BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Education Ridgedale Local School District 3103 Hillman-Ford Road Morral, Ohio 43337

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Ridgedale Local School District, Marion County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Ridgedale Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Saylor

February 27, 2009



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2 - 11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets	
of Governmental Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Fiduciary Fund	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21 - 50
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	51 - 52
Schedule of Findings and Responses	53
Status of Prior Audit Findings	54



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Ridgedale Local School District 3103 Hillman-Ford Road Morral, Ohio 43337

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ridgedale Local School District, Marion County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise Ridgedale Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Ridgedale Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ridgedale Local School District, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2009, on our consideration of Ridgedale Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Julian & Grube, Inc. January 16, 2009

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The management's discussion and analysis of the Ridgedale Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2008 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$342,232 which represents a 10.34% increase from 2007.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,201,604 in revenue or 70.62% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,579,812 or 29.38% of total revenues of \$8,781,416.
- The District had \$8,439,184 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,579,812 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$6,201,604 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$7,923,413 in revenues and \$7,394,950 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2008, the general fund's fund balance increased \$528,463 from \$1,447,598 to \$1,976,061.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2008?" The statement of net assets and statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 8. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-18 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 19 and 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-50 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2008 and 2007.

	Net Assets		
	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	2008	2007	
<u>Assets</u>			
Current and other assets	\$ 5,012,141	\$ 3,967,008	
Capital assets, net	2,025,866	2,155,138	
Total assets	7,038,007	6,122,146	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	2,654,787	2,038,319	
Long-term liabilities	729,923	772,762	
Total liabilities	3,384,710	2,811,081	
Net Assets			
Invested in capital			
assets, net of related debt	1,856,875	1,812,288	
Restricted	499,356	471,931	
Unrestricted	1,297,066	1,026,846	
Total net assets	\$ 3,653,297	\$ 3,311,065	

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2008, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,653,297.

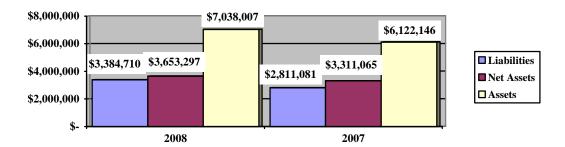
At year-end, capital assets represented 28.78% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2008, were \$1,856,875. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$499,356, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2008 and 2007:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,758,500	\$ 1,562,354
Operating grants and contributions	810,642	818,762
Capital grants and contributions	10,670	23,132
General revenues:		
Property taxes	2,547,223	2,171,705
Grants and entitlements	3,534,092	3,853,916
Investment earnings	78,484	65,695
Other	41,805	21,650
Total revenues	8,781,416	8,517,214

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 3,227,869	\$ 3,159,417
Special	562,511	533,812
Vocational	130,053	203,003
Other	1,175,148	1,075,954
Support services:		
Pupil	263,700	240,124
Instructional staff	242,562	258,883
Board of education	42,521	6,515
Administration	638,339	714,344
Fiscal	231,814	206,021
Operations and maintenance	686,708	652,701
Pupil transportation	592,229	534,509
Central	25,974	31,865
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	343,097	342,335
Extracurricular activities	259,987	371,728
Interest and fiscal charges	16,672	19,413
Total expenses	8,439,184	8,350,624
Change in net assets	342,232	166,590
Net assets at beginning of year	3,311,065	3,144,475
Net assets at end of year	\$ 3,653,297	\$ 3,311,065

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$342,232. Total governmental expenses of \$8,439,184 were offset by program revenues of \$2,579,812 and general revenues of \$6,201,604. Program revenues supported 30.57% of the total governmental expenses.

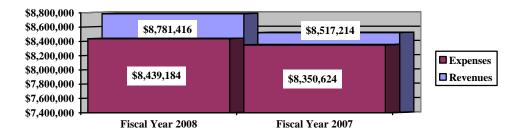
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 69.25% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,095,581 or 60.38% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

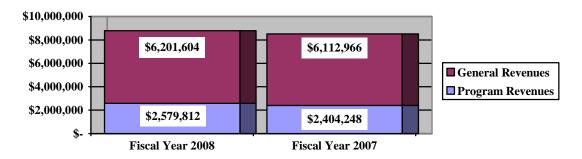
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
	Services	Services	Services	Services
	2008	2008	2007	2007
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,227,869	\$ 1,834,896	\$ 3,159,417	\$ 1,889,661
Special	562,511	182,876	533,812	133,061
Vocational	130,053	108,467	203,003	161,078
Other	1,175,148	1,172,632	1,075,954	1,075,954
Support services:				
Pupil	263,700	142,613	240,124	129,448
Instructional staff	242,562	144,098	258,883	201,932
Board of education	42,521	42,521	6,515	6,515
Administration	638,339	612,717	714,344	704,545
Fiscal	231,814	231,814	206,021	206,021
Operations and maintenance	686,708	685,798	652,701	651,550
Pupil transportation	592,229	526,851	534,509	498,954
Central	25,974	21,197	31,865	21,926
Food service operations	343,097	22,028	342,335	54,351
Extracurricular activities	259,987	114,192	371,728	191,967
Interest and fiscal charges	16,672	16,672	19,413	19,413
Total expenses	\$ 8,439,184	\$ 5,859,372	\$ 8,350,624	\$ 5,946,376

