(a component unit of the State of Ohio)

Financial Report
Including Supplemental Information
June 30, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Board of Trustees Central State University 1400 Brush Row Road PO Box 1004 Wilberforce, Ohio 45384-1004

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Central State University, Greene County, prepared by Plante & Moran, PLLC, for the audit period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Central State University is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

November 18, 2009



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Central State University

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Central State University and its discretely presented component unit as of and for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, the basic financial statements were audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Central State University and its discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we also have issued our report dated October 15, 2009 on our consideration of Central State University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters for the year ended June 30, 2009. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



To the Board of Trustees Central State University

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for the purpose of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 though 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 15, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

This section of Central State University's (the "University") annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the University during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and footnotes. Management has prepared the financial statements and the related footnote disclosures along with the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the University's administration.

Using this Report

The University's annual report consists of a series of financial statements prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities. The financial statements prescribed by GASB Statement No. 35 (the statement of net assets, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and the statement of cash flows) are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service, regardless of when cash is exchanged. The financial statements focus on the financial condition, the results of operations, and the impact on cash flows of the University as a whole.

One of the most important questions asked about the University's finances is whether the University as a whole is better off, or worse off, as a result of the current year's activities. The keys to understanding this question are the statement of net assets, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and the statement of cash flows. These statements present financial information in a form similar to that used by corporations. The University's net assets are one indicator of its financial health.

The statement of net assets includes all assets and liabilities of the University. Changes in net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) are an indicator of the improvement or erosion of the University's financial health when considered with nonfinancial facts, such as enrollment levels, changes in state funding, facility changes, and the like.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported either as operating or non-operating. The financial reporting model reflects treatment of state and local appropriations, as well as gifts, as nonoperating revenues. Since dependency on State of Ohio and certain federal grants is recognized as nonoperating under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, a public university normally presents operating results as a deficit. The utilization of long-lived assets, primarily capital assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

Another important factor to consider when evaluating the University's financial viability is its ability to meet financial obligations as they mature. One measure of this factor is the University's working capital, or the relationship of its current assets less its current liabilities.

The statement of cash flows presents the information related to cash inflows and outflows. These cash inflows and outflows are summarized by operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and related investing activities. This statement illustrates the University's sources and uses of cash and helps measure the ability to meet financial obligations as they mature.

The University adopted GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, in 2004. As such, the Central State University Foundation's (the "Foundation") financial statements, footnotes, and management's discussion and analysis have been discretely incorporated into the University's financial statements.

Analysis of Results of Operations

Total revenues for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$69.1 million and \$56.0 million, respectively, of which operating revenues totaled \$31.3 million and \$28.8 million, respectively. Operating revenue in fiscal year 2009 increased \$2.5 million, or 9 percent, when compared with fiscal year 2008.

Total revenues for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$56.0 million and \$50.6 million, respectively, of which operating revenue totaled \$28.8 million and \$27.7 million, respectively. Operating revenue decreased \$1.1 million, or 4.0 percent, when compared with fiscal year 2007.

Total expenses for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$58.0 million and \$57.0 million, respectively. Operating expenses increased \$1.0 million, or 1.7 percent, when compared with fiscal year 2008.

Total expenses for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$57.0 million and \$50.7 million, respectively. Operating expenses increased \$6.3 million, or 12.4 percent, when compared with fiscal year 2007.

The University's operating loss totaled \$26.7 million during 2009 compared to \$28.2 million in 2008, which represented a favorable decrease of \$1.5 million, or 5.3 percent.

The University's operating loss totaled \$28.2 million during 2008 compared to \$23.0 million in 2007, which represented an unfavorable increase of \$5.2 million, or 22.6 percent.

The University's total net assets for 2009 increased \$11.2 million during 2009 compared to a decrease of \$1.0 million during 2008, which represents a favorable increase of \$12.2 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

The decrease in net assets for fiscal 2008 was \$1.0 million compared to a decrease of \$.01 million in 2007, which represented an unfavorable increase of \$1.0 million.

Student enrollment increased 7 percent in fall fiscal year 2009 compared to fall fiscal year 2008; in-state tuition and fees rate for 2009 was not increased; however, out-of-state tuition and fees rate was increased 3 percent. Room and board rates for 2009 were increased 7 percent when compared to 2008 amounts. The \$2.5 million increase in operating revenues were related to increases of \$.8 million net tuition and fee; \$.7 million increase in other sources; \$.5 million increase in state, local, and private grants and contracts; a \$.4 million increase in net auxiliary revenue; and both federal grants and indirect cost recovery increased by \$.1 million.

Student enrollment increased 14.5 percent in fall of fiscal year 2008 compared to fall of fiscal year 2007; tuition, fees, room, and board rates for 2008 were not increased when compared to 2007 amounts.

A breakdown and comparison of operating revenues are provided below.

Operating Revenues (in millions)	20	2009		2008)7
Tuition and fees - Net	\$	8.6	\$	7.8	\$	6.8
Federal grants and contracts		8.3		8.2		9.1
State, local, and private grants and contracts		3.0		2.6		2.5
Indirect cost recovery		.6		.5		0.5
Auxiliary activities - Net		9.0		8.6		7.5
Other sources		1.8		1.1		1.3
Total	\$	31.3	\$	28.8	\$	27.7

A breakdown and comparison of nonoperating revenues are as follows:

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) (in millions)	2009	2008	2007
Federal Pell grant appropriations	\$ 5.8	\$ 4.6	\$ 3.8
State appropriations	21.8	21.9	16.9
Investment income	.1	.3	.4
Interest expense	(.1)	(.1)	(.1)
Total	\$ 27.6	\$ 26.7	\$ 21.0

State appropriations include core funding sources composed of the State's Share of Instructional Support (SSIS), the Central State University Supplement, and the Speed to Scale.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

A breakdown and comparison of State appropriation revenues are as follows:

State Appropriations (in millions)	2009	2009 2008	
State Share of Instructional Support	\$ 6.3	\$ 5.7	\$ 5.5
Central State supplement	12.1	11.8	11.4
Speed to Scale	3.4	4.4	
Total	\$ 21.8	\$ 21.9	\$ 16.9

The change in State of Ohio funding from 2009 to 2008 was primarily due to an increase in SSIS (\$.6 million), an increase of the Central State Supplement of (\$.3 million), and a decrease of Speed to Scale funding (\$1.0 million). The change in State of Ohio funding from 2008 to 2007 was primarily due to a increase in SSIS (\$.2 million) and an increase of the Central State Supplement (\$.4 million) and Speed to Scale funding (\$4.4 million).

Operating expenses include educational and general, auxiliary enterprises, restricted funding from grants and contracts, and depreciation. A breakdown and comparison of these expenses are as follows:

Expense (in millions)	2009	2009		2008		07
Instruction	\$ I	1.6	\$	10.7	\$	9.4
Research		2.1		1.4		1.4
Student services		3.8		3.9		3.4
Academic support	7	7.8		7.5		6. l
Public services	2	2.3		2.3		2.9
Institutional administration	8	3.9		11.0		7.5
Operation and maintenance of plant	ļ	5.4		4.8		4.7
Auxiliary enterprises	10	0.6		10.3		9.3
Student aid	2	2.3		2.1		3.2
Depreciation		3.2		3.0		2.8
Total	\$ 58	3.0	\$	57.0	\$	50.7

Central State University's operating expenses during 2009 reflected a \$1.0 million increase in operating expenses, totaling \$58.0 million in 2009 as compared to \$57.0 million in 2008. The increase in expenses was primarily related to an increase in instruction (\$0.9 million), and research (\$0.7 million), academic support (\$0.3 million), operation and maintenance of plant (\$0.6 million), auxiliary enterprises (\$0.3 million), student aid (\$0.2 million) and depreciation (\$0.2 million) offset by decreases in institutional administration (\$2.1 million) and student services (\$0.1 million). The changes reflect realignment of funds to meet current SAEM and Speed to Scale strategies and increased spending in research for the Center for Allaying Health Disparities thru Research (CADRE) grant.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

The University's operating expenses during 2008 reflected a \$6.3 million increase in operating expenses totaling \$57.0 million in 2008 as compared to \$50.7 million in 2007. The increase in expenses was primarily related to increased spending caused by receipt of Speed to Scale funding of \$4.4 used to improve the educational experience of our students plus increased operation and maintenance of plant expenses.

Analysis of Overall Financial Position

At June 30, 2009, current assets totaled \$18.4 million, as compared to \$17.6 million at June 30, 2008, an increase of \$0.8 million. The increase in current assets was primarily attributable to a \$0.9 million increase in accounts receivable, a \$0.7 million increase in cash and cash equivalents, and a \$0.8 million decrease in pre-paid assets. Current liabilities at June 30, 2009, as compared to June 30, 2008, totaled \$11.1 million and \$12.5 million, respectively, an decrease of \$1.4 million. The University's working capital ratios at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 were 1.65 and 1.41, respectively. The decrease in current liabilities was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$2.8 million in deferred revenue, \$0.7 million decrease in accounts payable, and \$0.1 million decrease in other liabilities which was partially offset by an increase of \$1.3 million in accrued salaries, wages, and benefits.

The University's current assets at June 30, 2008 totaled \$17.6 million, as compared to \$10.8 million at June 30, 2007, which represents an increase of \$6.8 million. Current liabilities at June 30, 2008 as compared to June 30, 2007 totaled \$12.5 million and \$5.9 million, respectively, an increase of \$6.6 million. The University's working capital ratios at June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 were 1.41 and 1.83, respectively.

Noncurrent assets are comprised of capital assets and restricted cash and cash equivalents. The \$9.0 million increase in the University's noncurrent assets, which total \$72.6 million at June 30, 2009 and \$63.6 million at June 30, 2008, is associated with a \$12.2 million increase in buildings and equipment was offset by a \$3.2 million increase in accumulated depreciation.

Noncurrent assets at June 30, 2008 were \$63.6 million, as compared to \$64.8 million at June 30, 2007. The decrease was primarily associated with a \$0.2 million decrease in restricted cash, an increase in buildings and equipment of \$1.8 million which was offset by a \$2.9 million increase in depreciation.

The University's noncurrent liabilities at June 30, 2009 total \$3.5 million, as compared to \$3.4 million at June 30, 2008. The \$0.1 million increase is attributed to a increase in long-term liabilities of \$0.2 million offset by a decrease in long-term debt of \$0.1 million.

Noncurrent liabilities at June 30, 2008 were \$3.4 million, as compared to \$3.4 million at June 30, 2007. While the total of University noncurrent liabilities did not change year to year, the long-term debt decreased by \$0.2 million and long-term liabilities increased by \$0.2 million.

