# WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004



Board of Education Wadsworth City School District 360 College Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Wadsworth City School District, Medina County, prepared by Rea & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Wadsworth City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Betty Montgomeny

BETTY MONTGOMERY Auditor of State

December 6, 2004



# WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report.
Management's Discussion and Analysis  Basic Financial Statements:
Government-wide Financial Statements:
Statement of Net Assets.
Statement of Activities
Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund
Statement of Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OBM Circular A-133
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Cash Basis
Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs

# Rea & Associates, Inc. ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

October 19, 2004

The Board of Education Wadsworth City School District Wadsworth, Ohio

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wadsworth City School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wadsworth City School District, as of June 30, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Wadsworth City School District Independent Auditor's Report

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2004 on our consideration of Wadsworth City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contacts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with the report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Lea & Associates, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The discussion and analysis of the Wadsworth City School District financial performance provides an overall review of the Wadsworth City School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Wadsworth City School District's performance as a whole; notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Wadsworth City School District's financial performance.

# Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2004 are as follows:

- □ General Revenues accounted for \$35.9 million in revenue or 90.58% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions accounted for \$3.7 million or 9.42% of total revenues of \$39.6 million.
- □ Total program expenses were \$35.9 million in governmental activities.
- ☐ In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$3,616,614 which represents a 52.48% increase from 2003.
- Outstanding bonded debt increased from \$35,399,983 to \$36,247,933 through the net proceeds of bonds and payment of bond principal.

# Reporting the Wadsworth City School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the Wadsworth City School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the Wadsworth City School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2004?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Wadsworth City School District's *net assets* and *changes in those assets*. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the Wadsworth City School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the Wadsworth City School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Wadsworth City School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the Wadsworth City School District activities are listed as:

□ Governmental Activities - Most of the Wadsworth City School District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

# Reporting the Wadsworth City School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the Wadsworth City School District's major funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Wadsworth City School District's major funds. The Wadsworth City School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Wadsworth City School District's most significant funds. The Wadsworth City School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the debt service fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the Wadsworth City School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Wadsworth City School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Funds** - The School District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance benefits. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements begin on page 19.

**Fiduciary Funds** - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements begin on page 22.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

# The Wadsworth City School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the Wadsworth City School District as a whole.

Table 1 provides a summary of the Wadsworth City School District's net assets for 2004 compared to 2003:

# (Table 1) Net Assets

	Governmental Activities			
	2004 2009			2003
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$	31,031,668	\$	24,930,888
Capital Assets		43,742,466		43,742,329
Total Assets		74,774,134		68,673,217
Liabilities				
Long-Term Liabilities		40,251,033		40,868,396
Other Liabilities		24,015,052		20,913,386
Other Elabilities		24,013,032		20,713,300
Total Liabilities		64,266,085		61,781,782
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital				
Assets Net of Debt		13,948,376		13,582,346
Restricted		2,196,827		1,827,496
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(5,637,154)		(8,518,407)
<u> </u>		(=,==,,10.)		(2,2 - 0, 107)
Total Net Assets	\$	10,508,049	\$	6,891,435

Total assets increased by approximately \$6.1 million. A decrease of approximately \$473 in total capital assets reflects depreciation exceeding additional purchases and was the majority of the decrease in governmental assets. Total liabilities increased by \$2.4 million with governmental liabilities comprising that entire amount. This increase was the result of an increase in deferred revenues of \$1,149,025.

Wadsworth City School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2004 compared to 2003:

# (Table 2) Governmental Activities

	2004	 2003
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 1,999,952	\$ 1,526,227
Operating Grants	1,735,083	1,648,006
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	18,498,633	16,631,008
Grants and Entitlements	16,915,236	15,923,230
Other	494,781	 875,205
Total Revenues	39,643,685	36,603,676
Program Expenses		
Instruction	17,042,126	19,178,466
Support Services	14,879,293	12,073,062
Operation of Non-Instructional	239,694	186,798
Extracurricular Activities	818,179	770,230
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,675,054	1,695,267
Food Service	1,105,586	1,080,750
Uniform School Supplies	19,414	25,166
Vocational Education	179,267	108,136
Adult/Community Education	7,889	6,714
Bear Cub Academy/Bridges	60,569	 56,573
Total Expenses	36,027,071	35,181,162
10ш Елрепзез	30,027,071	 33,101,102
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 3,616,614	\$ 1,422,514

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

### **Governmental Activities**

Information about the Wadsworth City School District's major funds starts on page 14.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$39.6 million and expenditures of \$36.0 million.

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities

	20	004	20	03		
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service		
Instruction	\$ 17,042,126	\$ 15,732,497	\$ 19,178,466	\$ 18,428,336		
Support Services:	Ψ 17,012,120	Ψ 13,732,177	Ψ 17,170,100	Ψ 10,120,550		
Pupil and Instructional Staff	3,105,329	2,573,368	3,106,193	2,592,984		
Board of Education, Administration,	-,,	_,,,,,,,,,	2,200,200	_,-,-,,-		
Fiscal and Business	3,131,819	2,880,683	3,269,128	3,007,394		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,295,219	4,295,219	3,258,734	3,258,734		
Pupil Transportation	1,213,603	1,213,089	1,126,324	1,126,237		
Central	3,133,323	3,078,198	1,312,683	1,246,942		
Operation of Non-Instructional	239,694	(47,845)	186,798	17,513		
Food Services	1,105,586	165,633	1,080,750	11,170		
Uniform School Supplies	19,414	(3,927)	25,166	4,566		
Vocational Educational	179,267	179,267	108,136	(90,041)		
Adult/Community Education	7,889	2,354	6,714	1,734		
Bear Cub Academy/Bridges	60,569	5,477	56,573	(4,171)		
Extracurricular Activities	818,179	542,969	770,230	512,087		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,675,054	1,675,054	1,695,267	1,695,267		
Total Expenses	\$ 36,027,071	\$ 32,292,036	\$ 35,181,162	\$ 31,808,752		

Instruction and student support services comprise 64% of governmental program expenses. Interest/fiscal charges were 4.6%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bonds, and fiscal expenses include payments to the County Auditor(s) for administrative fees. Pupil transportation and the operation/maintenance of plant accounts for 15% of governmental program expenses.