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 64.74% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 69.43%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2008 and 2007.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,156,630, which is higher than last year's total of \$1,673,666. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2008 and 2007.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2008	Fund Balance June 30, 2007	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Other Governmental	\$ 1,976,061 180,569	\$ 1,447,598 226,068	\$ 528,463 (45,499)	36.51 % (20.13) %
Total	\$ 2,156,630	\$ 1,673,666	\$ 482,964	28.86 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$528,463. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2008	2007	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,581,839	\$ 2,455,043	\$ 126,796	5.16 %
Tuition	1,280,964	1,085,366	195,598	18.02 %
Earnings on investments	78,359	65,344	13,015	19.92 %
Intergovernmental	3,797,091	3,699,940	97,151	2.63 %
Other revenues	185,160	268,872	(83,712)	(31.13) %
Total	\$ 7,923,413	\$ 7,574,565	\$ 348,848	4.61 %

Earnings on investments increased 19.92% as a result of increasing interest rates. Tuition revenue increased 18.02% due to an increase in open enrollment participation. The decrease in other revenues was a result of a decrease in payments in lieu of taxes received during the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	2008	2007	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 4,768,587	\$ 4,430,418	\$ 338,169	7.63 %
Support services	2,396,445	2,333,604	62,841	2.69 %
Extracurricular activities	120,033	121,743	(1,710)	(1.40) %
Capital outlay	-	87,080	(87,080)	(100.00) %
Debt service	109,885	127,353	(17,468)	(13.72) %
Total	\$ 7,394,950	\$ 7,100,198	\$ 294,752	4.15 %

There were no capital lease transactions during the year resulting in no capital outlay expenditures. Debt service payments declined due to lower amounts owed on scheduled lease payments. The increase in instructional and support services expenditures were a result of increasing wages and benefits during the year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2008, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,071,500 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,336,344. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2008 was \$7,904,464. This represents a \$568,120 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations and other uses of \$7,156,285 were increased to \$7,534,253 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2008 totaled \$7,486,573, which was \$47,680 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2008, the District had \$2,025,866 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2008 balances compared to 2007:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2008	2007	
Land	\$ 50,442	\$ 50,442	
Land improvements	172,013	182,424	
Building and improvements	1,538,282	1,584,086	
Furniture and equipment	52,785	60,365	
Vehicles	212,344	277,821	
Total	\$ 2,025,866	\$ 2,155,138	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$129,272 is due to depreciation expense of \$140,366 exceeding capital outlays of \$11,094 in the fiscal year. See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$249,637 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of this total, \$79,073 is due within one year and \$170,564 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the capital lease obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2008	Governmental Activities 2007
Capital lease obligations	\$ 249,637	\$ 342,850
Total	\$ 249,637	\$ 342,850

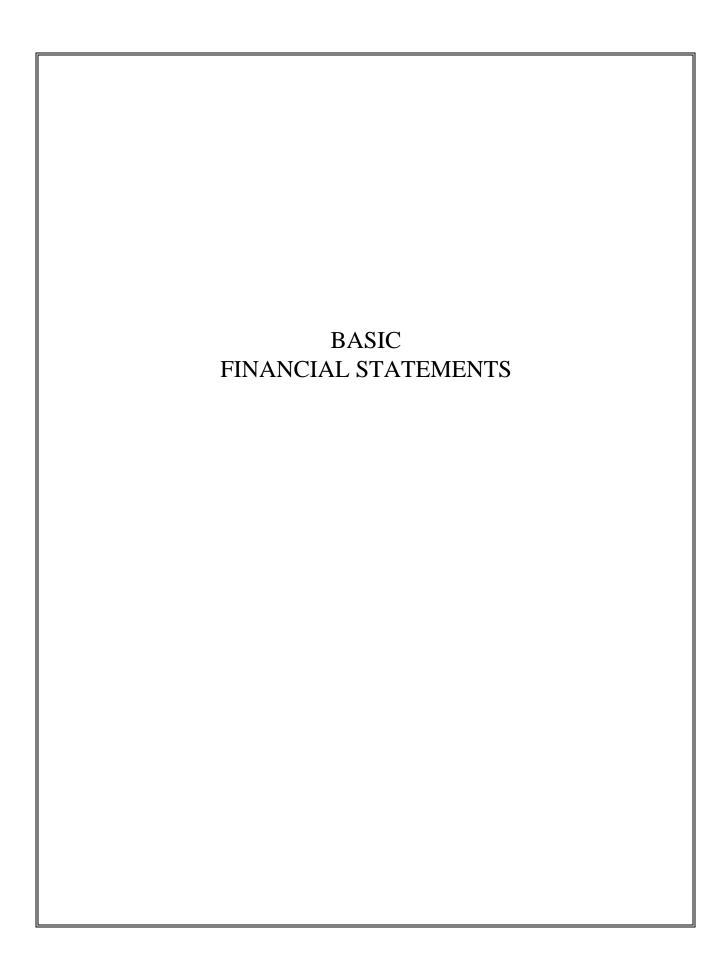
At June 30, 2008, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$8,567,481, and an unvoted debt margin of \$95,194.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Stephanie Schee, Treasurer, Ridgedale Local School District, 3103 Hillman-Ford Road, Morral, Ohio 43337.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

