5,961
Vocational Education Enhancement	10,934
IDEA Part B	52,728
Title I	242,639
School Employees Retirement System Reimbursement	11,171
Early Childhood Education	3,606
Title II-A	76,037
21st Century	22,227
High Schools that Work	3,972
Medicaid Reimbursements	10,422
State Foundation Enrollment Adjustment	53,293
Morgan County Health Department Refund	4,500
Ohio Department of Taxation - Fuel Refund	1,965
Bureau of Workers Compensation Refund	10
Muskingum Valley ESC Refund	1,500
Washington State Community College Refund	827
_	\$526,861

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2009	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2010
Capital Assets:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$348,164	\$0	\$0	\$348,164
Construction in Progress	12,222,298	8,747,757	0	20,970,055
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	12,570,462	8,747,757	0	21,318,219
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	2,685,614	0	0	2,685,614
Buildings and Improvements	28,533,865	6,000	(243,720)	28,296,145
Furniture and Equipment	4,622,690	445,155	(165,027)	4,902,818
Vehicles	2,467,826	227,990	0	2,695,816
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	38,309,995	679,145	(408,747)	38,580,393
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(2,451,772)	(46,690)	0	(2,498,462)
Buildings and Improvements	(7,908,281)	(610,916)	200,898	(8,318,299)
Furniture and Equipment	(4,037,110)	(206,377)	97,410	(4,146,077)
Vehicles	(1,938,494)	(121,627)	0	(2,060,121)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,335,657)	(985,610) *	298,308	(17,022,959)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	21,974,338	(306,465)	(110,439)	21,557,434
Capital Assets, Net	\$34,544,800	\$8,441,292	(\$110,439)	\$42,875,653

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$374,529
Special	79,160
Vocational	53,016
Support Services:	
Pupils	74,260
Instructional Staff	45,894
Administration	52,423
Fiscal	1,829
Business	7,109
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	100,970
Pupil Transportation	122,125
Central	1,657
Food Service Operations	58,503
Extracurricular Activities	14,135
Total Depreciation Expense	\$985,610

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage:

Coverage provided by Ohio Casualty Insurance Group is as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$2,500 deductible)	\$52,501,000
General Liability:	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Annual Aggregate Limit	2,000,000
Medical Expense (per person)	15,000
Employee Benefits Liability (\$1,000 deductible):	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Annual Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Educator's Legal Liability (\$2,500 deductible):	
Per occurrence	1,000,000
Annual Aggregate Limit	1,000,000
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 Comprehensive/\$1,000 collision):	
Bodily Injury and Property Damage (each accident)	1,000,000
Other Than Auto Only, aggregate	1,000,000
Medical Payments	5,000
Uninsured Motorists (No deductible)	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2010, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

Medical, dental, vision, and prescription insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. The School District contracts with a third party administrator to handle stop-loss coverage. Monthly premiums for the cost of claims are remitted to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. The claims liability of \$336,483 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2010, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at			
	Beginning of	Current Year	Claims	Balance at
	Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2009	\$212,859	\$2,645,031	\$2,399,371	\$458,519
2010	458,519	2,550,094	2,672,130	336,483

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3476.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2010, 12.78 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$231,153, \$226,307, and \$229,110, respectively; 87.03 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (614) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2010, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$1,146,839, \$1,209,264, and \$1,256,284, respectively; 83.52 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$26,624 made by the School District and \$23,163 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2010, there are four Board Members who have elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2010, .46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2010, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care, including the surcharge, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$38,560, \$140,704, and \$155,759, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$11,216, \$19,820, and \$16,949, respectively; 84.10 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$88,218, \$93,020, and \$96,637, respectively; 83.52 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified and administrative employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Vacation days cannot be carried forward for more than one year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 240 days for certified employees and a maximum of 230 days for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 45 days for certified and 55 days for classified employees.

B. Other Employee Insurances

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance through CoreSource, in the amount of \$30,000 for all employees.

C. Retirement Incentive/Termination Benefits

The School District offered a one-time only voluntary separation agreement. The agreement was offered for teachers who were eligible and elected to retire at the end of fiscal year 2009 and fiscal year 2010. The benefit for those teachers that retired under this agreement was \$40,000.