The dependence upon tax revenues for governmental activities is apparent. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for Wadsworth City School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

# General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Wadsworth City School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2004, the Wadsworth City School District did modify its general fund budget. The Wadsworth City School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting system which are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management

For the general fund, budget basis revenue was \$34,380,006, \$653,994 over the original budget estimates of \$33,026,012. This difference is insignificant.

Final appropriations of \$32,001,852, were \$1,049,660 higher than the \$30,952,192, in the original budget. This difference is due to the decision by the administration and board to pay off the entire Early Retirement Incentive (ERI) program in full in fiscal year 2004.

# Capital Assets and Debt Administration

# **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2004, the Wadsworth City School District had \$43.7 million invested in land, buildings, equipment, and textbooks. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2004 balances compared with 2003.

# (Table 4) Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
		2004		2003		
Land and Improvements Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles Textbooks Construction in Progress	\$	1,098,615 1,479,540 35,791,123 3,715,314 879,821 778,053 0	\$	1,098,615 1,504,950 35,229,355 3,628,067 756,632 777,937 746,773		
Totals	\$	43,742,466	\$	43,742,329		

The \$137 increase in capital assets was attributable to additional purchases exceeding depreciation expense.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

A change in Ohio law required Wadsworth City School District to set aside 3% of certain revenues for capital improvements and an additional 3% for textbooks. For fiscal year 2004, this amounted to \$642,235 for each set aside. The Wadsworth City School District has qualifying disbursements or offsets exceeding these requirements for capital improvements. For the textbooks, the Wadsworth City School District disbursed \$666,159. The District also had \$2,628,122 of excess qualifying textbook disbursements from prior years, which was applied to the remainder of the set-aside requirement. Excess textbook expenditures of \$2,652,046 will be carried over to offset future textbook set-aside requirements.

### **Debt**

At June 30, 2004, the Wadsworth City School District had \$33,107,933 in bonds outstanding with \$1,315,590 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds outstanding.

# (Table 5) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	Governmental Activities 2004		overnmental Activities 2003
General Obligation Bonds: 1998 School Improvements 1999 School Improvements 2000 School Improvements 2001 Library Improvements Energy Conservation Improvements HB 264 Series	\$	12,714,986 11,714,997 1,990,000 5,035,000 1,100,000 552,950	\$ 13,179,986 12,014,997 2,065,000 5,240,000 1,200,000 0
Totals	\$	33,107,933	\$ 33,699,983

In 1997, the Wadsworth City School District passed a bond issue providing \$30,000,000 for the construction of a new Middle School, two new elementary schools, classroom additions at the high school, and the refurbishing of the former Middle School (now known as the Intermediate School).

# **Current Issues**

The Wadsworth City School District continues to receive strong support from the residents of the Wadsworth City School District. As the preceding information shows, the Wadsworth City School District relies heavily on its local property taxpayers. The last operating levy passed by the residents of the district was in February, 2003, with the promise that the revenue generated by a levy would provide sufficient funding for four years.

Real estate and personal property tax collections have shown small increases. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation due to Ohio House Bill 920 (passed in 1976). As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Thus, Wadsworth City School District's dependence upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 47% of revenues for governmental activities for the Wadsworth City School District in fiscal year 2004.

The Wadsworth City School District has also been affected by increased delinquency rates and changes in the personal property tax structure (utility deregulation) and commercial business/property uncertainties. Management has diligently planned expenses so that the last levy has stretched for the four years it was planned. This has been made increasingly difficult with mandates in gifted education, rising utility costs, increased special education services required for our students, and significant increases in health insurance and property/liability/fleet insurance.

From a State funding perspective, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March, 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional education system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward Wadsworth City School Districts with little property tax wealth.

The Wadsworth City School District has not anticipated any meaningful growth in State revenue. The concern is that, to meet the requirements of the Court, the State may require redistribution of state funding based upon each district's property wealth. This could have a significant impact on the Wadsworth City School District. Another Wadsworth City School District concern will be the State Legislative approval of the biennial budget, effective July 1, 2003. How the legislature plans to fund education programs during a weakened economy remains a concern.

All scenarios require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

In addition, the Wadsworth City School District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the Wadsworth City School District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the challenges of the future.

# Contacting the Wadsworth City School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Wadsworth City School District's finances and to show the Wadsworth City School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Doug Beeman, Treasurer of Wadsworth City School District, 360 College Street, Wadsworth, Ohio 44281, e-mail dbeeman@wadsworth.k12.oh.us.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2004

	G 	overnmental Activities
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	9,599,592
Receivables:		
Taxes		21,315,596
Accounts		3,540
Accrued Interest		5,668
Intergovernmental		107,272
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		1,098,615
Depreciable Capital Assets (Net)		42,643,851
Total Assets		74,774,134
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		253,518
Contracts Payable		898,117
Accrued Wages and Benefits		2,276,415
Intergovernmental Payable		893,339
Deferred Revenue		19,447,715
Claims Payable		245,948
Long Term Liabilities:		,
Due Within One Year		2,413,440
Due Within More Than One Year		37,837,593
Total Liabilities		64,266,085
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		13,948,376
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects		462,498
Debt Service		1,350,948
Other Purposes		383,381
Unrestricted		(5,637,154)
Total Net Assets	\$	10,508,049