	Primary Government Governmental Activities		Component Unit Ridgedale Community School	
Assets:				_
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,234,371	\$	314,773
Cash with fiscal agent		535		-
Receivables:				
Taxes		2,682,686		-
Accounts		1,879		- 14.504
Intergovernmental		32,926		14,504
Due from component unit		15,794		-
Prepayments		42,376		-
Materials and supplies inventory		1,574		-
Capital assets:		50.440		
Land		50,442		-
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,975,424	-	
Capital assets, net		2,025,866		
Total assets		7,038,007		329,277
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		200,442		
		513,932		-
Accrued wages and benefits		156,651		-
Intergovernmental payable		25,517		3,182
Due to primary government		23,317		15,794
Unearned revenue		1,758,245		13,774
Long-term liabilities:		1,730,243		
Due within one year		110,433		_
Due in more than one year		619,490		_
Due in more dian one year		015,450		
Total liabilities		3,384,710		18,976
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		1,856,875		-
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		49,880		-
Locally funded programs		21,550		-
State funded programs		5,013		-
Federally funded programs		41,564		-
Student activities		67,940		-
Set-asides		308,619		-
Other purposes		4,790		-
Unrestricted		1,297,066		310,301
Total net assets	\$	3,653,297	\$	310,301

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

						Net (Expense and Changes		
		Program Revenues				Primary Government	Con	nponent Unit
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Ridgedale Community School	
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 3,227,869	\$ 1,364,269		8,704	\$ -	\$ (1,834,896)	\$	-
Special	562,511	6,740	37	2,895	-	(182,876)		-
Vocational	130,053	-	2	1,586	-	(108,467)		-
Other	1,175,148	-		2,516	-	(1,172,632)		-
Support services:								
Pupil	263,700	-		1,087	-	(142,613)		-
Instructional staff	242,562	-	9	2,464	6,000	(144,098)		-
Board of education	42,521	-		-	-	(42,521)		-
Administration	638,339	22,176		3,446	-	(612,717)		-
Fiscal	231,814	-		-	-	(231,814)		-
Operations and maintenance	686,708	-		910	-	(685,798)		-
Pupil transportation	592,229	29,300	3	1,408	4,670	(526,851)		-
Central	25,974	-		4,777	-	(21,197)		-
Food service operations	343,097	191,551	12	9,518	-	(22,028)		-
Extracurricular activities	259,987	144,464		1,331	-	(114,192)		-
Interest and fiscal charges	16,672					(16,672)		
Total governmental activities	8,439,184	1,758,500	81	0,642	10,670	(5,859,372)		
Component Unit:								
Ridgedale Community School	235,935		1	8,822				(217,113)
Totals	\$ 8,675,119	\$ 1,758,500	\$ 82	9,464	\$ 10,670	(5,859,372)		(217,113)
			levied for:			2,547,223		-
		Grants and ent			icted 	2 524 002		256 425
			_			3,534,092 78,484		256,435 6,300
			_			41,805		0,300
		Miscenaneous				41,803		
		Total general r	evenues .			6,201,604		262,735
		Change in net	assets			342,232		45,622
		Net assets at b	eginning (of year		3,311,065		264,679
		Net assets at e	nd of year			\$ 3,653,297	\$	310,301

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	General		General		Other Governmental General Funds		Total Government Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents	\$	1,685,924	\$	235,038	\$	1,920,962		
Cash with fiscal agent		-		535		535		
Receivables:								
Taxes		2,682,686		-		2,682,686		
Accounts		1,589		290		1,879		
Intergovernmental		20,364		12,562		32,926		
Due from component unit		15,794		-		15,794		
Prepayments		42,376		-		42,376		
Materials and supplies inventory		-		1,574		1,574		
Restricted assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and cash equivalents		313,409		-		313,409		
Total assets	\$	4,762,142	\$	249,999	\$	5,012,141		
		, · · · · ,		- 7		- , - ,		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	170,259	\$	30,183	\$	200,442		
Accrued wages and benefits		486,369		27,563		513,932		
Pension obligation payable		146,145		10,506		156,651		
Intergovernmental payable		24,339		1,178		25,517		
Deferred revenue		200,724		, · · · -		200,724		
Unearned revenue		1,758,245		_		1,758,245		
Total liabilities	-	2,786,081		69,430	-	2,855,511		
Total habilities		2,700,001		07,730		2,033,311		
Fund Balances:								
Reserved for encumbrances		64,869		24,152		89,021		
Reserved for materials and		0.,009		2.,102		05,021		
supplies inventory		_		1,574		1,574		
Reserved for prepayments		42,376				42,376		
Reserved for property tax unavailable		12,370				12,370		
for appropriation		739,511		_		739,511		
Reserved for school bus purchase		4,790		_		4,790		
Reserved for textbooks/instructional materials		308,619		_		308,619		
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:		300,017				300,017		
General fund		815,896		_		815,896		
Special revenue funds		013,070		116,911		116,911		
Capital projects funds		<u>-</u>		37,932		37,932		
Total fund balances		1,976,061		180,569	-	2,156,630		
Total fullu valalices		1,770,001		100,309		2,130,030		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,762,142	\$	249,999	\$	5,012,141		