The University's net assets were \$76.4 million at June 30, 2009 and \$65.3 million at June 30, 2008.

The University's net assets were \$65.3 million and \$66.3 million at June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt Activity

The University utilizes state capital appropriations for capital asset expenditures. State capital appropriations are on a biennium basis, and individual institutions' capital funding allocations are based largely on enrollment as well as appropriations for new facilities. During 2009, the University utilized \$10.2 million in state capital appropriations for the construction of Phase II of the Center for Education and Natural Sciences facility. During 2008, the University utilized \$0.5 million in state capital appropriations for construction.

The University's long-term debt is comprised of notes payable to Housing and Urban Development and the Department of Education. During 2009, the University did not issue any new debt or capital lease obligations and paid \$0.1 million in connection with debt maturities; during 2008, \$0.2 million was paid in connection with debt maturities. The University is in compliance with all of its contractual long-term debt requirements and covenants.

A breakdown and comparison of the University's balance sheets as of June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 are provided below.

Balance Sheet (in millions)	2009	2008	2007
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 18.4	\$ 17.6	\$ 10.8
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and equivalents	1.2	1.2	1.4
Capital assets - Net	71.4	62.4	63.4
Total assets	\$ 91.0	\$ 81.2	\$ 75.6
Liabilities:			
Current	\$ 11.1	\$ 12.5	\$ 5.9
Noncurrent	3.5	3.4	3.4
Total liabilities	14.6	15.9	9.3
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets - Net	\$ 69.6	\$ 60.5	\$ 61.4
Restricted - Expendable	.4	.5	.9
Unrestricted	6.4	4.3	4.0
Total net assets	76.4	65.3	66.3
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 91.0	\$ 81.2	\$ 75.6

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

Net cash used in operating activities was \$24.8 million, \$24.0 million, and \$19.0 million in 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. Cash flows from operating activities were primarily comprised of tuition and fees (\$13.7 million), grants and contracts (\$9.1 million), other receipts (\$1.3 million), and auxiliary enterprise charges (\$3.2 million), which was offset by payments to suppliers and employees of \$52.1 million.

Cash flows from noncapital financing activities were \$27.6 million, \$26.6 million, and \$20.7 million in 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. In 2009, these were comprised of State of Ohio appropriations of \$21.8 million, Federal Pell Grants of \$5.8 million, and offsetting federal family education loan receipts and disbursements.

Net cash used in capital and related financing activities for 2009, 2008, and 2007 was \$2.2 million, \$1.7 million, and \$1.7 million, respectively. Cash flows from purchase of capital assets and construction increased by \$10.3 million and was offset by the increase of \$9.8 million in the capital grants and gifts. The change in cash flows from 2008 to 2007 is negligible.

The net increase in cash and cash equivalents was \$0.7 million, \$1.2 million, and \$0.4 million in 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. Year-end cash and cash equivalents for 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$10.3 million, \$9.6 million, and \$8.4 million, respectively.

A breakdown and comparison of the University's statement of cash flows for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 are provided below:

Cash Flow Activities (in millions)	2009	2008	2007
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (24.8)	\$ (24.0)	\$ (19.0)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	27.6	26.6	20.7
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	(2.2)	(1.7)	(1.7)
Cash flows from investing activities	.1	.3	0.4
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	.7	1.2	0.4
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year	9.6	8.4	8.0
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$ 10.3	\$ 9.6	\$ 8.4

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

Factors Impacting Future Periods

Phase two of the construction for the new Center for Education and Natural Sciences was completed in Fall 2009. Moving plans are in place for November and December 2009 with classes scheduled to start in January 2010.

The University places significant reliance on state appropriations, particularly core funding received as the State Share of Instruction and the Central State University Supplement to expand programs undertake new initiatives and meet its mission and ongoing operational needs. Stability of state support and funding increases are essential for the University to continue to provide access to underserved populations and expand program offerings to meet the educational needs of students.

Central State University aspires to be a premier historically black university in the twenty-first century. This vision is being pursued within the framework of the institution's core values of honesty, hard work, caring, and excellence. Two strategic goals flow from the Central State vision. First, the University aims for optimal size. The measure for this is to enroll 3,000 students by 2010. Secondly, the University is committed to strengthening the academic profile of the institution. Central State is pursuing these two goals simultaneously through its Strategic Academic and Enrollment Management Plan (SAEM). The SAEM, now in its fourth year of implementation, involves all divisions of the University, and has function teams in the areas of recruitment, enrollment, and marketing; academic program development and enhancement; retention; assessment; and administrative support. Successful execution of SAEM is essential for concurrent growth in enrollment and strengthening of academic quality.

In addition to SAEM, Central State University is also pursuing a strategy of partnering with the Board of Regents and five participating state institutions to create a plan to increase the size of Central State from 1,800 to 6,000 students by 2017. This plan is called Speed to Scale. The plan includes a one-time investment from the State over a period of three years and an extensive set of partnerships with the participating institutions. This plan began in fiscal year 2008 with a \$4.4 million investment by the State.

While the world and U.S. economies have suffered a recent downturn, our financial support from the State for the upcoming fiscal year has remained fairly consistent with the help of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act, also referred to as stimulus funds.

Statement of Net Assets University

	June 30			
	2009			2008
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	9,088,582	\$	8,381,671
Accounts receivable - Net of allowance of approximately \$9.3 million at June 30, 2009 and \$8.5 million at June 30, 2008 (Note 3) Notes receivable - Net of allowance of approximately \$954,000 and \$948,000 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively (Note 3)		9,230,430		8,284,583
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		44.002		904 547
Prepaid assets		44,082		906,547
Total current assets		18,363,094		17,572,801
Noncurrent Assets				
Deposits		36,592		43,844
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		1,218,433		1,216,209
Capital assets - Net (Note 4)		71,383,068		62,343,551
Total noncurrent assets		72,638,093		63,603,604
Total assets	\$	91,001,187	\$	81,176,405
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current Liabilities				
Deposits	\$	234,600	\$	181,575
Accounts payable		850,395		1,539,427
Accrued salaries, wages, and benefits		3,902,013		2,623,434
Deferred student fee revenue		4,519,920		3,688,774
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)		125,400		119,406
Other liabilities		622,885		746,343
Other deferred revenue		859,979		3,603,293
Total current liabilities		11,115,192		12,502,252
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Long-term debt (Note 6)		1,617,887		1,743,287
Long-term liabilities (Note 5)		1,842,515		1,655,506
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,460,402		3,398,793
Total liabilities		14,575,594		15,901,045
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		69,639,781		60,480,858
Restricted for expendable - Grants		406,474		519,697
Unrestricted		6,379,338		4,274,805
Total net assets		76,425,593		65,275,360
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	91,001,187	\$	81,176,405

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets University

		Year Ended June 30			
		2009		2008	
Operating Revenues					
Tuition and fees	\$	13,196,883	\$	11,770,060	
Less grants and scholarships	•	(4,633,437)		(3,965,545)	
Federal grants and contracts		8,280,357		8,171,837	
State, local, and private grants and contracts		3,008,154		2,588,680	
Indirect cost recovery		606,376		471,594	
Auxiliary activities		13,768,252		12,878,876	
Less grants and scholarships		(4,748,257)		(4,291,207)	
Other sources		1,783,578	_	1,131,870	
Total operating revenues		31,261,906		28,756,165	
Operating Expenses					
Instruction		11,543,098		10,671,231	
Research		2,127,182		1,366,963	
Student services		3,774,595		3,886,782	
Academic support		7,836,166		7,497,880	
Public services		2,311,652		2,306,190	
Institutional administration		8,940,978		11,025,647	
Operation and maintenance of plant		5,353,119		4,835,959	
Auxiliary enterprises		10,557,742		10,348,705	
Student aid		2,312,544		2,059,691	
Depreciation		3,212,555		3,040,542	
Total operating expenses		57,969,631		57,039,590	
Operating Loss		(26,707,725)		(28,283,425)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Federal Pell Grant appropriations		5,823,775		4,634,788	
State appropriations		21,823,485		21,896,930	
Investment income		64,010		309,185	
Interest expenses on capital asset - Related debt		(98,747)		(103,447)	
Loss on sale of fixed assets		(600)	_	(4,030)	
Net nonoperating revenues		27,611,923		26,733,426	
Income (Loss) - Before other revenues		904,198		(1,549,999)	
Other Revenues - State capital appropriations/Capital gifts		10,246,035	_	534,552	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		11,150,233		(1,015,447)	
Net Assets - Beginning of year		65,275,360		66,290,807	
Net Assets - End of year	\$	76,425,593	\$	65,275,360	

Statement of Cash Flows University

	Year Ended June 30		
	2009	2008	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Tuition and fees	\$ 13,651,447	\$ 10,623,905	
Grants and contracts	9,151,573	13,619,167	
Payments to suppliers and employees	(52,058,215)	(51,891,435)	
Auxiliary enterprise charges	3,210,509	2,530,171	
Other	1,267,941	1,131,871	
Net cash used in operating activities	(24,776,745)	(23,986,321)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Federal Pell grant	5,823,775	4,634,788	
State appropriations	21,823,485	21,896,930	
Federal family education loan receipts	19,337,099	14,735,862	
Federal family education loan disbursements	(19,337,099)	(14,735,862)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	27,647,260	26,531,718	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Capital grants and gifts received	10,246,035	534,552	
Sale of capital assets	(600)	(4,031)	
Purchase of capital assets and construction	(12,252,672)	,	
Principal paid on capital debt	(119,406)	(141,260)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(98,747)	(103,447)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(2,225,390)	(1,686,266)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest on investments	64,010	309,185	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	709,135	1,168,316	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	9,597,880	8,429,564	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$10,307,015	\$ 9,597,880	

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) University

	Year Ended June 30		
		2009	2008
Reconciliation of net operating loss to net cash from			
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$	(26,707,725)	\$ (28,283,425)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from			
operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		3,212,555	3,040,542
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
which provided (used) cash:			
Accounts receivable		(945,847)	(5,327,028)
Inventories, prepaids, and other assets		869,717	(872,100)
Notes receivable		-	731,072
Accounts payable		(689,032)	(101,400)
Accrued salaries, wages, and benefits		1,253,722	586,272
Other liabilities		89,008	402,888
Deferred revenue and student deposits		(1,859,143)	5,836,858
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(24,776,745)	\$ (23,986,321)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Foundation