Wadsworth City School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 13,166,848	\$ 501,260	\$ 305,488	\$ (12,360,100)
Special	1,991,505	0	357,726	(1,633,779)
Vocational	1,451,465	0	145,155	(1,306,310)
Other	432,308	0	0	(432,308)
Support services:				
Pupils	2,035,388	0	311,450	(1,723,938)
Instructional staff	1,069,941	0	220,511	(849,430)
Board of education	164,465	0	(1,467)	(165,932)
Administration	2,304,986	199,561	53,042	(2,052,383)
Fiscal	661,157	0	0	(661,157)
Business	1,211	0	0	(1,211)
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,295,219	0	0	(4,295,219)
Pupil transportation	1,213,603	0	514	(1,213,089)
Central	3,133,323	0	55,125	(3,078,198)
Operation of non-instructional services	239,694	0	287,539	47,845
Food Service Operations	1,105,586	939,953	0	(165,633)
Uniform Supplies	19,414	23,341	0	3,927
Vocational Education Customer Services	179,267	0	0	(179,267)
Adult Education	7,889	5,535	0	(2,354)
Bear Cub Academy	60,569	55,092	0	(5,477)
Extracurricular activities	818,179	275,210	0	(542,969)
Debt service:				, ,
Interest and fiscal charges	1,675,054	0	0	(1,675,054)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 36,027,071	\$ 1,999,952	\$ 1,735,083	(32,292,036)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Levied General Purposes Debt Service Capital Outlay	for:		15,395,445 2,843,745 259,443
	Grants and Entitlement Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Net Transfers	s not Restricted to Specific	Programs	16,915,236 96,788 407,893 (9,900)
	Total General Revenue	s		35,908,650
	Change in Net Assets			3,616,614
	Net Assets Beginning of	of Year		6,891,435
	Net Assets End of Year	r		\$ 10,508,049

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# Wadsworth City School District Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2004

		General		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	Φ.	6 505 122	Ф	1.067.026		1.050.560	Φ.	0.004.700
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents:	\$	6,507,133	\$	1,067,026	\$	1,250,563	\$	8,824,722
Restricted Cash		0		23,471		0		23,471
Receivables:				,				,.,.
Taxes		18,010,142		2,653,138		652,316		21,315,596
Accounts		3,540		0		0		3,540
Interfund		0		27,958		0		27,958
Accrued Interest		5,668		0		0		5,668
Intergovernmental		0		0		107,272		107,272
Total Assets	\$	24,526,483	\$	3,771,593	\$	2,010,151	\$	30,308,227
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Accounts Payable	\$	197,268	\$	0	\$	55,804	\$	253,072
Contracts Payable	•	898,117	•	0	•	0	•	898,117
Accrued Wages and Benefits		2,219,046		0		57,369		2,276,415
Interfund Payable		0		0		27,958		27,958
Intergovernmental Payable		500,347		0		14,030		514,377
Deferred Revenue		17,044,879		2,510,942		681,330		20,237,151
Total Liabilities		20,859,657		2,510,942		836,491		24,207,090
Fund Balances								
Fund Balance:								
Reserved for Encumbrances		680,625		0		213,253		893,878
Reserved for Tax Revenue Unavailable for Appropriation	1	965,263		142,196		34,961		1,142,420
Undesignated, Unreserved Reported in:								
General Fund		2,020,938		0		0		2,020,938
Special Revenue Funds		0		0		532,100		532,100
Debt Service Fund		0		1,118,455		0		1,118,455
Capital Projects Funds		0		0		393,346		393,346
Total Fund Balances		3,666,826		1,260,651		1,173,660		6,101,137
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	24,526,483	\$	3,771,593	\$	2,010,151	\$	30,308,227

Wadsworth City School District Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets Governmental Activities June 30, 2004

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 6,101,137
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because.		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		43,742,466
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds.	(2.075	
Grants Delinquent Property Taxes	63,975 725,461	789,436
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		505,005
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds	(36,247,933)	
Capital Lease Payable Compensated Absences	(166,157) (3,836,943)	
Intergovernmental Payable	(378,962)	 (40,629,995)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities		
		\$ 10,508,049

Wadsworth City School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
_	General	Service	Tunds	1 tilitis
Revenues:	0 15.050.454	2040000	Φ 251200	0 10.252.545
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$ 15,278,456		\$ 254,299	\$ 18,373,745
Investment income	16,265,958 70,101		2,092,655 4,121	18,678,424 87,880
Tuition and fees	501,260		83,968	585,228
Extracurricular activities	301,200		474,771	383,228 474,771
Charges for services	0		939,953	939,953
Miscellaneous	106,036		141,482	407,893
Total Revenues	32,221,811	3,334,834	3,991,249	39,547,894
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	13,426,640	0	255,764	13,682,404
Special	1,731,166	0	334,380	2,065,546
Vocational	1,273,879	0	160,200	1,434,079
Other	432,308	0	0	432,308
Support services:				
Pupils	1,678,903	0	367,112	2,046,015
Instructional staff	836,403	0	245,557	1,081,960
Board of education	166,119	0	(1,654)	164,465
Administration	2,259,188	0	271,311	2,530,499
Fiscal	606,740		12,247	661,855
Business	1,211		0	1,211
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,779,003		3,897	3,782,900
Pupil transportation	1,379,543		395	1,379,938
Central	2,942,583		89,234	3,031,817
Operation of non-instructional services	0		220,892	220,892
Food Service Operations	0		1,072,855	1,072,855
Uniform Supplies	0		19,414	19,414
Vocational Education Customer Services	0		179,267	179,267
Adult Education	0		7,889	7,889
Bear Cub Academy	510.647	-	60,508	60,508
Extracurricular activities	510,647		296,142	806,789
Capital outlay Debt service:	782,251	0	318,580	1,100,831
Principal retirement	52,744	1,420,000	0	1,472,744
Interest and fiscal charges	4,766	1,670,288	0	1,675,054
Total Expenditures	31,864,094	3,133,156	3,913,990	38,911,240
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	357,717	201,678	77,259	636,654
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		_	_	40000
Proceeds of bonds	130,000		0	130,000
Inception of capital lease	218,901		0	218,901
Proceeds of notes	2,137,950		0	2,137,950
Transfers in	0		5,000	5,000
Transfers out	(14,900	0	0	(14,900)
Total Financing Sources	2,471,951	0	5,000	2,476,951
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,829,668	201,678	82,259	3,113,605
Fund balance at beginning of year	837,158	1,058,973	1,091,401	2,987,532
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,666,826	\$ 1,260,651	\$ 1,173,660	\$ 6,101,137

