



**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report.....	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis.....	3
Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis	9
Statement of Activities – Cash Basis	10
Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds.....	11
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds.....	12
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis General Fund	13
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Gasoline Tax Fund.....	14
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Road and Bridge Fund	15
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Fire Levy Fund	16
Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis Ambulance Levy Fund	17
Notes to the Financial Statements	19
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	29
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings.....	31

This page intentionally left blank.



Mary Taylor, CPA

Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bucks Township
Tuscarawas County
7026 Fiat Road SW
Stone Creek, Ohio 43840

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The Township processes its financial transactions with the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN). *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the independence of the Auditor of State to audit the Township because the Auditor of State designed, developed, implemented, and as requested, operates UAN. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Gasoline Tax, Road and Bridge, Fire Levy, and Ambulance Levy Funds thereof for the year ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 2 describes.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2008, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Mary Taylor".

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

September 30, 2008

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007
Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of the Bucks Township's financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2007, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2007 are as follows:

Net assets of governmental activities were \$102,370, a decrease of \$9,975 or 9% from the prior year.

The Township's general receipts are primarily property and other taxes. These receipts represent 36 percent of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year.

The Township's Haas Road project was completed. This was awarded through the Community Development Block Grant in 2006 for completion in 2007.

The Fire Levy passed at the General Election on November 6, 2007. This was a replacement levy of an existing levy of 1.0 mill for 5 years, commencing in 2008, first due in calendar year 2009.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2007, within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net assets presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Township's general receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include all of the Township's programs and services, including general government services and road and bridge maintenance. The Township does not have any business type activities.

Governmental activities. All of the Township's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, streets and parks. State and federal grants and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are all in one category: governmental. The Township does not have any proprietary or fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Fire Levy Fund, and the Ambulance Levy Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007
Unaudited

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net assets for 2007 compared to 2006 on a cash basis:

(Table 1)

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	
	2007	2006
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$102,370	\$112,345
Net Assets		
Restricted for:		
Other Purposes	80,215	92,607
Unrestricted	22,155	19,738
Total Net Assets	\$102,370	\$112,345

As mentioned previously, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$9,975 or 9 percent during 2007. The primary reasons contributing to the decreases in cash balances are as follows:

- In 2007, the Township expended \$32,798 for patching and applying blacktop to Township roads; \$53,192 for chip and seal.
- The Township made repairs to the dump bed of the 1991 International Dump Truck. Also purchased a new Gledhill Spreader for the 1991 International Dump Truck. Cost of spreader was \$1,995; repairs to dump bed totaled \$2,605.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a cash basis in 2007 and 2006 for governmental activities.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007
Unaudited

(Table 2)
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental		Total Change
	Activities		
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	
Receipts:			
Program Receipts:			
Charges for Services and Sales		\$1,430	(\$1,430)
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$100,908	103,050	(2,142)
Total Program Receipts	<u>100,908</u>	<u>104,480</u>	<u>(3,572)</u>
General Receipts:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	83,632	79,266	4,366
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs	44,630	51,316	(6,686)
Interest	900	1,089	(189)
Miscellaneous	773		773
Total General Receipts	<u>129,935</u>	<u>131,671</u>	<u>(1,736)</u>
Total Receipts	<u>230,843</u>	<u>236,151</u>	<u>(5,308)</u>
Disbursements:			
General Government	60,741	53,754	6,987
Public Safety	20,734	20,013	721
Public Works	154,883	178,746	(23,863)
Health	2,465	2,855	(390)
Capital Outlay	1,995		1,995
Total Disbursements	<u>240,818</u>	<u>255,368</u>	<u>(14,550)</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(9,975)	(19,217)	9,242
Net Assets, January 1, 2007	<u>112,345</u>	<u>131,562</u>	<u>(19,217)</u>
Net Assets, December 31, 2007	<u>\$102,370</u>	<u>\$112,345</u>	<u>(\$9,975)</u>

Program receipts represent 44 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as motor vehicle license and gas tax money.