	June 30				
		2009		2008	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,985,878	\$	3,036,648	
Investments		-		3,398,360	
Contributions receivable		52,065		184,338	
Other receivables		28,322		28,322	
Prepaid expenses		5,672		5,672	
Total current assets		5,071,937		6,653,340	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		3,132,693		2,973,473	
Fixed assets - Net (Note 4)		13,640,050		14,157,946	
Financing costs - Net	_	1,727,426		1,828,598	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	23,572,106	\$	25,613,357	
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	381,023	\$	272,492	
Surplus payable		516,239		-	
Deferred revenue		30,266		888,484	
Accrued interest payable		497,169		504,909	
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 6)	_	405,000		380,000	
Total current liabilities		1,829,697		2,045,885	
Long-term accounts payable		-		85,000	
Long-term debt (Note 6)		18,896,628		19,268,856	
Total liabilities		20,726,325		21,399,741	
Net Assets					
Unrestricted		(1,015,602)		(26,671)	
Temporarily restricted		1,735,844		2,236,559	
Permanently restricted		2,125,539	-	2,003,728	
Total net assets		2,845,781		4,213,616	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	23,572,106	\$	25,613,357	

Consolidated Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Unit - Foundation

	Year Ended June 30					
		2009		2008		
Revenue						
Rental revenues	\$	2,716,635	\$	2,749,852		
Contributions		872,499		1,314,545		
Reimbursements		153,476		49,806		
Other		728,922		416,889		
Unrealized loss on investments		(974,607)		(497,831)		
Investment income		161,907		415,032		
Total revenue		3,658,832		4,448,293		
Expenses						
Programs:						
Scholarship programs		498,291		329,018		
Athletic programs		215,440		274,478		
Academic programs		392,630		300,442		
Institutional programs		562,826		248,507		
Support activities:						
Management fees		190,164		192,492		
Operating expenses		725,434		701,094		
Surplus expense		516,239		-		
Depreciation expense		605,664		614,485		
Interest expense		1,027,109		1,044,954		
Other		292,870		248,924		
Total expenses	_	5,026,667		3,954,394		
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets		(1,367,835)		493,899		
Net Assets - Beginning of year	_	4,213,616		3,719,717		
Net Assets - End of year	<u>\$</u>	2,845,781	\$	4,213,616		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note I - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Central State University (the "University") is a co-educational, degree-granting university located in Wilberforce, Ohio. The University was originally established in 1887 by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio and is considered a component unit of the State of Ohio. The University continued to expand degree programs, which resulted in a granting of university status in 1965 by Statutory Act under Chapter 3343 of the Ohio Revised Code and is a component unit of the State of Ohio as a state university. The University is governed by a board of trustees appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate. The University offers undergraduate degrees in arts and science, business, teacher education, and technology. The University also has a branch facility, CSU-Dayton, located in Dayton, Ohio.

The Central State University Foundation (the "Foundation") is being discretely presented as part of the University reporting entity (although it is a legally separate entity and governed by its own board of directors) because its sole purpose is to provide support for the University. This was done for the first time on June 30, 2004 in accordance with GASB Statement No. 39. Separate statements for the Foundation may be obtained through the State of Ohio auditor's web site.

The Foundation is an Ohio nonprofit corporation and exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation was formed to receive contributions, which are to be used to support the educational undertakings of Central State University. Marauder, an Ohio limited liability corporation, was formed to develop property for the use of Central State University. The financial operations of Marauder Development, LLC, which maintains a fiscal year end of August 31, have been consolidated within these financial statements. Marauder West, an Ohio limited liability corporation, was formed to purchase property in Dayton for the location of CSU - Dayton campus. The financials have been consolidated with these financial statements also. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Foundation operates exclusively for the benefit of the University. The University provides certain administrative and payroll services for the Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note I - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the total economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for publicly owned colleges and universities, and are presented in accordance with the reporting model as prescribed in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus; and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. The College follows the "business-type" activities requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. This approach requires the following components of the University's financial statements:

- Management's discussion and analysis
- Basic financial statements, including a statement of net assets, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows for the University as a whole
- Notes to the financial statements

GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following four net asset categories:

- Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets
- **Restricted Assets Nonexpendable** Net assets which represent endowment contributions from donors that are permanently restricted as to principal. Income generated from these funds may be designated for student scholarships, loans, instruction, research, and other specific University needs.
- **Restricted Net Assets Expendable** Net assets whose use by the University is subject to externally imposed constraints that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to those constraints or that expire by the passage of time.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note I - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

• **Unrestricted** - Net assets that are not subject to externally imposed constraints. Unrestricted net assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the board of trustees (the "board") or may otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The University has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the University's policy is to first apply restricted resources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include cash and money market funds, stated at cost (which approximates market).

Allowance for Student Accounts Receivable - Effective June 30, 2005, the University has changed its method of allowing for student accounts receivable from a subsequent cash receipts method to a more systematic method based on applying percentages to the student accounts receivable aging.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if acquired by gift, at fair value at the date of the gift. The University capitalizes all assets with a useful life greater than one year and a value in excess of \$5,000. When capital assets are disposed of, the net carrying value of such assets is removed from the accounts and the invested in capital assets component of net assets is adjusted as appropriate. Capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated on the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings 40 years
Building improvements 20 years
Automobiles, machinery, and equipment 3-15 years

Deferred Student Fee Income - Deferred student fee income consists of the unearned portion of student tuition and fees for the summer sessions and prepaid tuition and fees for the upcoming fall semester. The amounts which are deferred are recognized as revenue in the following fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note I - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Operating Versus Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses - The University defines operating activities as reported on the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets as those that generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing goods or services. All of the University's expenses are from exchange transactions. Certain significant revenue streams relied on for operations are reported as nonoperating revenues as required by GASB Statement No. 35, including state appropriations, investment income, and state capital grants. Federal Pell grant revenue is included in nonoperating revenues in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

Grants and Scholarships - Student tuition and fees and auxiliary revenues are presented net of grants and scholarships applied directly to students' accounts. Grants and scholarships consist primarily of awards to students from the Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program and the Ohio Instructional Grant Program. Payments made directly to students from grants and scholarships are presented as student aid.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and disclosure in the footnotes. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Income Taxes - The University is a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The University would be subject to taxes on unrelated business income; however, any taxable income would be minimal.

Risk Management - The University is exposed to various risks of loss from torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors or omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; national disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the preceding three years. The University is self-insured for student health insurance claims; the recorded liability for these claims is \$40,000 and \$22,000 as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

In accordance with the State of Ohio's and the University's policy, the University is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, municipal and state bonds, certificates of deposit collateralized at market value, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, and forward commitments. Statutes also authorize the University to invest endowment funds in the above investments, as well as commercial paper rated A-I by Standard and Poor's bonds, common and preferred stock, mutual funds, and real estate upon specific authorization by the board of trustees.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the University's deposits may not be returned to it. The University does not have a policy restricting custodial credit risk. The University had \$7,181,565 and \$6,235,383 of cash and cash equivalents that were uninsured and uncollateralized as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Credit Risk

As discussed above, state law limits investments to U.S., state, and municipal government obligations. The University has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The University had \$1,218,433 and \$1,216,209 invested in bank mutual fund pools at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively; these funds are not rated by a national rating agency, due to the short-term nature of their holdings.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

The University's restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of money market accounts restricted for debt reserve payments.

The Foundation, through Marauder, maintains restricted cash balances in the following accounts as of August 31, 2009 and 2008:

	2009	2008		
Restricted:				
Debt interest account	\$ 527,577	\$	507,981	
Debt principal account	405,356		383,327	
Repair and replacement fund	791,073		668,704	
Debt reserve fund	 1,408,687		1,413,461	
Total restricted cash	\$ 3,132,693	\$	2,973,473	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Foundation investments are managed by a professional investment manager. The investment manager is subject to the Foundation's investment policies which contain objectives, guidelines, and restrictions designed to provide for preservation of capital with emphasis on providing current income and achieving long-term growth of the funds. Investments consist of money market funds as of June 30, 2009 and bond mutual funds as of June 30, 2008.

Note 3 - Receivables

At June 30, 2009 and 2008, receivables consist of the following:

	2009	2008
Student accounts receivable	\$ 12,736,424	\$ 14,445,618
Student notes receivable	953,969	947,789
Grant and contract receivables	5,016,877	1,828,360
Other	808,982	552,775
Total	19,516,252	17,774,542
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,285,822)	(9,489,959)
Net receivables	\$ 9,230,430	\$ 8,284,583

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the University for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 is summarized as follows:

	2009									
	Beginning Balance			Retirements Transfers						
Depreciable assets:										
Buildings and improvements	\$ 110,800,498	\$ 2,019,006	\$ -	\$ -	\$112,819,504					
Automobiles, machinery, and equipment	15,145,841	1,179,352	(78,810)	-	16,246,383					
Nondepreciable assets:										
Land improvements	308,650	-	-	-	308,650					
Construction in progress	175,327	9,054,314			9,229,641					
Total capital assets	126,430,316	12,252,672	(78,810)	-	138,604,178					
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings and improvements	52,287,002	2,395,121	-	-	54,682,123					
Automobiles, machinery, and equipment	11,799,763	817,434	(78,210)		12,538,987					
Total accumulated depreciation	64,086,765	\$ 3,212,555	\$ (78,210)	<u> </u>	67,221,110					
Capital assets - Net	\$ 62,343,551				\$ 71,383,068					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	2008									
	Beginning Balance Additions R		Retirements	Ending Balance						
Depreciable assets:										
Buildings and improvements	\$ 110,120,070	\$ 680,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$110,800,498					
Automobiles, machinery, and equipment	14,116,724	1,099,792	(119,216)	48,541	15,145,841					
Nondepreciable assets:										
Land improvements	308,650	-	-	-	308,650					
Construction in progress	21,973	201,895		(48,541)	175,327					
Total capital assets	124,567,417	1,982,115	(119,216)	-	126,430,316					
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings and improvements	49,942,527	2,344,475	-	-	52,287,002					
Automobiles, machinery, and equipment	11,212,877	696,067	(109,181)		11,799,763					
Total accumulated depreciation	61,155,404	\$ 3,040,542	\$ (109,181)	\$ -	64,086,765					
Capital assets - Net	\$ 63,412,013				\$ 62,343,551					

Commitments for construction contracts at June 30, 2009 were approximately \$3.2 million. Since this work has not yet been performed, no liability has been recorded at year end.