Wadsworth City School District Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	3,113,605
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures,			
however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those			
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.			
Fixed Asset Additions	1,653,638		
Current Year Depreciation	(1,621,176)		32,462
Net effect of transactions involving sale of capital			(32,325)
assets are not reflected in the funds.			(32,320)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues			
in the funds.  Grants	(28,105)		
Delinquent Property Taxes	124,888		96,783
	<del></del> .		,
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental			
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the			
statement of net assets.			1 420 000
Bond Principal Capital Leases			1,420,000 52,744
Capital Leases			32,744
Some expenses reported in the statement of net activities do not			
use the current financial resources and therefore, are not reported			
as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Capital Leases	(218,901)		
Proceeds of Bonds	(130,000)		
Proceeds of Notes	(2,137,950)		
Compensated Absences	113,440		
Early Retirement Incentive	1,518,030		
Pension Obligation	(98,799)		(954,180)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs			
of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide			
statement of activities. The net revenue (expense) of internal service			(112,475)
funds is reported with governmental activities.		-	(-12,113)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	3,616,614
· ·			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	14,761,360	\$	17 /10 129	\$	15,069,006	\$	(2.350.122)
Intergovernmental	\$	15,933,875	Ф	17,419,128 18,802,753	Þ	16,265,958	Ф	(2,350,122) (2,536,795)
Investment Income		66,996		79,058		68,392		(10,666)
Tuition and Fees		491,392		579,866		501,633		(78,233)
Rentals		34,472		40,678		35,190		(5,488)
Miscellaneous		91,669		108,173		93,579		(14,594)
								( ) /
Total Revenues		31,379,764		37,029,656		32,033,758		(4,995,898)
Expenditures:								
Current								
Instruction		16,777,712		16,999,429		17,346,957		(347,528)
Support Services								
Pupils		1,623,933		1,645,393		1,679,031		(33,638)
Instructional Staff		843,028		854,169		871,631		(17,462)
Board of Education		159,259		161,363		164,662		(3,299)
Administration		2,268,868		2,298,851		2,345,848		(46,997)
Fiscal		618,491		626,665		639,476		(12,811)
Business On and Maintenance of Plant		1,171		1,187		1,211		(24)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,804,385		3,854,660		3,933,463		(78,803)
Pupil Transportation Central		1,345,942		1,363,729		1,391,608		(27,879) (59,288)
Extracurricular Activities		2,862,278		2,900,103		2,959,391		
Capital Outlay		493,597 138,579		500,120 140,411		510,344 143,281		(10,224) (2,870)
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Total Expenditures		30,937,243		31,346,080		31,986,903		(640,823)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		442,521		5,683,576		46,855		(5,636,721)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds of Bonds		130,000		130,000		130,000		0
Proceeds of Notes		2,137,950		2,137,950		2,137,950		0
Proceeds from Sale of Assets		82,600		82,600		82,600		0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		22,084		22,084		22,084		0
Other Financing Sources		3,512		3,512		3,512		0
Refund of Prior Year Receipts		(49)		(49)		(49)		0
Operating Transfers Out		(14,900)		(14,900)		(14,900)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,361,197		2,361,197		2,361,197		0
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under)								
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		2,803,718		8,044,773		2,408,052		(5,636,721)
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Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		2,564,669		2,564,669		2,564,669		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		655,771		655,771		655,771		0
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	6,024,158	\$	11,265,213	\$	5,628,492	\$	(5,636,721)

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 751,399		
Total Current Assets	 751,399		
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	446		
Claims Payable	 245,948		
Total Current Liabilities	 246,394		
Net Assets			
Unrestricted	 505,005		
Total Net Assets	\$ 505,005		

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund			
Operating Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 2,813,814			
Total Operating Revenues	 2,813,814			
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>				
Purchased services	112,191			
Claims	 2,823,006			
Total Operating Expenses	 2,935,197			
Operating income (loss)	 (121,383)			
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): Interest	 8,908			
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	 8,908			
Change in Net Assets	(112,475)			
Net Assets Beginning of Year	 617,480			
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 505,005			

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash Received from Quasi-External	ø	2 012 014		
Transactions with Other Funds Cash Paid for Goods and Services	\$	2,813,814		
Cash Paid for Claims		(111,745) (2,779,549)		
Cush I ard for Claims		(2,779,549)		
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities		(77,480)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Interest on Investments		8,908		
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		8,908		
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(68,572)		
•		, ,		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		819,971		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	751,399		
	<u> </u>	,		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash				
Used For Operating Activities:				
Operating Loss	\$	(121,383)		
opviming zoo	4	(121,000)		
Adjustments:				
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		446		
Claims Payable		43,457		
Total Adjustments		43,903		
N.C. I.W. IE. O. C. A.C.W.	<u></u>	(88.400)		
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	\$	(77,480)		

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2004

	 Agency
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 110,869
Receivables: Accounts	 42,711
Total Assets	\$ 153,580
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,925
Accrued Wages	7,931
Intergovernmental Payable	1,568
Undistributed Monies	132,956
Compensated Absences Payable	 8,200
Total Liabilities	\$ 153,580

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

# **NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT**

The Wadsworth City School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally-elected five-member board of education and provides educational services as mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's eight instructional/support facilities staffed by 231 noncertificated employees and 286 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 4,585 students and other community members.

The District provides more than instruction to its students. These additional services include student guidance, extracurricular activities, educational media, and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by the Board of Education through the budgetary process. These District operations will be included as part of the reporting entity.