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2008}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,156,630
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		2,025,866
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	\$ 184,930	
Accounts receivable	 15,794	
Total		200,724
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable	(480,286)	
Capital leases payable	 (249,637)	
Total		 (729,923)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 3,653,297

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	-						
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	2,581,839	\$	-	\$	2,581,839	
Tuition		1,280,964		-		1,280,964	
Transportation fees		17,665		-		17,665	
Earnings on investments		78,359		125		78,484	
Charges for services		-		98,960		98,960	
Extracurricular		38,436		146,604		185,040	
Classroom materials and fees		-		31,892		31,892	
Other local revenues		77,011		97,528		174,539	
Payments in lieu of taxes		52,048		-		52,048	
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		-		12,880		12,880	
Intergovernmental - State		3,797,091		91,509		3,888,600	
Intergovernmental - Federal		-		404,367		404,367	
Total revenues		7,923,413		883,865		8,807,278	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		3,004,029		95,985		3,100,014	
Special		454,862		102,500		557,362	
Vocational		138,105		4,008		142,113	
Other		1,171,591		3,557		1,175,148	
Support services:		, ,		,		, ,	
Pupil		154,268		109,432		263,700	
Instructional staff		145,354		98,118		243,472	
Board of education		42,521		-		42,521	
Administration		624,137		11,969		636,106	
Fiscal		235,515		-		235,515	
Operations and maintenance		656,759		910		657,669	
Pupil transportation		516,702		673		517,375	
Central		21,189		4,785		25,974	
Food service operations		,		337,018		337,018	
Extracurricular activities		120,033		125,199		245,232	
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		35,210		35,210	
Debt service:				,		,	
Principal retirement		93,213		_		93,213	
Interest and fiscal charges		16,672		_		16,672	
Total expenditures	-	7,394,950		929,364		8,324,314	
Tom expenditures	-	7,374,730		727,304	-	0,524,514	
Net change in fund balances		528,463		(45,499)		482,964	
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,447,598		226,068		1,673,666	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,976,061	\$	180,569	\$	2,156,630	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	482,964
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceed capital outlay in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 11,094 (140,366)	_	
Total			(129,272)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Other revenue	 (34,616) (7,040) 15,794	_	
Total			(25,862)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			93,213
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial			(70 011)
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(78,811)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	342,232

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues:		-						9 /
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	2,188,588	\$	2,270,556	\$	2,540,395	\$	269,839
Tuition.		1,144,874		1,187,752		1,280,964		93,212
Transportation fees		482		500		79.250		(500)
Earnings on investments		64,099 40,484		66,500 42,000		78,359 38,436		11,859 (3,564)
Other local revenues		128,633		133,450		111,433		(22,017)
Intergovernmental - State		3,449,819		3,579,023		3,794,392		215,369
Total revenues		7,016,979		7,279,781		7,843,979		564,198
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		2,979,781		3,067,327		3,019,754		47,573
Special		447,216		507,966		486,000		21,966
Vocational		191,449		224,561		162,843		61,718
Other		869,465		1,059,435		1,173,393		(113,958)
Support services:		150 404		105.000		1.45.005		10.666
Pupil		150,494		195,893		147,227		48,666
Instructional staff		220,417		173,690		158,409		15,281
Board of education		5,792		44,752		48,301		(3,549)
Fiscal		731,524 216,445		732,580 205,659		662,533 231,826		70,047 (26,167)
Operations and maintenance		599,760		611,336		608,587		2,749
Pupil transportation		571,455		575,977		633,831		(57,854)
Central		21,000		39,000		21,114		17,886
Extracurricular activities		131,487		96,077		132,755		(36,678)
Total expenditures		7,136,285		7,534,253		7,486,573		47,680
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(119,306)		(254,472)		357,406		611,878
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditure		19,881		20,626		24,498		3,872
Advances in		17,772		18,437		18,437		-
Advances (out)		(20,000)		-		-		-
Sale of assets		16,868		17,500		17,550		50
Total other financing sources (uses)		34,521		56,563		60,485		3,922
Net change in fund balance		(84,785)		(197,909)		417,891		615,800
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,428,176		1,428,176		1,428,176		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		71,440		71,440		71,440		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,414,831	\$	1,301,707	\$	1,917,507	\$	615,800
	-							

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		 Agency
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	62,848	\$ 34,006
Total assets		62,848	\$ 34,006
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		-	\$ 1,227
Due to students		<u> </u>	 32,779
Total liabilities		<u> </u>	\$ 34,006
Net Assets:			
Held in trust for scholarships		41,371	
Endowments		21,477	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total net assets