Capital assets activity for the Foundation for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 is summarized as follows:

			2009	2008
Land		\$	140,800	\$ 140,800
Building			15,592,051	15,592,051
Furniture		_	896,603	896,603
	Total fixed assets		16,629,454	16,629,454
	Less accumulated depreciation	_	(2,989,404)	(2,471,508)
	Net	<u>\$</u>	13,640,050	\$ 14,157,946

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 5 - Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability (other than long-term debt) activity for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 is summarized as follows:

	2009									
	Beginning			Ending	Current					
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion					
Compensated absences Other liabilities	\$ 1,925,162 450,313	\$ 675,130 215,380	\$ 641,389 3,515	\$ 1,958,903 662,178	\$ 778,566 					
Total	\$ 2,375,475	\$ 890,510	\$ 644,904	\$ 2,621,081	\$ 778,566					
			2008							
	Beginning			Ending	Current					
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion					
Compensated absences Other liabilities	\$ 1,705,778 548,961	\$ 847,939 	\$ 628,555 98,648	\$ 1,925,162 450,313	\$ 719,969 					
Total	\$ 2,254,739	\$ 847,939	\$ 727,203	\$ 2,375,475	\$ 719,969					

The current portion of long-term liabilities is included in accrued salaries, wages, and benefits. See Note 7 for description of compensated absences.

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

University

Long-term debt for the University consists of the following for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008:

	2009									
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Current Portion
Notes payable: Note payable to HUD, 3.0%, payable in varying installments through June 12, 2010	\$	52,755	\$	-	\$	25,985	\$	26,770	\$	26,770
Note payable to the Department of Education, 5.5%, payable in varying installments through November 1, 2021		1,809,938				93,421	_	1,716,517	_	98,630
Total	\$,862,693	\$	-	\$	119,406	\$	1,743,287	\$	125,400

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

	2008									
	Ве	Beginning					Ending			Current
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		Portion	
Bond payable:										
Central State University Revenue Bonds of 1970,										
Series F, 3.0%, payable in varying installments										
through December 1, 2010	\$	27,550	\$	-	\$	27,550	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable:										
Note payable to HUD, 3.0%, payable in varying										
installments through June 12, 2010		77,977		-		25,222		52,755		25,985
Note payable to the Department of Education,										
5.5%, payable in varying installments through										
November 1, 2021		898,425			_	88,487	_	1,809,938	_	93,421
Total	\$ 2,	003,952	\$	-	\$	141,259	\$	1,862,693	\$	119,406

At June 30, 2009, maturities of long-term debt, including interest payments, are as follows:

	 Principal	Interest		Interest			Total
2010	\$ 125,400	\$ 93,674		\$	219,074		
2011	104,129	87,571			191,700		
2012	109,935	09,935 8			191,701		
2013	116,065		75,636		191,701		
2014	122,536	69,165			191,701		
2015-2019	723,106	235,397			958,503		
2020-2022	 442,116		132,984		575,100		
Total	\$ 1,743,287	\$	776,193	\$	2,519,480		

Revenues from student housing and dining facilities are pledged for the redemption of the notes.

The University is required to maintain a debt service payment account and a debt service reserve account under the Department of Education note. The debt service account has been paid in full as of June 30, 2008 and the reserve is no longer required. The University is also required to deposit \$28,010 annually into a repair and replacement reserve account until \$280,100 has been accumulated in that account (\$230,036 accumulated at June 30, 2009).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Central State University Foundation

Marauder Development, LLC has the following debt related to the financing of student dormitories. Information is for the subsidiary's years ended August 31, 2009 and 2008:

	Balance									
			Se	eptember I,						Balance
	Interest Rate	Maturity		2008	_	Additions Payments		Payments	Au	gust 31, 2009
Revenue Bonds Series 2004	3.3%-5.1%	2035	\$	11,531,386	\$	13,188	\$	205,000	\$	11,339,574
Revenue Bonds Series 2002	3.0%-5.625%	2032		8,117,470		19,584		175,000		7,962,054
Total			\$	19,648,856	\$	32,772	\$	380,000		19,301,628
Less current portion									_	405,000
Long-term portion									\$	18,896,628
				D.I.						
			_	Balance						D.I.
	L. D. C.	Maria	36	eptember I,			D		Balance	
	Interest Rate	Maturity		2007		Additions		Payments	Au	gust 31, 2008
Revenue Bonds Series 2004	3.3%-5.1%	2035	\$	11,717,994	\$	13,392	\$	200,000	\$	11,531,386
Revenue Bonds Series 2002	3.0%-5.625%	2032	_	8,265,726		21,744	_	170,000		8,117,470
Total			\$	19,983,720	\$	35,136	\$	370,000		19,648,856
Less current portion										380,000
Long-term portion									\$	19,268,856

Principal and interest payments on long-term debt are as follows:

Years Ending	Series 2002 Bonds			Series 2004 Bonds			
August 31	Principal	Interest	_	Principal	Interest		Total
2010	\$ 180,000	\$ 427,184	\$	225,000	\$ 559,841	\$	1,392,025
2011	190,000	419,546		235,000	551,899		1,396,445
2012	195,000	411,122		245,000	543,014		1,394,136
2013	205,000	402,121		250,000	533,359		1,390,480
2014	215,000	392,564		260,000	522,899		1,390,463
2015-2019	1,240,000	1,791,360		1,495,000	2,424,092		6,950,452
2020-2024	1,600,000	1,420,469		1,885,000	2,017,500		6,922,969
2025-2029	2,105,000	915,321		2,405,000	1,480,185		6,905,506
2030-2034	2,175,000	256,359		3,090,000	783,105		6,304,464
2035				1,465,000	75,607		1,540,607
Total	\$ 8,105,000	\$ 6,436,046	<u>\$</u>	11,555,000	\$ 9,491,501	<u>\$</u>	35,587,547

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Marauder issued Student Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, dated December I, 2002, to retire commercial loans used to finance the construction of the University Housing Project. The bond discount was \$142,946 and \$162,530 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively, and is being amortized to interest expense on the interest method over the life of the bonds. The bonds mature on September I in various amounts ranging from \$180,000 on September I, 2009 to \$620,000 on September I, 2032, subject to prior mandatory sinking fund redemptions. Interest, at rates varying from 3.0 percent to 5.625 percent per annum, is payable semiannually on March I and September I. The bonds are collateralized by the building and restricted cash held as required by the bond agreement.

During 2004, Marauder issued \$12,150,000 in University Housing Revenue Bonds, Series 2004, to finance construction of the 2004 University Housing Project. The original bond discount totaled \$287,699, with an amortized balance of \$215,426 and \$228,614 at June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The discount is being amortized to interest expense over the life of the bonds on the interest method. The bonds mature on September 1 in various amounts ranging from \$225,000 on September 1, 2009 to \$750,000 on September 1, 2035, subject to prior mandatory sinking fund redemptions. Interest, at rates varying from 3.3 percent to 5.1 percent per annum, is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds are collateralized by the building and restricted cash held as required by the bond agreement.

Bond legislation provides that Marauder Development, LLC will charge rates sufficient for the excess of revenue over expenditures to equal not less than 120 percent of the aggregate amount of principal and interest requirements on the bonds payable during the year (coverage ratio).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

The coverage ratio computed under the bond legislation is as follows:

		2009		2008
Change in member's capital Add items to convert net income to	\$	(321,316)	\$	352,530
pledged revenues:				
Interest expense on bonds		1,027,109		1,044,954
Management fees		190,164		192,492
Surplus expense		573,599		-
Depreciation and amortization expense		605,664	_	606,360
Net pledged revenues as defined (1)	<u>\$</u>	2,075,220	<u>\$</u>	2,196,336
Debt service requirement on bonds (2)	\$	1,382,078	\$	1,386,792
Coverage ratio (1/2)		150%		158%
Required coverage ratio		120%		120%

Note 7 - Compensated Absences for Vacation and Sick Leave

The University has three classifications of employees: classified, contract, and faculty.

Classified employees are nonacademic, permanent, full-time employees. Classified employees are entitled to vacation leave based upon length of service. The employees may accumulate up to a maximum of 30 to 75 days of vacation leave, depending on number of years of service. Vacation leave becomes payable upon termination or retirement. Employees may accumulate an unlimited amount of sick leave. One-third of accumulated sick leave is payable to classified employees with 10 years or more of service upon termination or retirement.

Contract employees are nonacademic, contracted, full-time employees. Contract employees are entitled to vacation leave based upon length of service and/or classification. The employee may accumulate up to a maximum of 30 days of vacation leave. Vacation leave not to exceed 240 hours becomes payable upon termination or retirement. Contract employees accrue sick leave at a rate of 15 days per year. One-third of accumulated sick leave, not to exceed one-third of 120 days, is payable to contract employees with 10 years or more of service upon retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 7 - Compensated Absences for Vacation and Sick Leave (Continued)

Faculty employees are full-time, academic employees. Faculty employees accrue sick leave at a rate of 15 days per year. One-third of accumulated sick leave, not to exceed one-third of 120 days, is payable to faculty employees with 10 years or more of service upon retirement.

Vested or accumulated leave is recorded as an expenditure and liability of the current funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

Note 8 - Retirement Plans

614.466.2085

University faculties participate in either the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) or an alternative retirement plan (ARP). Substantially all other employees participate in either the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) or the ARP.

The OPERS and STRS plans are statewide cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit retirement plans. Each provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The OPERS and STRS plans also provide healthcare benefits to vested retirees. Authority to establish and amend benefits for OPERS and STRS is provided by state statute by Chapters 145 and 3307, respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

Each of the plans issues separate, publicly available financial reports that include balance sheets and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained by contacting each system as follows:

OPERS	STRS
227 East Town Street	275 East Board Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215	Columbus, Ohio 43215

The Ohio Revised Code provides OPERS and STRS statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The required, actuarially determined contribution rates for the University and for the employee are as follows:

614.227.4090

	Retirement	University	Employee
	System	Share	Share
Classified, contract	OPERS	14.00%	10.00%
Faculty	STRS	14.00%	10.00%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 8 - Retirement Plans (Continued)

The University's contributions, representing 100 percent of employer contributions, for the periods ended June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 are as follows:

	<u>OPERS</u>	STRS
2009	\$ 767,716	\$ 944,915
2008	797,021	898,708
2007	710,362	872,093

Certain full-time University faculty and staff have the option to choose the ARP in place of STRS or OPERS. The ARP is a defined contribution plan that provides employees with the opportunity to establish individual retirement accounts with a defined group of investment options, with each participant having control of the assets and investment options associated with those assets. The administrators of the plan are the providers of the plan investment options. Authority to establish and amend benefits and contribution requirements of the ARP is provided by state statute per the Ohio Revised Code.

Under the provisions of ARP, the required contribution rate for plan participants is 10 percent employees' covered compensation for employees who would otherwise participate in STRS and OPERS, respectively. The University contributes 10.5 percent of a participating faculty member's compensation and 13.77 percent of a participating contract staff member's compensation to the participant's account. The University is also required to contribute an additional 3.5 percent of employees' covered compensation to STRS. Plan participants' contributions were \$530,064 and \$558,638 and the University's contributions to the ARP were \$705,521 and \$720,892 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. In addition, the amounts contributed to ARP by the University on behalf of the faculty participants were \$162,294 and \$161,080 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits

In order to qualify for postretirement healthcare coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Healthcare coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

During 1997, the Retirement Board adopted a new calculation method for determining employer contributions applied to other postemployment health benefits. Under the new method, effective January I, 1998, employer contributions, equal to 5.0 percent of member covered payroll, are used to fund healthcare expenses. Under the prior method, accrued liabilities and the normal cost rates were determined for retiree healthcare coverage.