General receipts represent 56 percent of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, over 64 percent are local taxes. State and federal grants and entitlements make up the balance of the Township's general receipts (34 percent). Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These costs do not represent direct services to residents.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007
Unaudited

Disbursements for Public Works are the costs of constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges; Public Safety are the costs of fire and ambulance services; Health is the cost of maintaining cemeteries; Capital Outlay was the cost of a new Gledhill Spreader for the 1991 International Dump Truck.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities on page 10, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for public works which account for 64 percent of all governmental disbursements. General government also represents a significant cost, about 25 percent. The next column of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identifies grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3)

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2007	Net Cost of Services 2007	Total Cost of Services 2006	Net Cost of Services 2006
General Government	\$60,741	(\$60,741)	\$53,754	(\$53,654)
Public Safety	20,734	(20,734)	20,013	(20,013)
Public Works	154,883	(53,975)	178,746	(74,366)
Health	2,465	(2,465)	2,855	(2,855)
Capital Outlay	1,995	(1,995)		
Total Expenses	\$240,818	(\$139,910)	\$255,368	(\$150,888)

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as over 34 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$230,843 and disbursements of \$240,818. The greatest change within governmental funds occurred within the Gasoline Tax Fund. The fund balance of the Gasoline Tax Fund decreased \$17,365 as a result of increased public works expenditures.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007
Unaudited

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2007, the Township amended its General Fund budget for changing circumstances. Final budgeted receipts for the Township's General Fund were equal to actual receipts.

Final disbursements were budgeted at \$89,924 while actual disbursements were \$64,772. In addition, actual disbursements were less than actual receipts, resulting in an increase of the fund balance of \$2,417 during 2007.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Governments is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in some cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on local taxes.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Amy Mizer, Fiscal Officer, Bucks Township, 7026 Fiat Road SW, Stone Creek, Ohio 43840.

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Net Assets - Cash Basis
December 31, 2007*

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$102,370</u>
Net Assets	
Restricted for:	
Other Purposes	80,215
Unrestricted	22,155
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$102,370</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Activities - Cash Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	Cash Disbursements	Program Cash Receipts Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities			
General Government	\$60,741		(\$60,741)
Public Safety	20,734		(20,734)
Public Works	154,883	\$100,908	(53,975)
Health	2,465		(2,465)
Capital Outlay	1,995		(1,995)
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$240,818</u>	<u>\$100,908</u>	(139,910)
General Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes			83,632
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs			44,630
Earnings on Investments			900
Miscellaneous			773
<i>Total General Receipts</i>			<u>129,935</u>
Change in Net Assets			(9,975)
<i>Net Assets Beginning of Year</i>			<u>112,345</u>
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>			<u>\$102,370</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2007*

	GENERAL	GASOLINE TAX	ROAD AND BRIDGE	FIRE LEVY	AMBULANCE LEVY	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$22,155	\$15,454	\$16,345	\$31,905	\$12,612	\$3,899	\$102,370
Fund Balances							
Unreserved:							
Undesignated (Deficit), Reported in:							
General Fund	22,155						22,155
Special Revenue Funds		15,454	16,345	31,905	12,612	3,899	80,215
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$22,155</u>	<u>\$15,454</u>	<u>\$16,345</u>	<u>\$31,905</u>	<u>\$12,612</u>	<u>\$3,899</u>	<u>102,370</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and
Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	GENERAL	GASOLINE TAX	ROAD AND BRIDGE	FIRE LEVY	AMBULANCE LEVY	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL
Receipts							
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$25,355		\$31,106	\$14,893	\$12,278		\$83,632
Intergovernmental	41,269	\$88,980	1,804	858	698	\$11,929	145,538
Earnings on Investments	565	276				59	900
Miscellaneous			773				773
Total Receipts	67,189	89,256	33,683	15,751	12,976	11,988	230,843
Disbursements							
Current:							
General Government	59,703		545	270	223		60,741
Public Safety				11,500	9,234		20,734
Public Works	609	106,621	32,313			15,340	154,883
Health	2,465						2,465
Capital Outlay	1,995						1,995
Total Disbursements	64,772	106,621	32,858	11,770	9,457	15,340	240,818
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,417	(17,365)	825	3,981	3,519	(3,352)	(9,975)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	19,738	32,819	15,520	27,924	9,093	7,251	112,345
Fund Balances End of Year	\$22,155	\$15,454	\$16,345	\$31,905	\$12,612	\$3,899	\$102,370

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$22,372	\$25,355	\$25,355	\$0
Intergovernmental	47,115	41,269	41,269	0
Earnings on Investments	700	565	565	0
<i>Total Receipts</i>	70,187	67,189	67,189	0
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	64,139	65,459	59,703	5,756
Public Works	22,785	19,470	609	18,861
Health	3,000	3,000	2,465	535
Capital Outlay		1,995	1,995	0
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	89,924	89,924	64,772	25,152
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(19,737)	(22,735)	2,417	25,152
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	19,738	19,738	19,738	-
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	\$1	(\$2,997)	\$22,155	\$25,152