\$

62,848

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions: Interest	\$	857	
Gifts and contributions.	Ψ	1,244	
Total additions		2,101	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		4,889	
Change in net assets		(2,788)	
Net assets at beginning of year		65,636	
Net assets at end of year	\$	62,848	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Ridgedale Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State and federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1957. The District serves an area of approximately one hundred twenty-five square miles. It is located in Crawford, Marion, and Wyandot Counties. The District is the 531st largest in the State of Ohio (among 896 local and community schools) in terms of enrollment. It is staffed by 44 classified employees, 72 certified teaching personnel and 6 administrative employees who provide services to 840 students and other community members. The District currently operates two buildings on one campus.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, foods service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise have access to the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following component unit and organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

Ridgedale Community School

The Ridgedale Community School (the "Community School") is a legally separate, conversion community school, served by a Board of Directors, the Community School provides students within the District a program of online instruction and other alternative teaching and learning strategies. The Board of Directors consists of five individuals: the District's superintendent; the Ridgedale High School principal; a District community member; the retired principal of Morral Elementary School; and the executive director of the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA) and TRECA Digital Academy. The superintendent of the District serves as the chief administrative officer of the Community School, and the District's treasurer serves as the Community School's Treasurer. Based on the significant services provided by the District to the Community School, the Community School's purpose of servicing the students within the District, and the relationship between the Board of Education of the District and the Board of Directors of the Community School, the Community School is a component unit of the District and the financial activity of the Community School is presented as a discretely presented component unit of the District. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer, Stephanie Schee, at 3103 Hillman-Ford Road, Morral, Ohio 43337.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA), which is a computer consortium. TRECA is an association of public Districts within the boundaries of Delaware, Knox, Marion, Morrow, Muskingum and Wyandot Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member Districts. The Governing Board of TRECA consists of one representative from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member Districts, one representative from the city Districts, and the superintendent from Tri-Rivers Joint Vocational School. Financial information can be obtained from the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association, 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Tri-Rivers Career Center

The Tri-Rivers Career Center (the "Center") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The Center operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's Board of Education, and one representative from the Delaware Union Educational Service Center. The Center Board of Education possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information is available from Terril Cimino, Treasurer, at 2222 Marion-Mt. Gilead Road, Marion, Ohio 43302.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

North Central Regional Professional Development Center

The North Central Regional Professional Development Center (the "Center") is a jointly governed organization among the school districts in Crawford, Huron, Knox, Marion, Morrow, Richland, Seneca, and Wyandot Counties. The Center was formed to create and sustain self-renewing learning communities to transform education in Ohio so that all learners can achieve their full potential. The Center is governed by a twenty-one member Board made up of representatives from the participating school districts, the business community, and two institutions of higher learning. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from Lorraine Earnest, Mid-Ohio Educational Service Center, 890 West Fourth Street, Suite 100, Mansfield, Ohio 44906.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. serves as the sales and marketing representative which established agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency Inc., 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43205.

Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Board Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Board Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; and (c) food service operations.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student-managed activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 5).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and charges for services.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2008, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2009 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2008 are recorded as deferred revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2008 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Marion County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2008.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2008. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
 - Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the budgetary statements present comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures as elected by the District Treasurer.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2008. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2008.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2008 amounted to \$78,359, which includes \$10,448 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2008, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least five years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2008 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

K. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, textbooks/instructional materials, school bus purchases and property tax revenue unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

L. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include monies restricted by State statute for textbooks/instructional materials and school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside to establish a textbook/instructional materials reserve and a school bus purchase reserve. These reserves are required by State statute. A schedule of statutory reserves is presented in Note 15.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2008.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2008, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 45, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions</u>", GASB Statement No. 48, "<u>Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues</u>", and GASB Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures".

GASB Statement No. 45 establishes uniform standards of financial reporting for other postemployment benefits and increases the usefulness and improves the faithfulness of representations in the financial reports. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 45 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District; however, certain disclosures related to postemployment benefits (see Note 12) have been modified to conform to the new reporting requirements.

GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as sales or as collateralized borrowings, as well as disclosure requirements for future revenues that are pledged and sold. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 50 establishes standards that more closely align the financial reporting requirements for pensions with those of other postemployment benefits. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 50 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2008 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Food service	\$ 16,012
Uniform school supplies	504
EMIS	28
Vocational education enhancement	20

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$3,416 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

B. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At June 30, 2008, the District had \$535 in cash held by North Central Ohio Educational Service Center, which is included in the financial statements as "cash with fiscal agent". The money held by the fiscal agent cannot be identified as an investment or deposit since it is held in a pool made up of numerous participants. The balance held by the fiscal agent is not included in the amount of "Deposits with Financial Institutions" reported below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$16,803. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2008, zero of the District's bank balance of \$69,325 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$69,325 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2008, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturity
		6 months or
Investment type	Fair Value	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 2,311,006	\$ 2,311,006

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2008:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 2,311,006	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2008:

<u>Cash and investments per note</u>	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 16,803
Investments	2,311,006
Cash with fiscal agent	535
Cash on hand	3,416
Total	\$ 2,331,760
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,234,906
Private-purpose trust funds	62,848
Agency funds	34,006
Total	\$ 2,331,760

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2008 represents collections of calendar year 2007 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 became a lien December 31, 2006, were levied after April 1, 2007 and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2008 (other than public utility property) represents the collection of 2008 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2008 were levied after April 1, 2007, on the value as of December 31, 2007. Tangible personal property tax is being phased out. For 2007, tangible personal property was assessed at 12.50% for property, including inventory. This percentage was reduced to 6.25% for 2008 and will be reduced to zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

House Bill No. 66 was signed into law on June 30, 2005. House Bill No. 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property will be eliminated by calendar year 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property will be eliminated by calendar year 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The bill replaces the revenue lost by the District due to the phasing out of the tax. In calendar years 2008-2010, the District will be fully reimbursed for the lost revenue. In calendar years 2011-2017, the reimbursements will be phased out.

The District receives property taxes from Wyandot, Crawford and Marion Counties. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2008, are available to finance fiscal year 2008 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2008 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2008 was \$739,511 in the general fund. This amount has been recorded as revenue. The amount that was available as an advance at June 30, 2007 was \$698,067 in the general fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2008 taxes were collected are:

	2007 Second			2008 First			
	Half Collec	ctions		ctions			
	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential							
and other real estate	\$ 74,328,750	85.99	\$	86,175,300	88.28		
Public utility personal	9,202,760	10.64		9,758,790	10.00		
Tangible personal property	2,912,030	3.37		1,677,870	1.72		
Total	\$ 86,443,540	100.00	<u>\$</u>	97,611,960	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$47.60			\$47.60			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 2,682,686
Accounts	1,879
Intergovernmental	32,926
Total	\$ 2,717,491

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/07	Additions	Deductions	06/30/08
Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 50,442	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,442
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	50,442			50,442
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	588,366	-	-	588,366
Buildings and improvements	4,125,002	11,094	-	4,136,096
Furniture and equipment	207,433	-	-	207,433
Vehicles	1,134,299			1,134,299
Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,055,100	11,094		6,066,194
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(405,942)	(10,411)	-	(416,353)
Buildings and improvements	(2,540,916)	(56,898)		(2,597,814)
Furniture and equipment	(147,068)	(7,580)	-	(154,648)
Vehicles	(856,478)	(65,477)		(921,955)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,950,404)	(140,366)		(4,090,770)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,155,138	\$ (129,272)	\$ -	\$ 2,025,866

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 33,454
Special	2,137
Vocational	3,624
Support services:	
Administration	2,528
Fiscal	584
Operations and maintenance	5,234
Pupil transportation	73,188
Extracurricular activities	14,755
Food service operations	 4,862
Total depreciation expense	\$ 140,366

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2008, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance 06/30/07	A	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions	Balance 06/30/08	_	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:								
Capital leases payable	\$ 342,850	\$	-	\$	(93,213)	\$ 249,637	\$	79,073
Compensated absences	 429,912		126,683		(76,309)	 480,286	_	31,360
Total long-term obligations,								
governmental activities	\$ 772,762	\$	126,683	\$	(169,522)	\$ 729,923	\$	110,433

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employees' salaries are paid, which is primarily the general fund.

See Note 9.A. and 9.B. for details on the District's capital leases.

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2008, are a voted debt margin of \$8,567,481 and an unvoted debt margin of \$95,194.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

A. The District has entered into capitalized leases for school buses. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "<u>Accounting for Leases</u>", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the governmental funds.

Capital assets consisting of vehicles have been capitalized in the amount of \$979,544. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2008 was \$790,368 leaving a current book value of \$189,176. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2008 totaled \$65,945 paid by the general fund.

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2009	\$	56,509
2010		53,059
2011		48,940
2012	_	27,877
Total minimum lease payments		186,385
Less: amount representing interest	_	(17,394)
Total	\$	168,991

B. The District has entered into a capitalized lease for copier equipment. This lease agreement meets the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term.

Copier equipment in the amount of \$143,216 has not been capitalized since the assets individually do not meet the District's capitalization threshold. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2008 totaled \$27,268 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2009	\$ 34,437
2010	34,437
2011	20,088
Total minimum lease payments	88,962
Less: amount representing interest	(8,316)
Total	\$ 80,646

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2008, the District contracted with Verne Hart Insurance Agency for liability, property and fleet insurance. Coverage's provided by Verne Hart Insurance Agency are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Building and Contents	
Replacement cost	\$21,829,216
Deductible	1,000
	,
Liability	
School Board Errors and Omissions Liability	
Each wrongful act limit	4,000,000
Annual aggregate limit	5,000,000
Deductible	None
General Liability	
Per occurrence combined single limit	5,000,000
Annual aggregate limit	6,000,000
Medical payments limit	15,000
Employee Benefits Liability	
Each wrongful act limit	1,000,000
Annual aggregate limit	3,000,000
Stop Gap	
Each accident	1,000,000
Disease each employee	1,000,000
Disease policy limit	1,000,000
Automotive Liability	
Liability	
Per occurrence combined single limit	5,000,000
Medical payments limit	500
Uninsured/underinsured motorists coverage	3,000,000
Auto Physical Damage (actual cash value)	- , ,• • •
Comprehensive deductible	1,000
Collision deductible	1,000
	,