Starting in 2007, the portion of employer contributions that were used to fund postemployment benefits was approximated at 0.3323 of actual employer contributions as actuarially determined for OPERS.

The actuarial value of OPERS net assets available for these benefits at December 31, 2007 was \$12.8 billion. There were 382,177 active, contributing members. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, based on the actuarial cost method used, were \$29.8 billion and \$30.7 billion, respectively. For the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, the University contributed \$437,143 and \$396,660, respectively, to OPERS for OPEB funding, which is equal to the actuarially required contributions of the plan.

STRS currently provides comprehensive healthcare benefits to retirees and their dependents. Coverage includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Pursuant to ORC, STRS has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated healthcare costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the healthcare cost in the form of monthly premiums. Under ORC, medical costs paid from the funds of STRS are included in the employer contribution rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, STRS allocated employer contributions equal to 4.75 percent of covered payroll to a Health Care Reserve Fund (HCRF) from which payments for healthcare benefits are paid. The balance in the HCRF was \$3.7 billion at June 30, 2008. There were 126,506 benefit recipients eligible for post-employment benefits at June 30, 2008. For the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, the University contributed \$56,747 and \$56,378, respectively, to fund these benefits.

Note 10 - Grants and Contracts

The University receives grants and contracts from certain federal, state, and local agencies to fund research and other activities. The costs, both direct and indirect, that have been charged to their grants or contracts are subject to examination and approval by the granting agency. It is the opinion of the University administration that any potential disallowance or adjustment of such costs would not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009 and 2008

Note II - Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments - The University has encumbered \$1,216,452 and \$1,163,371 of funds as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These encumbrances represent purchase orders and other commitments for materials or services not received as of fiscal year end. These are not included as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

Litigations - The University is involved in various litigation and regulatory matters. Based upon management's review, the ultimate disposition of these matters is uncertain; therefore, no adjustments have been made to the financial statements relative to these matters. The University's administration believes that the ultimate disposition of these matters would not have a material adverse effect upon the financial statements of the University.

Note 12 - Related Organization

The University is the sole beneficiary of the Central State University Foundation (the "Foundation"), a separate, not-for-profit entity governed by a separate board of trustees, organized for the purpose of promoting educational and research activities. Amounts received by the University from the Foundation in the form of private gifts, grants, and contracts amounted to \$678,566 and \$655,993 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

The Foundation established and owns Marauder Development, LLC, which owns two residence halls (Foundation I and Foundation II) located on the University's campus. The University receives an annual management fee and the reimbursement of operating expenses from Marauder Development, LLC. These fees and reimbursement amounted to \$915,598 and \$893,586 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The University paid Marauder Development, LLC \$2,716,635 and \$2,749,852 for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. These payments were primarily student residence hall fees.

Note 13 - Bureau of Workers' Compensation

The University participates in a state plan that pays workers' compensation benefits to beneficiaries who have been injured on the job with any of certain state agencies and state universities. The Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (the "Bureau") calculates the estimated amount of cash needed in the subsequent fiscal year to pay the claims for these workers and sets rates to collect this estimated amount from these participating state agencies and universities in that subsequent one-year period. As these already-injured workers' claims will be paid out over a period of time, the Bureau also actuarially calculates estimated amounts that will be paid in future periods for the entire pool of state agencies and state universities.

Supplemental Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
CLUSTERS:		
STUDENT FINANCIAL AID CLUSTER:		
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs:		
ACG Grant FY 2008	84.375	\$ 750
ACG Grant FY 2009	84.375	4,550
Federal SEOG FY 2008	84.007	250
Federal Work Study FY 2008	84.033	976
Federal Pell Grant FY 2008	84.063	2,086,887
Federal SEOG FY 2009	84.007	558,533
Federal Work Study FY 2009	84.033	607,962
Federal Pell Grant FY 2009	84.063	3,736,888
TOTAL STUDENT FINANCIAL AID CLUSTER		6,996,796
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER:		
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:		
Ohio Space Grant	43.001	13,891
Environmental Protection Agency:		
NET Incubator	66.510	34,016
Center for Allaying Health Disparities Through Research and Ed.	93.307	583,219
TOTAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CLUSTER		631,126
TRIO CLUSTER:		
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs:		
TRIO: Student Support Services	84.042A	377,875
TRIO: Upward Bound Program	84.047	252,864
TOTAL TRIO CLUSTER		630,739

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency Program Title	CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS:		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIRECT PROGRAMS:		
Higher Education - Institutional Aid - Direct Program:		
Campus Security	84.031B	\$ 6,620
Strengthening Institutional Enhancement 02/07 CO Yr 3	84.031B	254,546
Library Acquisition Enhancement	84.031B	137,822
Institutional Advancement	84.031B	299,666
Improving Administrative Management	84.031B	111,777
Program Administration	84.031B	218,001
SAEM	84.031B	97,123
Strengthening Institutional Enhancement 02/07 CO Year 4	84.031B	205,840
Strengthening Academic Success	84.031B	225,546
K-16 Higher Education Access	84.031B	83,434
Center for Teaching and Learning	84.031B	362,884
Center for Teaching and Retention	84.031B	236,895
CCRA - Library Enhancement	84.031B	21,188
CCRA - Dayton Campus	84.031B	53,636
CCRA - Digital Divide	84.031B	9,342
Pre Law	84.031B	35,632
Strengthening Institutional Management COY 2007/08	84.031B	21,204
Total Higher Education - Institutional Aid		2,381,156
Minority Science and Engineering Program (MSEIP) - BISCA	84.120	53,949
Integrated Biotech Education	84.120	2,074
Ralph Regula Computational Science	84.215	2,754
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIRECT PR	ROGRAMS	2,439,933
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:		
Head Start Teacher Preparation	93.600	98,136
KRUNKED 4 Life	93.910	166,346
Cultural Competanancy	93.558	534,781
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES	799,263
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:		
Summer Transportation Program	20.000	34,578
Akron University Transportation Center	20.701	9,432
2009 Summer Transportation Program	20.000	22,883
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		66,893

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	er Federal Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:			
Basic and Applied Scientific Research:			
Identifying Max. Rhizosphere Biom.	12.431	\$ 81,290	
Battelle Mentor Protégé	12.000	6,099	
Materials and Manufacturing Research	12.000	19,011	
Sensors Technical Thrust	12.000	7,500	
Technology Transfer Program	12.000	2,311	
Sensors Research	12.000	36,344	
Materials and Manufacturing Research	12.000	13,648	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		166,203	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPM	ENT:		
Tawawa Community Development	14.251	63,466	
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION:			
Earth System Science Education Alliance	47.050	13,128	
QUEST	47.076	11,255	
LSAMP OH Science and Engineering	47.076	8,564	
CSU JUMP	47.076	110,784	
REEL Program	47.049	5,997	
Benjamin Banneker's Scholarship Program	47.076	64,860	
Computational Science Educational Materials	47.076	10,000	
ADVANCE	47.076	11,841	
CEENE	47.076	106,663	
TOTAL NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION		343,092	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY:			
National Renewable Energy Laboratory	81.087	47,420	
STEM UP - OUT	81.123	1,178,005	
Training of Radiochemistry Students	84.000	38,273	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY		1,263,698	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR:			
Applications of Remote Sensing Technology (USBR)	15.504	465,709	
Historic Preservation Grants	15.904	721,229	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR		1,186,938	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Agency/Pass-through Agency/Program Title	CFDA Number	Fede	eral Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Monitoring Agricultural Sewage	11.460	\$	1,359
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE			
Monitoring of Lake Erie	11.460		16,494
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
Modular Automated Training System	17.261		60,958
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION			
Development of a Reactor Safety	77.006		4,737
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$	14,671,695

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2009

Note I - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Central State University and is presented on the same basis of accounting as the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Federal Family Education Loans

Federal Family Education Loans (Federal CFDA Number 84.032), processed for students by the University during the year ended June 30, 2009, are summarized as follows:

Federal Stafford Loans	\$ 7,178,297
Federal Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	8,672,039
Federal Parent Loans for Undergraduate Students (PLUS)	1,347,729
Total federal Family Education Loan Program	\$ 17,198,065

Note 3 - Loans Outstanding

The University administers the Perkins Loan Program (Federal CFDA Number 84.038). Outstanding loans as of June 30, 2009 were \$953,569. No new loans were issued during the year ended June 30, 2009.

Note 4 - Subrecipient Awards

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, federal awards were provided to subrecipients as follows:

	CFDA	Amou	ınt Provided
Federal Program Title	Number	to Su	brecipients
Identifying Maximum Rhizosphere Bioremediative			
Potential through DNA Microarray	12.431	\$	17,444
STEM UP-OUT	81.123		66,706
CADRE	93.307		40,134
KRUNKED 4 Life	93.910		7,123
Applications of Remote Sensing	15.504		285,337

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Central State University

We have audited the financial statements of Central State University (the "University") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items FS-2009-01 and FS-2009-02 to be significant deficiencies.



To the Board of Trustees Central State University

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the University in a separate letter dated October 15, 2009.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of trustees, the audit committee, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 15, 2009

Plante & Moran, PLLC



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Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Trustees Central State University

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Central State University (the "University") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The major federal programs of Central State University are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the University's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies. In aggregate, we consider these significant deficiencies to constitute a material weakness.

As described in items 2009-01, 2009-02, 2009-03, 2009-04, 2009-05, 2009-06, 2009-07, 2009-08, and 2009-09 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the University did not comply with requirements regarding Eligibility and Special Tests and Provisions that are applicable to its Student Financial Aid Cluster. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the University to comply with requirements applicable to those programs.



To the Board of Trustees Central State University

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, the University complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2009-10.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Central State University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies. In aggregate, we consider these significant deficiencies to constitute a material weakness.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2009-01, 2009-02, 2009-03, 2009-04, 2009-05, 2009-07, 2009-08 and 2009-09 to be significant deficiencies.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Of the significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we consider the significant deficiencies noted above, in aggregate, to constitute a material weakness.