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the component unit, or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the District. Management has determined the District has no component units.

On this basis, the combined financial statements include all of the funds and account groups of the District over which the Board of Education exercises operating control.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989 to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is also eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limitations. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements** During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

# B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Debt Service Fund** The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of property tax revenues for, and the payment of, general obligation bonds used for the upgrade of school facilities.

*Other Governmental Funds* The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Fund Type** Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net asset, financial position and cash flows. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

*Internal Service Fund* The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program for employee medical, dental, and prescription drug benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. The District's agency funds account for student advance placement testing and student activities.

# C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources management focus and are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

# D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 7.) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

**Deferred Revenue** Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2004, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2005 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

**Expenses/Expenditures** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the balance sheet.

During fiscal year 2004, the District had investments in STAROhio, (the State Treasurer's Investment Pool) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation bonds held through National City Investments.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investments contracts such as overnight repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2004.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolutions, identified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2004 amounted to \$96,788, which includes \$26,687 from other District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as investments.

# F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include amounts required by statute to be set-aside for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional material for capital improvements. See Note 22 for additional information regarding set asides.

# G. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 20 Years
Vehicles	13 Years
Textbooks	5 Years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

# H. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net assets.

# I. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In governmental funds, the liability for unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources

# J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

# K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

### L. Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriations for expenditures. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity, which is available for appropriation, in future periods. Fund balance reserves are established for encumbrances, property taxes, and textbook purchases.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriations under State statute

# M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are tuition for adult education classes, sales for food service and uniform school supplies, and charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

# N. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

# O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in the nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2004.

# P. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# Q. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

appropriated. Throughout the fiscal year, the primary level of budgetary control was at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

**Tax Budget** Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing or increased tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Medina County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of the certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget ensuring that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2004.

Appropriations A temporary appropriations measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 to September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. The appropriation resolution fixes spending authority at the legal level of control and may be amended during the year as new information becomes available provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions, must be approved by the Board of Education. The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations provided the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the appropriation in the first complete appropriated budget, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

**Encumbrances** As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On fund financial statements, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds. A reserve for encumbrances is not reported on government-wide financial statements.

*Lapsing of Appropriations* At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

### NOTE 3 – RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Upon review of the Enterprise Food Service Fund, it was determined that the charges for services generated by the food service and uniform supplies programs were not sufficient to cover the costs of operation. Additionally, there was not debt pledged solely by net revenues from fees and charges nor were there any laws or regulations requiring costs to be recovered through fees and charges. Therefore, the District has determined that Special Revenue Fund Type is a more appropriate classification for this activity. Accordingly, effective July 1, 2003, the entire Enterprise Fund Type has been eliminated and reclassified to the Special Revenue Fund Type.

As a result, balances have been restated as follows:

	Governmental	Business Type	Enterprise
Statement of Net Asset	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Total Net Assets June 30, 2003	\$6,555,041	\$336,394	\$336,394
Reclassification of Enterprise Funds	336,394	(336,394)	(336,394)
Restated Total Net Assets June 30, 2003	\$6,891,435	\$0	\$0

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	<u>Funds</u>
Fund Balance June 30, 2003	\$2,845,260
Reclassification of Enterprise Funds	336,394
Reclassification of Enterprise Funds - Assets	(273,380)
Reclassification of Enterprise Funds - Liabilities	79,258
Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2003	\$2,987,532

### **NOTE 4 – FUND DEFICITS**

Fund balances/net assets at June 30, 2004 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit			
	Fund Balance		Net Assets	
Other Governmental Funds:				
Food Service	\$	0	\$	(15,519)
Bear Cub Academy		(1,114)		(1,306)
Career Development		0		(761)
Title VI-B		0		(9,711)
Carl Perkins Compact		(21,200)		(45,287)

The deficits in these funds resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

# NOTE 5 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, is presented for the general fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement on a fund type basis for the general fund.

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General
GAAP Basis	\$ 2,829,668
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(298,759)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	755,036
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(877,893)
Budget Basis	\$ 2,408,052

#### **NOTE 6 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

**Cash on Hand** At year end, the District had \$1,895 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the District as part of equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

**Deposits** At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,653,244 and the bank balance was \$2,765,011. Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$384,194 of the bank balance was covered by depository insurance; and
- 2. \$2,380,817 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities serving as collateral were held by the pledging institution in the pledging institution's name, and all State statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

*Investments* GASB Statement No. 3 requires the District's investments to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation investment is categorized as a Category 3 credit risk level. STAROhio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting".

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and investments on the combined financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

		Cash and			
	Cas	sh Equivalents	Investments		
GASB Statement #9	\$	\$ 9,710,457		0	
Investments of the Cash Management Pool:					
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		(1,016,684)		1,016,684	
Star Ohio		(6,038,638)		6,038,638	
Cash on Hand		(1,891)		0	
GASB Statement #3	\$	2,653,244	\$	7,055,322	

#### **NOTE 7 – PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2004 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2003 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2004 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) is for calendar 2004 taxes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

2004 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2004, on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35% of true value. 2004 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2003, are levied after April 1, 2004 and are collected in 2005 with real property taxes.

2004 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2003, on the value as of December 31, 2003. Collections are made in 2004. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2004 taxes were collected are:

Amount	%
	_
\$ 411,460,660	72.59%
83,668,150	14.76%
10,460	0.00%
55,180	0.01%
49,712,743	8.77%
21,921,260	3.87%
\$ 566,828,453	100.00%
	\$ 411,460,660 83,668,150 10,460 55,180 49,712,743 21,921,260

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30. This year the June 2004 tangible personal property tax settlement was not received until July of 2004.