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. Also, the District has not materially reduced its coverage in the past year.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as an insurance purchasing pool.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under *Forms and Publications*.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2008, 9.16 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 were \$77,393, \$77,561 and \$77,124, respectively; 40.75 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2008, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$397,841, \$372,519 and \$394,892, respectively; 84.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2008 were \$26 made by the District and \$39 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2008, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2008, 4.18 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2008, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$53,085, \$42,857 and \$40,005, respectively; 40.75 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2008, this actuarially required allocation was 0.66 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$5,576, \$5,274 and \$6,138, respectively; 40.75 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2008, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$30,603, \$28,655 and \$30,376, respectively; 84.53 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2008 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2007 and 2006.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

_	Gene	eral Fund
Budget basis	\$ 4	417,891
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		79,434
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		9,797
Net adjustment for other sources(uses)		(60,485)
Adjustment for encumbrances		81,826
GAAP basis	\$:	528,463

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside, in the general fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials, and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. Excess qualifying disbursement over the set-aside cash balance and set-aside requirement cannot be carried forward to the next fiscal year for capital acquisition. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the reserve activity was as follows:

	Textbooks/ Instructional Materials	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2007 Current year set-aside requirement Qualifying disbursements	\$ 270,275 131,011 (92,667)	\$ - 131,011 (164,234)
Total	\$ 308,619	\$ (33,223)
Balance carried forward to FY 2009	\$ 308,619	<u> </u>

The District received monies restricted for school bus purchases. The amount of \$4,790 for school bus reserve is in the general fund on the governmental fund balance sheet at June 30, 2008.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2008 follows:

Amount restricted for textbooks/instructional materials	\$ 308,619
Amount restricted for bus purchase	 4,790
Total restricted assets	\$ 313,409

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 16 - RIDGEDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOL

A. Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Ridgedale Community School (the "School") has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued prior to November 30, 1989, provided those pronouncements do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The School has elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989. The School's significant accounting policies are described below.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> - Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

<u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u> - Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

<u>Budgetary Process</u> - Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the School's contract with its Sponsor, except House Bill 364, which took effect April 8, 2003, added Ohio Revised Code Section 3314.03(11)(d), which states that community schools must comply with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.391. This requires each community school to submit to the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) a five year forecast no later than October 31, of each year. The contract between the School and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> - Cash held by the Community School is reflected as "cash and cash equivalents" on the statement of net assets. Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. During year 2008, the Community School had no investments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 16 - RIDGEDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOL - (Continued)

<u>Intergovernmental Revenues</u> - The Community School currently participates in the State Foundation Program. Revenue received from this program is recognized as operation revenues (foundation payments) in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable.

Grants and entitlements are recognized as non-operating revenues in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School must provide local resources to be sued for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School on a reimbursement basis.

The School participates in the EMIS, Ohio K-12 Network, Core Curriculum, Ohio Reads, IDEA Part B, Title I, Title V, Safe and Drug Free Schools, and Title II-A grants. Of the grants awarded, \$14,504 was receivable at June 30, 2008.

This amount is presented as an intergovernmental receivable on the financial statements. All intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full due to the current year guarantee of Federal funds.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The School maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The School did not have any assets meeting the capitalization threshold or any donated capital assets.

<u>Net Assets</u> - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitation imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The School had unrestricted net assets of \$310,301 at June 30, 2008.

<u>Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

B. Deposits

At June 30, 2008, the carrying amount of all School deposits was \$314,773. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2008, \$177,723 of the School's bank balance of \$377,723 was uncollateralized, while \$200,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 16 - RIDGEDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOL - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the School.

C. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2008, the School was named on the sponsor's policy for property and general liability insurance.

D. Service Contracts

<u>Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association</u> - The School entered into an agreement on August 6, 2007, for the 2007-08 school years with the Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA) for planning, instructional, administrative and technical services required for the operation of the School. Under this contract, TRECA is required to provide the following services:

- 1. Via online delivery, its standardized digital curriculum, as described at the website of the TRECA Digital Academy.
- 2. Cooperate with the School in conducting assessments and in developing a draft evaluation team report as part of any required initial evaluation of a Suspected Disabled Student or reevaluation of a Suspected Disabled or Disabled Student.
- 3. Provide for the participation of the teacher(s) of the Disabled Student, in person or by telephone, in IEP or related meetings.
- 4. Communicate with the School regarding educational or related services that are mandated by a Disabled Student's IEP but which TRECA has reason to believe are not being provided. TRECA shall also communicate with the School regarding any Disabled or Suspected Disabled Student who requires assessments as part of an initial evaluation or reevaluation and/or the development of a draft evaluation team report.
- 5. Provide such other services, including but not limited to the standard hardware and software package, and the standard technical and administrative services, as are provided generally by TRECA to Students.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 16 - RIDGEDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOL - (Continued)