To the Board of Trustees Central State University

The University's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the University's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of trustees, the audit committee, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 15, 2009

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X	_Yes		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	_ No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major program(s):				
Material weakness(es) identified?	X	_Yes		No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	X_	Yes		None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance fo	or majo	or progr	am(s):	
Student Financial Aid Cluster Research and Development Cluster Higher Education - Institutional Aid Cluster Cultural Competenancy STEM UP - OUT Historic Preservation Grants	- Ur - Ur - Ur - Ur	ualified nqualifie nqualifie nqualifie nqualifie	d d d	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	X_	_ Yes		No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

Identification of major program(s):

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.375,		
84.032, 84.038	Student Financial Aid Cluster	
43.001, 66.510, 93.307	Research and Development Cluster	
84.031B	Higher Education - Institutional Aid Cluster	
93.558	Cultural Competenancy	
81.123	STEM UP - OUT	
15.904	Historic Preservation Grants	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$444,995		
Auditee qualified as low-risk audite	ee?	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings

Reference	
Number	Findings

FS-2009-01 Grants Receivable Allowance

Finding Type - Significant deficiency

Criteria - Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past, current and future events. The allowance for doubtful grants receivable is a significant estimate affecting the financial statements.

Condition - During our testing and review of the outstanding grants receivable balance at June 30, 2009, we noted several old, outstanding amounts for which the University feels are unlikely to be collected.

Context - The University recorded a significant adjusting entry to the allowance for doubtful grants receivable account to increase the reserve for these uncollectible amounts and to writeoff another of the outstanding balances as result of our audit testing.

Cause and Effect - The old, outstanding amounts on the grants receivable schedule had not been reviewed in a timely manner and no determination had been made at June 30, 2009 to determine if an adjustment to the allowance was necessary.

Recommendation - We recommend the University assess collectibility for the entire outstanding grant receivable balance and writeoff any old, outstanding items that are deemed to be uncollectible to ensure the balance is accurately recorded at net realizable value on the financial statements. This review should be completed at least on an annual basis.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees that the grants in question were not collectible and they were fully reserved for the current fiscal year. We will establish a quarterly procedure to review and take appropriate action for any funds not covered by the positive/negative reserve process. This is already in progress as we continually improve the process quality of our work. We have upgraded an open clerical position to a staff accountant position.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section II - Financial Statement Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference	
Number	Findings

FS-2009-02 Grants Positive/Negative Analysis

Finding Type - Significant deficiency

Criteria - Annually, the University performs a positive/negative cash analysis to determine the related assets and liabilities to be recorded for each grant fund at June 30. This analysis determines which grant activity should be recognized as revenue and which activity should be deferred to future periods.

Condition - During our audit procedures, we noted that the calculation was being recorded incorrectly in the general ledger, resulting in a misstatement of the grants receivable and deferred grant revenue amounts.

Context - The University posted an adjusting entry to correct the misstatement and properly state grants receivable and deferred revenue amounts at June 30, 2009.

Cause and Effect - The schedule had not been reviewed timely to ensure amounts were being posted properly in the general ledger.

Recommendation - We recommend the positive/negative analysis calculation be reviewed to ensure the amounts are being recorded properly in the general ledger.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees the positive/negative analysis calculation should be reviewed more carefully. In order to continually improve the process quality of our work, we have upgraded an open clerical position to a staff accountant position. This will provide our institution with more expertise and allow for more timely review of the work product.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings

Reference Number	Findings
2009-01	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Family Education Loans - 84.032

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria -Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - For FFEL, loan funds must be disbursed within three business days of receipt if the lender provided the funds by EFT or master check or 30 days if the lender provided the funds by check payable to the borrower or co-payable to the borrower and the institution (34 CFR § 668.167(b)). If the institution does not disburse FFEL loan funds in accordance with the time frames required, the institution must return the funds to the lender within 10 business days after the date the funds were required to be disbursed.

Condition - The Institution did not disburse FFEL loan proceeds within three business days of receipt and the undisbursed FFEL loan proceeds were not returned to the lender within 10 business days after the date the funds were required to be disbursed.

Questioned Costs - \$500

Context - Of 36 students tested for eligibility and disbursement testing, we noted one student where the Institution did not disburse loan proceeds within three business days of receipt and two students who declined funds and the undisbursed loan amounts were not returned to the lender within 10 business days.

Cause and Effect - The disbursements were overlooked and Student Financial Aid did not disburse loan funds within three business days or did not return unused loan funds to the lender within 10 business days.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. An additional financial aid staff member has been assigned to assist the loan processor with processing loan disbursements and returns in a timely fashion. Further, financial aid and cash management will determine if loan disbursements should in fact be processed in cash management and cross-checked by a financial aid loan processor to ensure greater checks and balances.

Loans - 84.032

Reference

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)

Number	Findings
2009-02	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Family Education

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria - Special tests and provisions compliance requirement -The Institution shall return loan proceeds to the lender if the verification process is not completed after 45 days (34 CFR § 668.58).

Condition - The verification process was not completed within 45 days ar the University did not return undisbursed loan proceeds to the lender.

Questioned Costs - None

Context - Of 36 students tested for verification, one loan proceeds was not returned to the lender for one student.

Cause and Effect - The disbursement was held pending verification but was overlooked until the verification worksheet was returned, and therefore, the Student Financial Aid Department did not return the loan funds within the required 45 days.

Recommendation - We recommend that the Student Financial Aid Department track outstanding student verification worksheets to monitor completion within 45 days and establish a deadline by which to return funds.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. Loans will no longer be certified until verification is complete. Additionally, verification will be processed by two clerks who are currently being trained. Counselors will review verifications for accuracy by reviewing newly generated ISIRs and verification figures in order to provide checks and balances that result in accurate verifications. Additionally, Access Educator will provide FAFSA completion workshops in order to reduce the instances of verification triggers.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Findings
2009-03	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Family Education Loans - 84.032

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria - Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - The institution must make disbursements no later than three business days following the receipt of funds. Any amounts not disbursed by the end of the third business day are considered to be excess cash (34 CFR § 668.166). Excess cash includes any funds received from the Department of Education that are deposited or transferred to the institution's federal account as a result of an award adjustment, cancellation, or recovery. A school may retain for up to seven days an amount of excess cash that does not exceed I percent of the total amount of funds the University drew down in the prior award year.

Condition - The University did not return excess loan funds within seven days.

Questioned Costs - \$3,375

Context - Of 36 students tested, two instances of excess cash not being returned within seven days were identified.

Cause and Effect - Scholarships posting to student accounts after loans were disbursed caused adjustments which required a reduction in the total loan award and a return of excess funds to the Department of Education. The excess funds were not returned within seven days.

Recommendation - We recommend establishing a process of review by the Student Financial Aid Department when adjustments are made to financial aid awarded on student accounts, to ensure excess funds are identified and returned within seven days.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. Counselors have been instructed to electronically communicate award adjustments to loan processors on a daily basis for loan cancellation, reduction, and recovery.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Findings
2009-04	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.375, 84.032, 84.038

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria - Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - When a recipient of Title IV aid withdraws from an institution during a period of enrollment in which the recipient began attendance, the institution must determine the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student as of the student's withdrawal date. This is compared to the amount disbursed, and a refund or post-withdrawal disbursement is calculated. The institution is responsible for returning aid up to the unearned institutional charges (34 CFR §668.22).

Condition - The University did not calculate Title IV refunds properly, and as a result, incorrect aid amounts were returned.

Questioned Costs - \$3,054

Context - Of 36 students selected for return of Title IV testing, two of those students were improperly calculated.

Cause and Effect - The University used incorrect inputs for the Title IV Funds withdrawal worksheet and, thus did not calculate the proper refund.

Recommendation - The University should develop a review procedure to identify manual input errors. The University should also establish a process for identifying students who have completely withdrawn from courses or have been academically terminated in order to determine when a return to Title IV calculation needs to be completed.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. The Student Financial Aid Department will implement a process of checks and balances in which data is entered by one staff person and reviewed for accuracy by a second in addition to review by the director.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Findings
2009-05	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.375, 84.032, 84.038

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria - Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - Returns of Title IV funds are required to be deposited or transferred to the Department of Education or the appropriate FFEL lender as soon as possible, but no later than 45 days after the date the institution determines that the student withdrew (34 CFR § 668.173(b)). The withdrawal date is the date that the student began the withdrawal process, provided official notification to the school in writing or orally, or ceases attendance (34 CFR § 668.22(c) and (d)).

Condition - The University did not return Title IV refunds within 45 days.

Questioned Costs - \$3,907

Context - Of 36 students selected for return of Title IV testing, there were four instances in which Title IV refunds were not returned within 45 days.

Cause and Effect - Currently there is no formal process in place to review Title IV refund calculations and to ensure funds are returned in a timely manner.

Recommendation - We recommend the Student Financial Aid Department implement a review process and establish internal deadlines to ensure Title IV refunds are returned in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation; withdrawals will be reviewed/identified on a weekly basis using a Banner student module generated dashboard report. A staff member is assigned to collaborate and communicate with the registrar's office on a weekly basis to ensure that calculations are done accurately and in a timely fashion.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Findings
2009-06	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Family Education Loans and Perkins Loan Program - 84.032 and 84.038
	Finding Type - Noncompliance
	Criteria - Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - Changes in a student's status are required to be reported to the National Student Loan

a student's status are required to be reported to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) within 30 days of the change or included in a Student Status Confirmation Report (SSCR) sent to NSLDS within 60 days of the status change (34 CFR § 82.610).

Condition - The University did not report status changes within the 30/60 day rule.

Questioned Costs - None

Context - Of the 36 students selected for status change testing, 11 of those students did not have a status change reported in a timely manner.

Cause and Effect - The University uploads enrollment information three times a semester, but these students selected were not updated on NSLDS in a timely manner.

Recommendation - The University should establish another method of reporting status changes during the year to ensure that status changes are being updated and reflected on NSLDS in a timely manner.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. The Office of Student Financial Aid has updated the process by which student status is reported to NSLDS to include implementation of reporting schedule with the Registrar and manual entry of changes into NSLDS by staff at the time of calculation.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Section III - Federal Program Audit Findings (Continued)

Reference Number	Findings
2009-07	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.375, 84.032, 84.038

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria -Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - For each student selected for verification by the central processor, the institution is required to obtain acceptable documentation to verify the information required, match information on the documentation to the Institutional Student Information Record (ISIR), and submit necessary data corrections to the central processor and recalculate awards (34 CFR § 668.59).

Condition - We noted inconsistencies in the information appearing on the ISIR and the information recorded by the University on the verification worksheet.

Questioned Costs - Unknown

Context - Of 36 students tested for verification, we noted five students with inconsistencies between information included on the ISIR and the verification worksheet.

Cause and Effect - The information recorded by the University did not match the verification worksheet or supporting documentation and resulted in an incorrect calculation of the expected family contribution.