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANFERS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2010, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$9,691	\$0
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Vocational Education	0	3,149
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	6,542
Total Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	9,691
Total All Funds	\$9,691	\$9,691

The interfund balance in the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund results from the provision of cash flow resources from the General Fund until the receipt of grant monies. The other interfund payable to the General Fund from the Vocational Education Fund is from a deficit cash balance at June 30, 2010. The interfund balances are anticipated to be repaid within one fiscal year.

During the year, the General Fund transferred \$32,607 to non-major governmental funds to help reduce deficit fund balances.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 14 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In the current and prior fiscal years, the School District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment, an administration building, and modular classrooms. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the governmental funds. Principal payments in 2010 were \$120,268.

	Governmental
	Activities
Buildings	\$274,371
Equipment	284,049
Total Property under Capital Lease	558,420
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(97,199)
Total June 30, 2010	\$461,221

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010.

Fiscal Year	Amount
2011	\$74,580
2012	74,580
2013	74,580
2014	74,580
2015	6,215
Total	304,535
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(60,988)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$243,547

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2010 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/09	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/10	Amounts Due Within One Year
Energy Conservation:					
2000 Long-Term Note - 5.9%	\$403,387	\$0	\$52,590	\$350,797	\$55,739
Total Energy Conservation Debt	403,387	0	52,590	350,797	55,739
1998 School Bus Acquisition Bonds - 4.5% to 4.8% 1999 School Bus Acquisition	300,000	0	55,000	245,000	55,000
Bonds - 4.45% to 4.75%	215,000	0	40,000	175,000	40,000
Total School Bus Acquisition Bonds	\$515,000	\$0	\$95,000	\$420,000	\$95,000

Morgan Local School District, Ohio Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/09	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/10	Amounts Due Within One Year
2004 Ohio Department of Education Construction Loan - 0%	\$134,949	\$0	\$13,495	\$121,454	\$13,495
				<u> </u>	·
2000 School Facilities Construction and Improvement General Obligation Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 5.25%	640,000	0	300,000	340,000	340,000
Original Issue of Capital Appreciation	,		,	,	,
Bonds - 21.947% - 21.861%	771,905	0	0	771,905	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation		400.000			
Bonds	675,986	103,298	0	779,284	240,000
Total 2000 School Facilities GO Bonds	2,087,891	103,298	300,000	1,891,189	340,000
2006 School Facilities Construction and					
Improvement Refunding Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 4.10%	3,190,000	0	0	3,190,000	0
Term Bonds - 3.80-4.00%	485,000	0	60,000	425,000	65,000
Original Issue of Capital Appreciation	224.002	0	0	224.002	0
Bonds - 14.276% Capital Appreciation Bonds:	234,993	0	0	234,993	0
Accretion	111,882	49,645	0	161,527	0
Premium	302,940	0	40,817	262,123	0
Deferred Amount on Refunding	(242,790)	0	(18,089)	(224,701)	0
Discount	(33,880)	0	(2,524)	(31,356)	0
Total 2006 School Facilities					
Refunding Bonds	4,048,145	49,645	80,204	4,017,586	65,000
2007 School Facilities Construction and					
Improvement General Obligation Bonds:					
Serial Bonds - 4.00%	1,185,000	0	90,000	1,095,000	90,000
Term Bonds - 3.15-4.35%	2,275,000	0	0	2,275,000	0
Original Issue of Capital Appreciation					
Bonds - 10.171%	70,000	0	0	70,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds: Accretion	11.061	7.050	0	10.010	0
Premium	11,061 67,627	7,858 0	0 2,673	18,919 64,954	$0 \\ 0$
Total 2007 School Facilities GO Bonds	3,608,688	7,858	92,673	3,523,873	90,000
1000 2007 20000 1 000000 00 2000	2,000,000	7,000	>2,0,0	0,020,070	70,000
Capital Leases	79,766	284,049	120,268	243,547	49,405
Retirement Incentive/					
Termination Benefits Payable	779,984	254,087	259,995	774,076	344,691
Sick Leave Benefits Payable	1,013,648	19,078	84,741	947,985	27,856
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$12,671,458	\$718,015	\$1,098,966	\$12,290,507	\$1,081,186

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

On September 26, 2000, the School District issued \$745,982 in an unvoted energy conservation long-term note for the purpose of providing energy measures for the School District. The note was issued for a fifteen year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2016. The debt will be retired through reductions in energy consumption and cost savings attributed to the installation of the energy conservation improvements. Tax revenues were allocated from the General Fund to the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund to meet current fiscal year obligations.