The District receives property taxes from Medina County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2004, are available to finance fiscal year 2004 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2004 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the delayed settlement of personal property tax and the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The late settlement and the amount available as an advance at June 30 are recognized as revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2004, was \$1,142,420 and is recognized as revenue. \$965,263 was available to the general fund, \$142,196 was available to the bond retirement debt service fund, and \$34,961 was available to the capital projects permanent improvement fund.

#### **NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2004, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

Intergovernmental receivables as of June 30, 2004:

Governmental Activities:	
Food Service	\$ 27,187
Career Development	35,980
Title VI - B	5,742
Carl Perkins Compact	13,833
Title I	18,853
Drug Free Grant	3,400
Technology Grant	 2,277
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 107,272

Wadsworth City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

### NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, was as follows:

	Balance	م ما ماندن مسم	D			Balance
Comment Add Add Man	 6/30/03	 Additions	K	eductions		6/30/04
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:	1 000 615				Φ.	4 000 64 5
Land	\$ 1,098,615	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	1,098,615
Capital Assets, being depreciated:						
Land improvements	1,962,560	48,746		(2,000)		2,009,306
Buildings and improvements	49,334,976	1,209,858		(67,707)		50,477,127
Furniture and equipment	8,445,494	775,835		(109,741)		9,111,588
Vehicles	1,801,848	259,792		(152,640)		1,909,000
Textbooks	1,667,452	106,180		0		1,773,632
Construction in progress	 746,773	0		(746,773)		0
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	63,959,103	2,400,411		(1,078,861)		65,280,653
Less Accumulated Depreciation:						
Land improvements	(457,610)	(72,639)		483		(529,766)
Buildings and improvements	(14,105,621)	(641,319)		60,936		(14,686,004)
Furniture and equipment	(4,817,427)	(679,815)		100,968		(5,396,274)
Vehicles	(1,045,216)	(121,339)		137,376		(1,029,179)
Textbooks	 (889,515)	(106,064)		0		(995,579)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(21,315,389)	(1,621,176)		299,763		(22,636,802)
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	 42,643,714	 779,235		(779,098)		42,643,851
Governmental Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 43,742,329	\$ 779,235	\$	(779,098)	\$	43,742,466

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Functions:	
Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 322,698
Special	3,146
Vocational	58,865
Support Services:	
Pupil	69,983
Instructional Staff	38,252
Administration	18,988
Fiscal	3,786
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	825,569
Central	100,787
Pupil Transportaion	121,847
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	19,115
Food Services	28,761
Extracurricular Activities	 9,379
Total Depreciation	\$ 1,621,176

#### NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries; and, natural disasters. The District has a comprehensive property and casualty policy with a deductible of \$5,000 per incident and a policy limit of \$114,564,432. The District's vehicle liability insurance policy limit is \$1,000,000 with a \$1,000 collision deductible. All administrators and employees are covered under a District liability policy and an umbrella policy. The combined limits of these coverages are \$7,000,000 per occurrence and \$8,000,000 in aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage from the prior fiscal year.

#### B. Fidelity Bonds

The Board President and Superintendent have a \$20,000 position bond. The Treasurer is covered under a surety bond in the amount of \$20,000. All other school employees who are responsible for handling funds are covered by a \$20,000 crime coverage bond.

#### C. Workers' Compensation

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System, an insurance purchasing pool, a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. The District is a member of the Ohio School Boards Association Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### D. Employee Health Insurance

The District has established a health care self-insurance fund. The purpose of this fund is to pay medical and dental claims of the District's employees and their covered dependents in order to minimize the total cost of annual health care insurance. The District has contracted with a third party administrator to direct this program. Self-insurance is in effect for aggregate claims up to \$3,248,597 per fiscal year with a \$150,000 stop-loss per individual participant. Claims in excess of this aggregate stop loss are insured by private carriers.

The claims liability of \$245,948 reported in the fund at June 30, 2004 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The costs are to be based on the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims using past experience adjusted for current trends and any other factors that would modify past experience. The claims liability is based on an estimate supplied by the District's third part administrator. A summary of the fund's claims liability in fiscal years 2003 and 2004 is as follows:

	Begi	nning of Year	 Claims	_	Payments	E	nd of Year
2003	\$	140,481	\$ 2,008,567	_	\$ (1,946,557)	\$	202,491
2004	\$	202,491	\$ 2,823,006		\$ (2,779,549)	\$	245,948

#### **NOTE 11 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees working eleven or twelve months per year are entitled to an annual vacation, with pay, based on length of service in the District. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators working fewer than ten months per year do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 230 days for classified employees and 240 days for certified employees. For certified employees, payment is made at the time of termination for 30% of a certified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 200 days, a benefit of up to 60 days. For classified employees, payment is made at the time of termination for 40% of a classified employee's accumulated sick leave up to 162 and one-half days, a benefit of up to 65 days. Certified receive \$100 per year until they reach the 60 day cap if retiring after 15 years, for each year with the district. Classified receive 1 day of sick pay until they reach the 65 day cap if retiring after 15 years, for each year with the district.

#### **NOTE 12 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System 300 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling (614) 222-5853.

Plan members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$664,392, \$659,184, and \$618,492, respectively; 49% has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100% for the fiscal years 2003 and 2002. \$324,432 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2004, and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System

The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371 or by calling (614) 227-4090.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salaries. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2004, 2003, and 2002 were \$2,146,680, \$2,137,464, and \$1,993,800, respectively; 83% has been contributed for fiscal year 2004 and 100% for fiscal years 2003 and 2002. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2004 were \$12,189 made by the District and \$38,649 made by the plan members. \$348,112 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2003, and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. The Board's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 13 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate; currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 1% of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$153,334 during the 2004 fiscal year.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2003, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$2.8 billion. For the year ended June 30, 2003, the health care costs paid by STRS were \$352,301,000 and STRS had 108,294 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75% of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14% contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year, ended June 30, 2003, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 5.83% of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14% of the difference between minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2004, the minimum pay has been established at \$14,500. For the District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2004 fiscal year equaled \$469,057.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150% of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 (the latest information available), were \$204,930,737 and the target level was \$307.4 million. At June 30, 2003, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$303.6 million. SERS had approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