For these services, the School is required to pay the following fees to TRECA:

- 1. <u>Annual Fee</u> The School shall pay \$15,000 for the 2007-2008 school year for services acquired from TRECA. The School made this required payment during fiscal year 2008.
- 2. <u>Tier One Enrollment</u> The School shall pay \$500 per student per academic year, prorated for the portion of the academic year for which a student is enrolled in the School and educated by TRECA for those students receiving Tier One Enhancement Services. Students who are provided with a modified curriculum, but who are not placed in TRECA's online special education resource room shall be regarded as receiving Tier One Enhancement Services.
- 3. Tier Two Enrollment The School shall pay between \$1,500 and \$21,000 per student per academic year, prorated for the portion of the academic year for which a student is enrolled in the School and educated by TRECA for those students receiving Tier Two Enhancement Services. Students who are placed in TRECA's online special education resource room for all or any part of their education shall be regarded as receiving Tier Two Enhancement Services. The fee paid for Tier Two Enhancement Services is based on the severity of the Disabled Student's handicap as outlined in the TRECA Enhancement Services exhibit to the Comprehensive Services Agreement between the School and TRECA.

The following payments were made in fiscal year 2008 from the School to TRECA:

Professional and technical services \$ 41,030

<u>Ridgedale Local School District</u> - The Community School Sponsorship Contract between the School and Ridgedale Local School District (the "Sponsor") outlined the specific payments to be made by the School to Ridgedale Local School District during fiscal year 2008. In addition, the Community School Sponsorship Contract stated that the two parties agreed to pay other mutually agreed upon amounts, including fees for any services provided to the School by Ridgedale Local School District. The following payments were made in fiscal year 2008 from the School to Ridgedale Local School District:

Professional and technical services	\$ 119,476
Fiscal office supplies	17
Total	\$ 119,493

Additionally, the contract allows, based on mutual agreement, for the payment of \$1,500 per student per year from the School to the Sponsor. This payment was \$51,000 in fiscal year 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 16 - RIDGEDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOL - (Continued)

E. Contingencies

<u>Grants</u> - The School received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School at June 30, 2008.

<u>State Foundation Funding</u> - The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. As a result of the review after fiscal year-end, the School owed the Ohio Department of Education \$3,182. This amount is reflected as an intergovernmental payable on the statement of net assets.

G. Litigation

A lawsuit entitled *Beverly Blount-Hill, et al. v. State of Ohio, et al., Case #: 3:04CV197* was filed in the U.S. District Court, Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, in October, 2004. The suit alleges that the funding provisions of the Ohio Community Schools Act, O.R.C. Section 3314, violate both the Ohio and Federal constitutions. If the funding scheme is determined to be unconstitutional, it could have financial ratifications for all community/charter schools. The case is currently pending, and the effect of this suit, if any, on the School cannot presently be determined.



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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Ridgedale Local School District 3103 Hillman-Ford Road Morral, Ohio 43337

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ridgedale Local School District, Marion County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise Ridgedale Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Ridgedale Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ridgedale Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ridgedale Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Ridgedale Local School District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Ridgedale Local School District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Ridgedale Local School District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Ridgedale Local School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education Ridgedale Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ridgedale Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2008-RLSD-001.

Ridgedale Local School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit Ridgedale Local School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Ridgedale Local School District in a separate letter dated January 16, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of Ridgedale Local School District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Inlian & Lube, the.

January 16, 2009

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2008

1. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS		
Finding Number	2008-RLSD-001	

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) requires that no orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money are to be made unless there is a certificate of the fiscal officer that the amount required for the order or contract has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances.

We noted that 21% of the District's expenditures maintained an invoice which was dated prior to the Treasurer's certificate, thus causing those expenditures not to be certified in a timely manner.

Without timely certification, the District increases the risk that purchases may be made for an improper public purpose, expend more funds than are appropriated, or that are available in the treasury or in the process of collection. Thus a negative fund balance may result. This may also result in unnecessary purchases.

We recommend that all orders or contracts involving the expenditure of money be timely certified to ensure all monies expended are lawfully appropriated and available in the treasury or in the process of collection. A policy and procedure statement adopted by the Board and distributed at least annually may be beneficial. The District should consider using "Then" and "Now" certificates where applicable.

<u>Client Response:</u> The District will attempt to utilize the fiscal officer certificate system as required by the Ohio Revised Code.

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2008

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully <u>Corrected</u> ?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2007-RLSD-001	The District had a material prior period restatement to its governmental activities net assets due to the understatement of deprecation expense in prior years.	Yes	N/A
2007-RLSD-002	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 requires that the total appropriation from each fund should not exceed total estimated resources.	Yes	N/A
2007-RLSD-003	Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.36 requires subdivisions to request increased or reduced amended certificates of estimated resources upon determination by the fiscal officer that revenue to be collected will be greater or less than the amount in the official certificate of estimated resources.	Yes	N/A



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

RIDGEDALE LOCAL SCHOOL SCHOOL

MARION COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 12, 2009