On September 1, 1998, and April 15, 1999, the School District issued \$725,000 and \$520,000, respectively, in unvoted school bus acquisition bonds for the purpose of acquiring school buses. Both bonds were issued for a 15 year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2014. The debt will be repaid through tax revenue allocations from the General Fund to the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund to meet current fiscal year obligations.

During fiscal year 2004, the School District entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Department of Education for \$500,000. The loan is broken out into two components: \$202,424 for assisting with construction costs of workforce education facilities to be repaid in 30 equal semiannual installments beginning July, 2005, and \$297,576 for assisting with the purchase of workforce education equipment to be repaid in 10 equal semiannual installments beginning July, 2005. The loans were used by the School District to replace the roof on the vocational building. The loans are interest free and are being paid out of the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. The equipment loan portion of this agreement was paid off during fiscal year 2009.

On April 1, 2000, the School District issued \$6,996,905 in voted general obligation bonds for constructing school buildings. The bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$2,165,000, \$4,060,000, and \$771,905, respectively. The bonds are being retired from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, with the proceeds of a 2.76 mill voted property tax levy. The term bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2007 (see discussion below). The liability for the remaining bonds, consisting of serial and capital appreciation bonds, is recorded in the Statement of Net Assets.

The current interest bonds maturing December 1, 2022, are subject to optional redemption at the option of the Board of Education on or after December 1, 2010, in whole or in part (in the amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof) on any date at the redemption price (expressed as a percentage of the principal amount) set forth below, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption:

Redemption Dates	Redemption Price
December 1, 2010 through November 30, 2011	101%
December 1, 2011 and thereafter	100%

The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal years 2012 thru 2016. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,980,000. For the fiscal year 2010, \$103,298 was accreted for a total bond value of \$1,551,189.

The interest on the capital appreciation bonds represents the accretion of the deep-discounted bonds from the initial value at the time of issuance to their value at final maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

On July 5, 2006, the School District issued \$4,059,993 in refunding bonds to retire \$4,060,000 of outstanding school improvement term bonds. \$4,356,810 (after discount, underwriting fees, and other issuance costs) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. At June 30, 2010, \$4,127,207 remained in this account. As a result, \$4,060,000 of refunded bonds is considered defeased and the liability is removed from the statement of net assets. As of June 30, 2010, \$4,060,000 was still outstanding on these refunded bonds.

The serial refunding bonds maturing on December 1, 2018, and thereafter, are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part on any date in any order of maturity as determined by the Board of Education on or after December 1, 2016, at par.

The 2006 capital appreciation bonds were sold at a premium of \$424,831. For fiscal year 2010, \$40,817 was amortized for total amortization outstanding of \$262,123. The capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal year 2018. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,055,000. For the fiscal year 2010, \$49,645 was accreted for a total bond value of \$396,520.

On October 18, 2007, the School District issued \$3,600,000 in voted general obligation bonds for improvements to the high school building. The bond issue included serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$1,255,000, \$2,275,000, and \$70,000, respectively. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund, with the proceeds of a 1.32 mill voted property tax levy.

The current interest bonds maturing December 1, 2034, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal Amount		
Date	To Be Redeemed		
2029	\$180,000		
2030	185,000		
2031	195,000		
2032	205,000		
2033	215,000		

The remaining principal amount of the bonds (\$220,000) will mature at the stated maturity on December 1, 2034.

The 2007 capital appreciation bonds will mature in fiscal year 2022. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$270,000. For the fiscal year 2010, \$7,858 was accreted for a total bond value of \$88,916.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2007 general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Serial		Term		Capital A	ppreciation
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2011	\$90,000	\$138,813	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2012	95,000	135,113	0	0	0	0
2013	100,000	131,213	0	0	0	0
2014	105,000	127,113	0	0	0	0
2015	105,000	122,912	0	0	0	0
2016-2020	600,000	546,063	0	0	0	0
2021-2025	0	0	420,000	313,113	70,000	345,221
2026-2030	0	0	835,000	312,799	0	0
2031-2035	0	0	1,020,000	114,840	0	0
Total	\$1,095,000	\$1,201,227	\$2,275,000	\$740,752	\$70,000	\$345,221