#### **NOTE 14 – LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Outstanding 6/30/03	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 6/30/04	Amounts Due in One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
Notes Payable:					
Bus (Firstmerit)					
2.39%, 9/15/2004	\$ 0	\$ 130,000	\$ 0	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
Tax Anticipation Note (Current					
Operations) 4.5%	0	1,585,000	0	1,585,000	530,000
Tax Anticipation Note (Capital					
Related) 3.4525%	1,700,000	0	275,000	1,425,000	335,000
Total Notes Payble	1,700,000	1,715,000	275,000	3,140,000	995,000
General Obligation Bonds:					
School Improvement Bonds-1998					
3.75-5.125%, 4/98 - 12/22	13,179,986	0	465,000	12,714,986	485,000
School Improvement Bonds-1999					
3.30-5.00%, 4/99 - 12/22	12,014,997	0	300,000	11,714,997	330,000
School Improvement Bonds-2000					
4.25-5.75%, 4/00 - 12/22	2,065,000	0	75,000	1,990,000	80,000
Library Improvement Bonds-2001 (Se	e Note 16)				
3.00-5.15%, 12/01 - 12/22	5,240,000	0	205,000	5,035,000	210,000
HB 264 Series - 2004					
4.04%, 06/04 - 12/08	0	552,950	0	552,950	110,590
Energy Conversation Imp Bonds					
2001, 5.25%, 12/01 - 12/14	1,200,000	0	100,000	1,100,000	100,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	33,699,983	552,950	1,145,000	33,107,933	1,315,590
Capital Lease Payable	0	218,901	52,744	166,157	72,352
Compensated Absences	3,871,125	3,836,942	3,871,125	3,836,942	30,498
Early Retirement Incentive	1,518,030	0	1,518,030	0	0
Total Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 40,789,138	\$ 6,323,793	\$ 6,861,899	\$ 40,251,032	\$ 2,413,440

General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

The net proceeds of the 2002 Tax Anticipation Notes were used to provide funding for capital improvements.

Wadsworth City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2004 are as follows:

#### NOTES PAYABLE

Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30	F	Principal	 Interest	 Total
			_	
2005	\$	995,000	\$ 106,772	\$ 1,101,772
2006		880,000	69,405	949,405
2007		890,000	32,440	922,440
2008		375,000	6,630	381,630
Total	\$	3,140,000	\$ 215,247	\$ 3,355,247

#### GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	]	Principal	Interest	 Total
2005	\$	1,315,590	\$ 1,531,498	\$ 2,847,088
2006		1,375,590	1,473,005	2,848,595
2007		1,440,590	1,412,440	2,853,030
2008		1,114,313	1,771,877	2,886,190
2009		1,151,854	1,735,658	2,887,512
2010 - 2014		6,689,397	7,286,728	13,976,125
2015 - 2019		9,795,599	4,081,812	13,877,411
2020 - 2024		10,225,000	1,087,854	11,312,854
Total	\$	33,107,933	\$ 20,380,872	\$ 53,488,805

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### NOTE 15 – CAPITAL LEASES

The District has entered into a capitalized lease for fitness equipment. This lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments amounted to \$57,510 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. The carrying cost of the capital lease assets is \$218,901.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2004.

Fiscal year Ending June 30, 2005	\$ 76,681
2006	76,681
2007	19,170
Total	172,532
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(6,375)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 166,157

#### **NOTE 16 – THIRD PARTY OBLIGATIONS**

To provide for expansion and other permanent improvements at the Ella M. Everhard Public Library, the District issued permanent improvement bonds. These bonds are general obligations of the District, payable from a tax levy passed by the voters of the Wadsworth City School District and backed by the by the full faith and credit of the District. The assets related to this debt are assets of Ella M. Everhard Public Library. Due to the fact that the District has reported the debt with no corresponding asset, the deficit unrestricted net assets have been increased by \$5,240,000.

At June 30, 2004, Library Improvement Bonds outstanding totaled \$5,035,000.

#### NOTE 17 – DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at 6/30/04 consisted of the following:

	Entity-Wide Statements	Balance Sheet
Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 19,447,715	\$ 20,173,176
Grants Receivable	0	63,975
	\$ 19,447,715	\$ 20,237,151

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### **NOTE 18 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The account balances by fund of "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable" as of June 30, 2004 are as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund		
Fund	Receivable		I	Payable	
Debt Service	\$	27,958	\$	0	
Other Governmental Funds		0		27,958	
Total	\$	27,958	\$	27,958	

Interfund receivables and payables resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made. As of June 30, 2004, all interfund payables outstanding are anticipated to be repaid in fiscal year 2005.

The following is a summarized breakdown of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2004:

	Transfers		Transfers	
In			Out	
\$	0	\$	(14,900)	
5,000			0	
9,900			0	
\$	14,900	\$	(14,900)	
		\$ 0 5,000 9,900	\$ 0 \$ 5,000 9,900	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the fund collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### NOTE 19 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

#### Midland Council of Governments

The Midland Council of Governments is a jointly governed organization among twenty-two boards of education. The Council of Governments was formed to provide efficient and cost effective computer and data processing services to member boards. Financial support for the Council of Governments is provided by member fees levied according to the number of students within each member's respective district. The Executive Committee determines and sets the fees for all services.