Recommendation - We recommend establishing a process of independent review of the verification worksheet to ensure the proper financial aid amounts are being awarded.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. Verification will be processed by two clerks who are currently being trained. Counselors will review verifications for accuracy by reviewing newly generated ISIRs and verification figures in order to provide checks and balances that result in accurate verifications.

2009-08

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Reference	
Number	Findings

84.375, 84.032, 84.038

Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.007, 84.033, 84.063,

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria - Eligibility compliance requirement - Institutions must establish and publish reasonable standards for measuring whether eligible students are maintaining satisfactory progress in their educational program. The institution must monitor eligibility on at least an annual basis against these standards (34 CFR § 668.16).

Condition - The University did not review or monitor academic eligibility in a timely manner.

Questioned Costs - None

Context - Of the 36 students selected for review of academic eligibility, five of those students were not reviewed or updated at the end of the academic year.

Cause and Effect -The individual responsible for reviewing academic eligibility is no longer with the University, and the duties were reassigned during the fiscal year.

Recommendation - We recommend academic review be completed at least annually and updated in a timely manner to ensure students are eligible to receive federal aid.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the findings. The SAP review process was reassigned to individual counselors by their respective caseloads in December 2008. Additionally, the Office of Student Financial Aid will address this matter further by automating the process via Banner. The new SFA director will oversee the retroactive review all records for the current year.

2009-09

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Reference	
Number	Findings

Loans - 84.032

Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance

Criteria - Special tests and provisions compliance requirement - Institutions may not disburse or deliver the first installment of FFEL or Direct Loans to first-year undergraduates who are first-time borrowers until 30 days after the student's first day of classes, unless the institution has low default rates (less than 10 percent for each of the three most recent years for which data is available) (34 CFR § 682.604(c)).

Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Family Education

Condition - The University disbursed loans to first-year undergraduates who are first-time borrowers within 30 days after the students' first day of classes.

Questioned Costs - None

Context - Of 36 students tested for first-time loan disbursement, six students were identified as first-time borrowers having received proceeds within 30 days of the first day of classes.

Cause and Effect - The loans were improperly credited to the student's account within 30 days after the student's first day of classes and the University does not meet the low default rate qualifications.

Recommendation - We recommend the Student Financial Aid Department review a listing of student records to ensure loan amounts to be disbursed by the University for first-year undergraduates who are first-time borrowers are processed within established time guidelines.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees with the recommendation. The loan certification process has been modified to include class standing before loans are certified with the lender. Rules for automating function in Banner are to be evaluated and updated with the guidance of the Banner consultant. Banner coding in the financial aid module is to be implemented for NFT. Manual processing of loans will be processed by the loan processor and reviewed for accuracy by another SFA staff, as well as the director.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2009

Reference	
Number	Findings
2009-10	Program Name - Research and Development Cluster - Department of

Health and Human Services - Center for Allaying Health Disparities Through Research and Education (CADRE) - 93.307

Finding Type - Noncompliance

Criteria - Activities allowed or unallowed compliance requirement - The Department of Health and Human Services grant agreement for the project entitled Center for Allaying Health Disparities Through Research and Education (CADRE), states "stipends and payments made for educational assistance may not be paid from research grant funds even when they would appear to benefit the research project."

Condition - The University paid stipends to two students during fiscal year 2008-09 and improperly charged them to the CADRE grant.

Questioned Costs - \$2,000

Context - Reviewed grant expenditure detail for 2008-09 and selected 27 disbursements for testing, noting two students who improperly received stipends.

Cause and Effect - The University improperly charged the stipend payments to the CADRE grant fund.

Recommendation - We recommend the University complete a review of expenditure activity during the period to ensure the University is in compliance with allowable costs of the grant agreement.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions - The University agrees that the stipends should not have been charged to the CADRE grant fund. The stipends were intended to be paid from the indirect cost fund. A correcting entry has been completed. In addition to our current management review of expenditures, the stipends account will be removed from this fund to prevent this error from occurring in the future. This will eliminate any accidental issuance of stipends against funds that do not authorize the expenditure.

Reference Number	Findings
2008-01	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Stafford Loans and Federal Unsubsidized Stafford Loans - 84.032
	Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance
	Description - For FFEL, students must be enrolled on at least a half-time basis to receive aid (34 CFR § 682.305). Student enrollment was less than half time and the student was awarded and received federal financial aid (FFEL loan) for which the student was not eligible.
	Status - The University collaborated with the Office of the Registrar to properly update credit hours in Banner to generate accurate loan disbursement reports. Additionally, financial aid staff updated Banner feed to eliminate disbursement to ineligible students.
Reference Number	Findings
2008-02	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Pell Grant - 84.063
	Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance
	Description -The University must report Pell disbursement information to Common Origination and Disbursement (COD) within 30 days (34 CFR §690.83). The University did not report Pell disbursement information in a timely manner.
	Status - A reconciliation schedule has been established with the Office of Cash Management and the Office of Sponsored Research & Programs.

Reference Number	Findings
2008-03	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Pell Grant - 84.063
	Finding Type - Noncompliance
	Description - For Pell recipients, the award amount must be in compliance with the Pell payment schedule. This schedule indicates the maximum award amount based on enrollment status, computed estimated family contribution and cost of attendance (34 CFR § 690.63). The University disbursed awards that were not in compliance with the Pell payment schedule.
	Status - A report was established on the SFA dashboard that displays the students' summer award and EFC to ensure proper awarding of Pell Grant for the year.
Reference	
Number	Findings
2008-04	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Stafford Loans and Federal Unsubsidized Stafford Loans - 84.032
	Finding Type - Noncompliance
	Description -For FFEL, loan funds must be disbursed within three business days if funds are received EFT or by master check or within 30 days if funds are received by check payable to the borrower or co-payable to the borrower or institution (34 CFR § 668.167(b)). The University did not disburse funds within three business days.
	Status - This finding is still being addressed under the guidance of new SFA director. An additional financial aid staff member has been assigned to assist the loan processor with processing loan disbursements and returns in a timely fashion. Further, financial aid and cash management will determine if loan disbursements should in fact be processed in cash management and cross checked by a financial aid loan processor to ensure greater checks and balances.

Reference Number	Findings
2008-05	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.032 and 84.038
	Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance
	Description - Changes in a student's status are required to be reported to the National Student Loan Data System (NSLDS) within 30 days of the change or included in a student status confirmation report sent to NSLDS within 60 days of the status change (34 CFR § 682.610). The University did not report student status changes in a timely manner.
	Status - The University has an established enrollment reporting schedule with the National Clearing House. However, a new avenue of reporting directly to the National Clearing House when the Return to Title IV calculations are completed is being developed to ensure all students are reported on the required timeline.
Reference Number	Findings
2008-06	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.007, 84.032, 84.033, 84.063, 84.375, and 84.376
	Finding Type - Significant Deficiency/Noncompliance
	Description - When a recipient of Title IV aid withdraws from an institution during a period of enrollment in which the recipient began attendance, the institution must determine the amount of Title IV aid earned by the student as of the student's withdrawal date. This is compared to the amount disbursed, and a refund or post-withdrawal disbursement is calculated. The institution is responsible for returning aid up to the unearned institutional charges (34 CFR § 668.22). The University did not calculate Title IV refunds properly, and as a result, incorrect aid amounts were returned.

Reference Number	Findings
2008-06 (Continued)	Status - The Office of Student Financial Aid will implement a process of checks and balances in which data is entered by one staff person and reviewed for accuracy by a second in addition to review by the Director.
Reference Number	Findings
2008-07	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Student Financial Aid Cluster - 84.007, 84.032, 84.033, 84.063, 84.375, and 84.376
	Finding Type - Significant deficiency/noncompliance
	Description - Institutions must establish and publish reasonable standards for measuring whether eligible students are maintaining satisfactory progress in their educational program. The institution must monitor eligibility on at least an annual basis against these standards (34 CFR § 668.16). The University did not review or monitor academic eligibility in a timely manner.
	Status - This finding is still being addressed under the guidance of new SFA director for the current year by retroactively reviewing all records. SAP review process assigned to individual counselors by caseload.

Reference Number	Findings
2008-08	Program Name - Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Stafford Loans and Federal Unsubsidized Stafford Loans - 84.032
	Finding Type - Noncompliance
	Description -The institution must notify the student or parent of the date and amount as well as the right to cancel all or portion of the loan no earlier than 30 days before and no later than 30 days after crediting the student's account (34 CFR § 668.165). The University did not notify the student within the required timeframe.
	Status - The University uses individual e-mails to students notifying them of their right to cancel all or a portion of their loans. The right is also being communicated to families as part of orientation curriculum for new first-time freshmen.

WCSU-FM

(a public telecommunications entity operated by Central State University)

Financial Report June 30, 2009

WCSU-FM

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees WCSU-FM

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets of WCSU-FM, a public telecommunications entity operated by Central State University, as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of revenues, expense and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WCSU-FM as of June 30, 2009 and 2008 and the results of its activities, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated October 15, 2009 on our consideration of WCSU-FM's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



To the Board of Trustees WCSU-FM

The management's discussion and analysis presented on pages 3 though 6 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 15, 2009

WCSU-FM

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited

The purpose of the annual report is to provide readers with financial information about the activities and financial condition of WCSU-FM (the "Station"), which is owned and operated by Central State University (the "University"). The report consists of three basic financial statements that provide information on the radio station: the statement of net assets, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and the statement of cash flows. These reports begin on page 7 and should be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements. The following summary and management's discussion of the results are intended to provide the readers with an overview of the financial statements.

The Statement of Net Assets

The statement of net assets includes all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector institutions. Net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the financial activities of the Station. Unrestricted net assets decreased by \$14,268 due to an excess of expenses over revenues incurred by the Station from 2008 to 2009 and decreased by \$12,126 due to an excess of expenses over revenues incurred by the Station from 2007 to 2008. Net assets invested in capital assets decreased by \$7,991 due to the ongoing depreciation of existing fixed assets from 2008 to 2009 and decreased by \$12,362 due to the ongoing depreciation of existing fixed assets from 2007 to 2008. Therefore, total net assets decreased by \$22,259 from 2008 to 2009 and decreased by \$24,488 from 2007 to 2008.

Total assets decreased \$28,179 in 2009 and decreased \$62,020 in 2008; the decreases were related primarily to a reduction in the amounts due from the University (pooled cash and investments).