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2006 refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Ser	ial	Term		Capital A	ppreciation
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2011	\$0	\$0	\$65,000	\$146,295	\$0	\$0
2012	0	0	65,000	143,825	0	0
2013	0	0	70,000	141,190	0	0
2014	0	0	70,000	138,390	0	0
2015	0	0	75,000	135,490	0	0
2016-2020	1,150,000	281,260	80,000	66,995	234,993	1,016,191
2021-2023	2,040,000	128,946	0	0	0	0
Total	\$3,190,000	\$410,206	\$425,000	\$772,185	\$234,993	\$1,016,191

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2000 general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Serial		Capital A	appreciation
Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2011	\$340,000	\$8,925	\$0	\$0
2012	0	0	164,595	195,404
2013	0	0	156,233	213,768
2014	0	0	159,576	250,424
2015	0	0	149,649	265,351
2016	0	0	141,852	283,148
Total	\$340,000	\$8,925	\$771,905	\$1,208,095

Principal and interest requirements to maturity on the energy conservation debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year

Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Total
2011	\$55,739	\$19,896	\$75,635
2012	59,032	16,602	75,634
2013	62,610	13,024	75,634
2014	66,359	9,276	75,635
2015	70,331	5,303	75,634
2016	36,726	1,092	37,818
Total	\$350,797	\$65,193	\$415,990

Principal and interest requirements to maturity on the school bus acquisition bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year

Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$95,000	\$17,802	\$112,802
2012	105,000	13,023	118,023
2013	110,000	7,907	117,907
2014	110,000	2,629	112,629
Total	\$420,000	\$41,361	\$461,361

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Principal requirements to maturity on the Ohio Department of Education Loan is as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending June 30,	Principal
2011	\$13,495
2012	13,495
2013	13,495
2014	13,495
2015	13,495
2016-2018	53,979
Total	\$121,454

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$10,040,068, with an unvoted debt margin of \$202,780 at June 30, 2010.

B. Retirement Incentive/ Termination Benefits

A summary of the School District's future termination benefit incentive payments as of June 30, 2010, follows:

Fiscal Years	Retirement Incentive/
Ending June 30,	Termination Benefits
2011	\$344,691
2012	344,691
2013	84,694
Totals	\$774,076

C. Capital Leases Payable

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund.

D. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and the Food Service Special Revenue Funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 16 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2010, the School District had contractual purchase commitments for construction services relating to the Ohio School Facilities Project. The contract amount for these services is as follows:

	Contract	Amount	Amount
Contractor	Amount	Expended	Remaining
Accent Electronics Systems Integrators, Inc.	\$1,424,116	\$1,424,116	\$0
Accurate Electric Construction, Inc.	3,165,134	3,165,134	0
Apple Mobile Leasing, Inc.	165,951	165,951	0
Atlas Blueprint Supply	57,000	17,189	39,811
Central Fire Protection Co, Inc.	390,188	390,188	0
Civil & Environmental Consultants, Inc.	27,125	17,706	9,419
Claggett & Sons, Inc.	6,646,391	6,490,942	155,449
Climatech, Inc.	2,490,477	2,490,477	0
Continental Office Environments	65,601	65,601	0
Educational Furniture	95,124	95,124	0
Gandee and Associates, Inc.	55,497	55,497	0
Gutridge Plumbing, Inc.	1,282,311	1,281,781	530
Hann Manufacturing, Inc.	83,346	83,346	0
Lepi Enterprises, Inc.	161,177	148,090	13,087
LVI Environmental Services, Inc.	218,314	218,314	0
McDonald, Cassell & Bassett, Inc.	1,419,518	1,389,039	30,479
Mid-East Ohio Building Dept.	55,000	37,508	17,492
STAN and Associates	50,743	27,528	23,215
The Harold J. Becker Company, Inc.	1,470,583	1,470,583	0
The Wasserstrom Company, Inc	259,517	255,534	3,983
Tom Sexton & Associates	409,076	405,176	3,900
Wenger Corporation	15,449	15,449	0
Wright Line	51,984	51,984	0
PSC - Construction Manager	1,239,838	1,148,391	91,447
Various Contractors	59,407	59,407	0
- -	\$21,358,867	\$20,970,055	\$388,812

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC)