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis
Gasoline Tax Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Receipts				
Intergovernmental	\$90,950	\$88,980	\$88,980	\$0
Earnings on Investments	320	276	276	0
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>91,270</u>	<u>89,256</u>	<u>89,256</u>	<u>0</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
Public Works	124,088	124,088	106,621	17,467
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(32,818)	(34,832)	(17,365)	17,467
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>32,819</u>	<u>32,819</u>	<u>32,819</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$1</u>	<u>(\$2,013)</u>	<u>\$15,454</u>	<u>\$17,467</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis
Road and Bridge Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$26,730	\$31,106	\$31,106	\$0
Intergovernmental	3,170	1,804	1,804	0
Miscellaneous	3,710	773	773	0
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>33,610</u>	<u>33,683</u>	<u>33,683</u>	<u>0</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	545	545	545	0
Public Works	48,585	48,585	32,313	16,272
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<u>49,130</u>	<u>49,130</u>	<u>32,858</u>	<u>16,272</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(15,520)	(15,447)	825	16,272
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>15,520</u>	<u>15,520</u>	<u>15,520</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$73</u>	<u>\$16,345</u>	<u>\$16,272</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis
Fire Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$12,267	\$14,893	\$14,893	\$0
Intergovernmental	3,737	858	858	0
<i>Total Receipts</i>	<u>16,004</u>	<u>15,751</u>	<u>15,751</u>	<u>0</u>
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	270	270	270	
Public Safety	24,500	24,500	11,500	13,000
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	<u>24,770</u>	<u>24,770</u>	<u>11,770</u>	<u>13,000</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(8,766)	(9,019)	3,981	13,000
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	<u>27,924</u>	<u>27,924</u>	<u>27,924</u>	<u>-</u>
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	<u><u>\$19,158</u></u>	<u><u>\$18,905</u></u>	<u><u>\$31,905</u></u>	<u><u>\$13,000</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

*Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis
Ambulance Levy Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$10,998	\$12,278	\$12,278	\$0
Intergovernmental	1,563	698	698	0
<i>Total Receipts</i>	12,561	12,976	12,976	0
Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	250	250	223	27
Public Safety	19,234	19,234	9,234	10,000
<i>Total Disbursements</i>	19,484	19,484	9,457	10,027
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(6,923)	(6,508)	3,519	10,027
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	9,093	9,093	9,093	-
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	\$2,170	\$2,585	\$12,612	\$10,027

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

This page intentionally left blank.

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the Township), is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that were included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, maintenance of Township roads and bridges, and cemetery maintenance. The Township contracts with the Village of Baltic to provide fire services and the Swiss Valley Joint Ambulance District for ambulance services. Police protection is provided by the Tuscarawas County Sheriff's Department.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization; or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. The Township is also financially accountable for any organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Township in that the Township approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. Component units also include legally separate, tax-exempt entities whose resources are for the direct benefit of the Township, are accessible to the Township and are significant in amount to the Township.

Bucks Township has no component units.

C. Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity. This organization is:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA)

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. The Township does not report any business-type activities, which generally are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. All of the Township's funds are categorized as governmental.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Gasoline Tax Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Fire Levy Fund, and the Ambulance Levy Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The Gasoline Tax Fund is used to account for gasoline tax money which the Township can only use to pay for constructing, maintaining, and repairing township roads. The Road and Bridge Fund is used to account for tax money which the Township can only use for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges. The Fire Levy Fund is used to account for tax money which the Township can only use for providing fire protection services. The Ambulance Levy Fund is used to account for tax money which the Township can only use for providing ambulance services. The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the alternative tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The alternative tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, function, and object level for all funds

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as “Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents”.

During 2007, the Township maintained cash in an interest bearing checking account and a savings account.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2007 was \$565.

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. During 2007, the Township reported no restricted assets.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. During 2007, the Township did not report any interfund loans.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

K. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for maintaining and repairing township roads and emergency fire and ambulance services.

The Township’s policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Fund Balance Reserves

The Township reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. No fund balance reserves have been established as of December 31, 2007.

M. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

Note 3 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the general fund and any major special revenue fund are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference(s) between the budgetary basis and the cash basis are outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance; however, the Township had no outstanding encumbrances at year-end.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Interim monies held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
2. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
3. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$10,459 of the Township's bank balance of \$110,459 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of state statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of December 31, 2007, the Township had no investments.