Total liabilities decreased by \$5,920 in 2009, which was primarily attributable to a decrease in deferred revenue, with a slight increase in accounts payable. Total liabilities decreased by \$37,532 in 2008, which was attributable primarily to a decrease in deferred revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

	2009		2008		2007
Assets					
Current Assets	\$	151,616	\$	171,804	\$ 221,462
Capital Assets - Net of depreciation		35,992		43,983	 56,345
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	187,608	<u>\$</u>	215,787	\$ 277,807
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current Liabilities	\$	149,289	\$	155,209	\$ 192,741
Net Assets Invested in capital assets Unrestricted		35,992 2,327		43,983 16,595	56,345 28,721
Total net assets		38,319		60,578	 85,066
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$</u>	187,608	<u>\$</u>	215,787	\$ 277,807

As described further in Note I, current assets reflect mainly the amount due to the Station from the University's pooled cash and investment system. Current assets, including advances to the University, and current liabilities decreased during 2009 and 2008 due to expended grant proceeds at year end, which caused a decrease in cash and deferred revenue. Further detail about the sources and uses of cash is reflected in the statement of cash flows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents the operating results of the Station.

	2009		2008		2007	
Operating Revenues						
Corporation for Public Broadcasting	\$	146,231	\$	133,105	\$	160,282
State Network Commission and private grants		ŕ		,		•
(Note 5)		31,061		34,094		60,062
Contributed services		69,604		84,042		155,470
Nonoperating Revenues						
Miscellaneous		2,120		5,855		4,432
University support		452,325		443,214		421,209
Total revenues		701,341		700,310		801,455
Operating Expenses						
Programming and production		361,293		362,255		448,097
Program information and promotion		41,670		39,745		41,804
Management and general		320,637		322,798		296,338
Total operating expenses		723,600	_	724,798		786,239
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets		(22,259)		(24,488)		15,216
Net Assets - Beginning of year		60,578		85,066		69,850
Net Assets - End of year	\$	38,319	<u>\$</u>	60,578	<u>\$</u>	85,066

Operating revenues decreased by \$4,345, or 2 percent, from 2008 to 2009; Corporation for Public Broadcasting increased \$13,126 (10 percent), State Network Commission and private grants revenue decreased \$3,033 (9 percent), and contributed services decreased \$14,438 (17 percent). Both the State Network Commission and contributed services decreases are due to reductions in State funding. Operating expenses decreased by \$1,198, or 0.2 percent.

Operating revenues decreased by \$124,573, or 33 percent, from 2007 to 2008, Corporation for Public Broadcasting decreased \$27,177 (17 percent), State Network Commission and private grants revenue decreased \$25,968 (43 percent), and contributed services decreased \$71,428 (46 percent). The decrease is primarily driven by the reduction in support from the federal and state levels as budget constraints continue to increase due to the economic conditions. Operating expenses decreased by \$61,441, or 8 percent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited (Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the year. Cash consists of the Station's share of University pooled cash and investments.

	2009		2008		 2007
Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(474,633)	\$	(498,727)	\$ (416,354)
Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		454,445		449,069	425,641
Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities					 (16,108)
Decrease in Cash		(20,188)		(49,658)	(6,821)
Cash - Beginning of year		170,298		219,956	 226,777
Cash - End of year	\$	150,110	\$	170,298	\$ 219,956

The Station consumed \$474,633 and \$498,727 in operating activities in 2009 and 2008, respectively. The primary operating cash receipts consist of grants and contracts of \$237,559 and \$212,422 for 2009 and 2008, respectively. Cash outlays include payments for wages and to vendors of \$712,192 and \$711,149 for 2009 and 2008, respectively. The primary noncapital financing activities consist of support from the University.

Economic Factors that Will Affect the Future

In the continued economic downturn, the challenge continues to maintain the level of funding sources. Growing deficits at the federal and state government levels will continue to negatively affect the size of future grants.

Statement of Net Assets

		June 30			
		2009		2008	
Assets					
Current Assets					
Due from the University (Note 2)	\$	150,110	\$	170,298	
Accounts receivable		1,506		1,506	
Total current assets		151,616		171,804	
Capital Assets - Net (Note 3)		35,992		43,983	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	187,608	\$	215,787	
Liabilities and Net	Assets				
Current Liabilities					
Deferred revenue	\$	145,965	\$	155,209	
Accounts payable		3,324			
Total liabilities		149,289		155,209	
Net Assets					
Unrestricted		2,327		16,595	
Net investment in capital assets		35,992		43,983	
Total net assets		38,319		60,578	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	187,608	\$	215,787	

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended June 30				
	2009	2008			
Support and Revenue					
Corporation for Public Broadcasting (Note 4)	\$ 146,231	\$ 133,105			
State Network Commission and private grants (Note 5)	31,061	34,094			
Contributed services	69,604	84,042			
Total support and revenue	246,896	251,241			
Expenses					
Program services:					
Programming and production	361,293	362,255			
Program information and promotion	41,670	39,745			
Support services - Management and general	320,637	322,798			
Total expenses	723,600	724,798			
Operating Loss	(476,704)	(473,557)			
Nonoperating Revenues					
Miscellaneous	2,120	5,855			
University support (Note 6)	452,325	443,214			
Total nonoperating revenues	454,445	449,069			
Decrease in Net Assets	(22,259)	(24,488)			
Net Assets - Beginning of year	60,578	85,066			
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 38,319	\$ 60,578			

Statement of Cash Flows

		Year Ende	ed Ju	d June 30		
		2009		2008		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Grants and contracts	\$	237,559	\$	212,422		
Payments to employees and vendors		(712,192)		(711,149)		
Net cash used in operating activities		(474,633)		(498,727)		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities -						
Other receipts		454,445		449,069		
Decrease in Cash		(20,188)		(49,658)		
Cash - Beginning of year		170,298		219,956		
Cash - End of year	<u>\$</u>	150,110	<u>\$</u>	170,298		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operating						
Activities						
Operating loss	\$	(476,704)	\$	(473,557)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from						
operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		7,991		12,362		
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts payable		3,324		(223)		
Deferred revenue		(9,244)		(37,309)		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(474,633)	\$	(498,727)		

Note I - Significant Accounting Policies

Organization - WCSU-FM (the "Station") is a radio station owned and operated by Central State University (the "University"), a state-supported, public university. WCSU-FM is located on the campus of the University in Wilberforce, Ohio.

Basis of Presentation - WCSU-FM reports as a "business-type activity," as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 35, the funds of the Station are reported in the statement of net assets, the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets, and the statement of cash flows.

The Station follows all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In addition, the Station applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Station has elected not to apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

The financial statements of the Station have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability has been incurred.

Net Asset Classifications - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 35 guidelines, WCSU-FM's resources are classified into the following two net asset categories:

- **Invested in Capital Assets** Capitalized physical assets net of accumulated depreciation
- **Unrestricted** Net assets that are not subject to externally imposed restrictions. May be designated for specific purposes by the board of trustees

Operating Versus Nonoperating Revenue and Expenses - WCSU-FM defines operating activities as reported on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets as those that generally result from exchange transactions such as payments received for providing goods or services and payments made for goods or services received.

Income Taxes - Under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), the operations of WCSU-FM are exempt from income taxes as part of the overall operations of the University as a political subdivision of the State of Ohio.

Note I - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets are recorded at cost or, if acquired by gift, at fair value at the date of the gift. When capital assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the net carrying value of such assets is removed from the accounts and the invested in capital assets component of net assets is adjusted as appropriate. Capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated on the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 5 to 15 years.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue represents grant money received but not yet expended and as such, revenue will not be recorded until spent.

Functional Allocation of Expenses - The costs of providing program and support services have been reported on a functional basis in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net assets. Indirect costs have been allocated between the various programs and support services based on estimates, as determined by management. Although the methods of allocation used are considered reasonable, other methods could be used that would produce a different amount.

Note 2 - Due from the University

The financial records for WCSU-FM are maintained as a part of the operations of the University. Separate fund account activities are maintained to account for the operations of WCSU-FM. Separate cash accounts are not maintained for WCSU-FM. Consequently, funds deposited on account for WCSU-FM are reflected in the financial statements as due from the University and, for the purpose of the statement of cash flows, these amounts are considered a cash equivalent.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 is summarized as follows:

	2009							
	В	eginning						Ending
	I	Balance	Ad	dditions	Retir	ements		Balance
Office equipment	\$	15,082		_		_	\$	15,082
Telecommunications equipment		388,080						388,080
Total		403,162		-		-		403,162
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Office equipment		15,082		<u>-</u> .		-		15,082
Telecommunications equipment		344,097		7,991				352,088
Total accumulated depreciation		359,179		7,991				367,170
Capital assets - Net	\$	43,983	<u>(</u> \$	7,991)	\$		\$	35,992
	2008							
	В	eginning						Ending
		Balance	Ad	dditions	Retir	ements		Balance
Office equipment	\$	15,082	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,082
Telecommunications equipment	_	388,080					_	388,080
Total		403,162		-		-		403,162
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Office equipment		15,023		59		-		15,082
Telecommunications equipment		331,794		12,303				344,097
Total accumulated depreciation		346,817		12,362				359,179
Capital assets - Net	\$	56,345	(\$	12,362)	\$		\$	43,983

Note 4 - Corporation for Public Broadcasting Grants

WCSU-FM receives grant funding from the Corporation for Public Broadcasting (CPB) to assist in the operations of WCSU-FM. The CPB grants consist of a Radio Community Service Grant (CSG), which is unrestricted in its use, and a National Program Production and Acquisition Grant (NPPAG), which is restricted to national programming activities. Recognition of the CPB grant revenue is deferred until expenses are incurred. Any unused grant amounts at the end of the spending period must be returned to the granting agency. There were no amounts due to the CPB at June 30, 2009 or 2008.

Note 5 - State Network Commission Grant and Private Grants

WCSU-FM receives unrestricted radio station funding through E-Tech Ohio. For the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, WCSU-FM received cash support of \$31,061 and \$34,094, respectively. WCSU-FM received in-kind contributed services support from OET of \$66,188 and \$82,754 during the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Private grants in the amount of \$2,120 and \$0 in 2009 and 2008, respectively, have been received.

Note 6 - University Support Allocation

The operations of WCSU-FM are supported primarily by the general revenues of the University. The University effectively covers all operating costs of WCSU-FM in excess of direct support received through grant awards and contributions attributable to WCSU-FM's operations. The University's support allocation amounted to \$223,019 and \$212,267 in direct support for 2009 and 2008, respectively, and \$229,306 and \$230,947 in indirect administrative support for 2009 and 2008, respectively.

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Report Letter on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees WCSU-FM

We have audited the financial statements of WCSU-FM as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered WCSU-FM's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of WCSU-FM's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of WCSU-FM's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



To the Board of Trustees WCSU-FM

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether WCSU-FM's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of trustees, management of WCSU-FM, Central State University, and the auditor of the State of Ohio and is not intended to be used and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 15, 2009



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

CENTRAL STATE UNIVERSITY

GREENE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 1, 2009