Southeastern Ohio Voluntary Education Cooperative is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SEOVEC has 28 participants consisting of school districts in nine southeastern counties. SEOVEC provides financial accounting services, educational management information, and cooperative purchasing services to member districts. Each member district pays a fee annually for services provided by SEOVEC. SEOVEC is governed by a board which is selected by the member districts. Each district has one vote in all matters, and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SEOVEC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the governing board. SEOVEC operates with its own Treasurer. The continued existence of SEOVEC is not dependent on the School District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. SEOVEC has no outstanding debt. During fiscal year 2010, the Morgan Local School District paid \$54,052 to SEOVEC. Financial statements for SEOVEC can be obtained from the Southeast Ohio Voluntary Educational Consortium, at 221 North Columbus Road, Athens, Ohio 45701.

B. Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools

The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization composed of 136 school districts and other educational institutions in the 32-county region of Ohio designated as Appalachia. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of seventeen members. One elected and one appointed from each of the seven regions into which the 32 Appalachian counties are divided; and three from Ohio University College of Education. The Coalition provides various in-service training programs for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding the level of education provided to children in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent on the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Coalition. The School District's membership fee was \$300 for fiscal year 2010. The financial information for the Coalition can be obtained from the Executive Director, at McCraken Hall, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio 45701.

NOTE 18 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

B. Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC)

The School District participates in the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative, a claims servicing and group purchasing pool comprised of fifteen members. The Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (OSBC) is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code. OSBC is governed by a nine member Board of Directors, all of whom must be school district and/or educational service center administrators. The Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent for OSBC. OSBC is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members which was created for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to maximize benefits and/or reduce costs of medical, prescription drug, vision, dental, life and/or other group insurance coverage for their employees, and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees.

Participants pay an initial \$500 membership fee to OSBC. OSBC offers two options to participants. The first option is that participants may enroll in the joint insurance purchasing program for medical, prescription drug, vision dental and/or life insurance. A second option is available for self-insured participants that provides for the purchase of stop loss insurance coverage through OSBC's third party administrator. The School District participates in the second option. The OSBC's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors consisting of school district superintendents elected by the members of the OSBC. Medical Mutual/Antares is the Administrator of the OSBC. During fiscal year 2010, the School District elected to participate in the self-insured joint insurance program for medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future fiscal years.

Effective April 10, 2001, through Amended Substitute Senate Bill 345, the requirement for school districts to establish and appropriate money for the budget stabilization was deleted from law. A school district may still establish reserve balance accounts consistent with Section 5705.13, Revised Code, if it so chooses; however, the requirement is no longer mandatory. In addition, any money on hand in a school district's budget reserve set-aside as of April 10, 2001, may at the discretion of the board be returned to the District's general fund or may be left in the account and used by the board to offset any budget deficit the district may experience in future years. The bill placed special conditions on any Bureau of Workers' Compensation monies remaining in the budget reserve. During fiscal year 2002, the Board of Education passed a resolution to maintain the refunds from the Bureau of Workers Compensation in the budget reserve pursuant to State Statute and at June 30, 2010, this continues to be set aside.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts for textbooks, capital acquisition, and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside reserve balance as of June 30, 2009	\$212,560	\$0	\$76,683
Current year set-aside requirement	289,852	289,852	0
Offset Credits	0	(147,555)	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(324,951)	(425,650)	0
Totals	\$177,461	(\$283,353)	\$76,683
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to		_	
Future Fiscal Years	\$177,461	\$0	\$76,683
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2010	\$177,461	\$0	\$76,683

The School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount below zero. This extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years. The total reserve balance for the three set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$254,144.

NOTE 20 - DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The School District's permanent fund includes a donor-restricted endowment. Net Assets – Library Materials – Nonexpendable of \$5,000 represents the principal portion of the endowment. The amount of net appreciation in donor-restricted investments that is available for expenditures by the governing body is \$1,251 and is included as Net Assets – Library Materials – Expendable. State law permits the governing board to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicated that the interest should be used to purchase library materials each fiscal year.

NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2010.

The School District was approved for \$1,126,367 of Federal Stimulus dollars as part of The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. These allocations are primarily to fund special education and early childhood programs. The allocations became available in fiscal year 2010 and will continue to be used to fund programs during fiscal year 2011.