Note 5 – Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Property tax receipts received in 2007 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of the 2006 taxes. Property tax payments received during 2007 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for 2007 taxes.

2007 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2007 on the assessed values as of January 1, 2007, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2007 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2008.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2007 public utility property taxes which became a lien on December 31, 2006, are levied after October 1, 2007, and are collected in 2008 with real property taxes.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 5 – Property Taxes (continued)

2007 tangible property taxes are levied after October 1, 2006, on the value as of December 31, 2006. Collections are made in 2007. Tangible personal property assessments are being phased out – the assessment percentage for all property including inventory for 2007 is 12.5 percent. This will be reduced to 6.25 percent for 2008, and zero for 2009. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 3, with the remainder due September 20.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2007, was \$4.65 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and personal property upon which 2007 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$22,339,630
Public Utility Property	965,750
Tangible Personal Property	2,077,870
Total Assessed Values	<u>\$25,383,250</u>

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$10,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust PEP's retained earnings, APEEP provides *excess of funds available* coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to a per-claim limit of \$2,000,000 (prior to January 1, 2006) or \$3,000,000 (on or subsequent to January 1, 2006).

Property Coverage

Through 2004, OTARMA retained property risks, including automobile physical damage, up to \$100,000 on any specific loss in any one occurrence. The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsured losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$500 million per occurrence.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Note 6 – Risk Management (continued)

Beginning in 2005, Travelers reinsures specific losses exceeding \$250,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. This amount increased to \$300,000 in 2007. For 2007, APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to \$300,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides aggregate stop-loss coverage based upon the combined members' total insurable values. If the stop loss is reached by payment of losses between \$100,000 and \$250,000 in 2006, or \$100,000 and \$300,000 in 2007, Travelers will reinsure specific losses exceeding \$100,000 up to their \$600 million per occurrence limit. The aggregate stop-loss limit for 2007 was \$2,014,548.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Assets	\$43,210,703	\$42,042,275
Liabilities	<u>(13,357,837)</u>	<u>(12,120,661)</u>
Net Assets	<u>\$29,852,866</u>	<u>\$29,921,614</u>

At December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, liabilities above include approximately \$12.5 million and \$11.3 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and retained earnings above also include approximately \$11.6 million and \$10.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 950 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$9,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Contribution</u>
2007	\$4,032
2006	\$4,750
2005	\$4,815

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they provide written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, all employees were required to contribute 9.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2007 was 13.85 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were \$5,322, \$5,102, and \$5,036 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2007, 2006 and 2005.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2007 local government employer contribution rate was 13.85 percent of covered payroll; 5.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care from January 1 through June 30, 2007 and 6.00 percent from July 1 through December 31, 2007.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2006, include a rate of return on investments of 6.5 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.30 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between 0.50 and 5.00 percent annually for the next eight years and 4.00 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 374,979. Actual employer contributions for 2007 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$2,119. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2006, (the latest information available) were \$12.0 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$30.7 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. To improve the insolvency of the Health Care Fund, OPERS created a separate investment pool for health care assets. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, and January 1, 2007, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.



Mary Taylor, CPA

Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bucks Township
Tuscarawas County
7026 Fiat Road SW
Stone Creek, Ohio 43840

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bucks Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, (the Township) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2008, wherein, we noted the Township uses a comprehensive accounting basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted the Township uses the Auditor of State's Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) to process its financial transactions. *Government Auditing Standards* considers this service to impair the Auditor of State's independence to audit the Township. However, *Government Auditing Standards* permits the Auditor of State to audit and opine on this entity, because Ohio Revised Code § 117.101 requires the Auditor of State to provide UAN services, and Ohio Revised Code §§ 117.11(B) and 115.56 mandate the Auditor of State to audit Ohio governments. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Township's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the Township's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

101 Central Plaza South / 700 Chase Tower / Canton, OH 44702-1509
Telephone: (330) 438-0617 (800) 443-9272 Fax: (330) 471-0001
www.auditor.state.oh.us

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain noncompliance or other matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated September 30, 2008.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management and the Board of Trustees. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.



Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

September 30, 2008

**BUCKS TOWNSHIP
TUSCARAWAS COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2006-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.40 – During 2006, the Board of Trustees granted permission for the Fiscal Officer to transfer appropriations within the same fund without Board approval.	No	Partially Corrected (See Management Letter)
2006-002	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) – As of December 31, 2006, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid



Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

BUCKS TOWNSHIP

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
NOVEMBER 6, 2008**