B. Litigation

As of June 30, 2010, the School District is currently not a party to any material legal proceedings.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 22 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The School District has been approved for \$732,398 of Federal Education Jobs Fund Program Dollars as part of Public Law No. 111-226, signed by President Obama on August 10, 2010. This program provides assistance to save or create education jobs. The allocation will be available to fund fiscal year 2011.

The School District has also been approved for \$460,337 over for the next four years of Race to the Top Program Dollars. This program provides the use of expenditures for a new program or an expansion of an existing, a proven program aligned to an approved scope of work in the areas of Standards and Assessments, Using Data to Improve Instruction, Great Teachers and Leaders, and Turning Around the Lowest-Achieving Schools.

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
National School Lunch Program	2009/2010	10.555	\$ 51,002	\$ 51,002
Cash Assistance:	2009/2010	10 552	190 176	100 176
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	2009/2010	10.553 10.555	189,176 457,386	189,176 457,386
Cash Assistance Subtotal			646,562	646,562
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			697,564	697,564
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			697,564	697,564
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title 1 Cluster:				
Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2009	84.010	55,448	76,548
Total Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2010		785,491 840,939	755,906 832,454
ADDA Title 4 Counts to Local Educational Associat	0040	0.4.000	000 770	200.055
ARRA - Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title 1 Cluster	2010	84.389	286,773 1,127,712	300,055 1,132,509
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	2009	84.027	64,033	67,355
Total Special Education - Grants to States	2010		417,073 481,106	401,064 468,419
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2010	84.173	9,214	9,214
ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States	2010	84.391	257,686	218,275
ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster	2010	84.392	8,463 756,469	6,890 702,798
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	2009	84.048	6,992	8,425
	2010		42,004	45,153
Total Career and Technical Education			48,996	53,578
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	2010	84.186	10,723	10,723
State Grants for Innovated Programs	2009	84.298	(183)	43
Education Technology State Grants Cluster:	2000	04.240	(400)	
Education Technology State Grants	2009 2010	84.318	(462) 6,713	7,145
Total Education Technology State Grants			6,251	7,145
ARRA - Education Technology State Grants	2010	84.386	76,102	73,566
Total Education Technology State Grants Cluster			82,353	80,711
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	2009	84.196	880 25.104	2,286 22,047
Total Education for Homeless Children and Youth	2010		25,984	24,333
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	2009/2010	84.287	405,641	396,346
Rural Education	2009	84.358	(235)	5,723
Total Rural Education	2010		40,724	33,893 39,616
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2009	84.367	54,198	60,582
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2010		168,581 222,779	163,301 223,883
•	2010	04.004		
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - Education State Grants	2010	84.394	898,753	703,539
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,619,716	3,368,079
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (School Readiness				
Enrichment Program)	2009/2010	93.558	52,734	52,734
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			52,734	52,734
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$ 4,370,014	\$ 4,118,377

The Notes to the Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule is an integral part of the Schedule.

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the School District's federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at fair value. The School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefited from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. These transfers resulted in the Schedule reporting negative receipts. The School District transferred the following amounts from 2009 to 2010 programs:

		Amount Transferred
Program Title	CFDA Number	from 2009 to 2010
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	\$462
Rural Education	84.358	235

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Morgan Local School District Morgan County P.O. Box 509 McConnelsville, Ohio 43756

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan Local School District, Morgan County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Morgan Local School District Morgan County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in his report that we reported to the School District's management in a separate letter dated February 16, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and others within the School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 16, 2011

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Morgan Local School District Morgan County P.O. Box 509 McConnelsville, Ohio 43756

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Morgan Local School District, Morgan County, Ohio (the School District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings identifies the School District's major federal programs. The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

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Morgan Local School District
Morgan County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a matter involving federal noncompliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the School District's management in a separate letter dated February 16, 2011.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, others within the School District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 16, 2011

MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MORGAN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

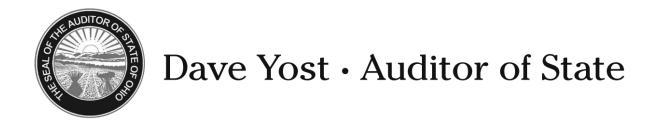
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Cluster CFDA#'s 84.010 and 84.389
		Special Education Cluster CFDA #'s 84.027, 84.173, 84.391 and 84.392
		Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers CFDA# 84.287
		State Fiscal Stabilization Fund – Education State Grants CFDA# 84.394
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



MORGAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MORGAN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 8, 2011