Representation on the Midland Council of Governments consists of one member appointed by each member board of education. The representative shall be either the superintendent, assistant superintendent or treasurer of the member district board of education. The Council of Governments is governed by the Executive Committee who are elected for two year terms except the position of fiscal agent superintendent which is a permanent appointment. The Executive Committee consists of seven members. The members are two superintendents, two treasurers, two members-at-large and the fiscal agent superintendent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### Four Cities Educational Compact

The Four Cities Educational Compact is a jointly governed organization among four boards of education. The compact was formed to provide a full range of career technical education opportunities for the students. Students from any of the four districts may participate in programs at all four districts. Operating costs are apportioned based on student placement. Wadsworth City School District is the fiscal agent for the Compact and has accounted for the financial activity of the Compact as an agency fund. The District also has received a federal grant on behalf of the Compact, which has been included on the Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance. The Administrative Board of the Compact is comprised of the superintendent from each district. Each superintendent serves a one year term as chairman on a rotating basis.

#### **NOTE 20 – RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

The Ella M. Everhard Public Library (the "Library") is a related organization to the District. The school board members are responsible for appointing all the trustees of the Library; however, the school board cannot influence the Library's operation, nor does the Library represent a potential financial benefit or burden to the District. The District serves in a ministerial capacity as the tax authority for the Library. Once the Library determines to present a levy to the voters, including the determination to the rate and duration, the District must place the levy on the ballot. The Library may not issue debt and determines its own budget. The Library did not receive any funding from the District during fiscal year 2004. In 2000 the school board did place a levy on the ballot for the library. The purpose of this levy was to repay library renovation and expansion bonds. The total amount of bonds issued was \$5,599,995. The electors of the District approved the levy. See Note 16 for additional disclosures regarding the bond issue.

#### **NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2004.

#### Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings which would have a material impact on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 22 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS**

The following construction commitments at June 30, 2004 will be financed with capital project funds revenues:

	Total		Expended to	Balance at	
Project	Authorized Cost		June 30, 2004	June 30, 2004	
High School - Paint Gym	\$	40,289	0	\$	40,289
Isham Memorial - Asbestos Removal		129,358	0		129,358
HB264 Energy Conservation Project		728,470	0		728,470

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2004

#### **NOTE 23 – SET ASIDES**

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvement Reserve		Textbook Instructional Materials Reserve		Total	
Set-Aside Carryover Balance as of June 30, 2003 Current Year Set-Aside Requirement Qualifying Disbursements	\$	0 642,235 (998,898)	\$	(2,628,122) 642,235 (666,159)	\$	(2,628,122) 1,284,470 (1,665,057)
Total	\$	(356,663)	\$	(2,652,046)	\$	(3,008,709)
Cash Balance Carried Forward FY 2005	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Amount to Restrict for Set-Asides			-		\$	0
Total Restricted Assets					\$	0

The District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital improvements and textbook reserve set-asides below zero. The excess qualifying textbook disbursements may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement in future fiscal years.

#### NOTE 24 – STATE SCHOOL FUNDING DECISION

On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school funding scheme that is thorough and efficient".

The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and its financial operations.

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## Rea & Associates, Inc.

#### ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

October 19, 2004

The Board of Education Wadsworth City School District Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wadsworth City School District, as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2004, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2004. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wadsworth City School District's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of Wadsworth City School District in a separate letter dated October 19, 2004.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wadsworth City School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the basic financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of Wadsworth City School District in a separate letter dated October 19, 2004.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



## Rea & Associates, Inc.

#### ACCOUNTANTS AND BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

October 19, 2004

The Board of Education Wadsworth City School District Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wadsworth City School District with the type of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2004. Wadsworth City School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Wadsworth City School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Wadsworth City School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance with those requirements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*; issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wadsworth City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Wadsworth City School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Wadsworth City School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2004.

#### **Internal Control over Compliance**

The management of Wadsworth City School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wadsworth City School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wadsworth City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2004. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



#### WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Receipts	Federal Disbursements	Non-Cash Expenditures
U. S. Department of Education (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):					
Title VI	84.298	C2-S1-04	\$ 26,529	\$ 19,108	\$ 0
Title VI Total Title VI	84.298	C2-SI-02	<u> </u>	<u>567</u> <b>19,675</b>	<u>0</u>
Title I	84.010	C1-S1-03	(20,465)	0	0
Title I Total Title I	84.010	C1-S1-04	304,601 <b>284,136</b>	283,787 283,787	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	DR-S1-03	5,617	0	0
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Total Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities	84.186	DR-SI-02	21,012 <b>26,629</b>	21,182 21,182	0
Title II-A Total Title II-A	84.367	TR-S1-03	182,303 182,303	135,253 135,253	<u>0</u>
Special Education Cluster			102,000	150,200	v
IDEA-B	84.027	6B-SD-2004P	21,153	20,711	0
IDEA-B	84.027	6B-SD-2003P	1,479	0	0
IDEA-B	84.027	6B-SF-2003P	(3,116)	0	0
IDEA-B Total IDEA-B	84.027	6B-SF-2004P	463,329 482,845	441,950 462,661	<u>0</u>
Preschool Disability Grants	84.173	PG-S1-2004P	15,003	15,003	0
Total Preschool Disability Grants			15,003	15,003	0
Total Special Education Cluster			497,848	477,664	0
Carl Perkins - Vocational Education	84.048	20-C1-2003	42,882	4,800	0
Carl Perkins - Vocational Education Total Vocational Education	84.048	20-C1-2004	205,253 248,135	214,020 218,820	0
			•	•	
Title II-D - Technology Total Title II-D - Technology	84.318	TJ-S1-2003	12,801 <b>12,801</b>	16,240 <b>16,240</b>	0 <b>0</b>
Asst. Tech Infusion Project	84.352A	AT-S2-2002	(83)	0	0
Asst. Tech Infusion Project Total Asst. Tech Infusion Project	84.352A	AT-S3-2002	(83)	1,311 1,311	<u>0</u>
Total Department of Education			1,278,299	1,173,932	
U. S. Department of Agriculture (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):			, ,	, ,	
Nutrition Cluster:					
Food Distribution Program (A) (B) School Breakfast Program (A)	10.550 10.553		24,468 22,474	0 22,474	24,468 0
National School Lunch Program (A)	10.555		151,028	151,028	0
Total Department of Agriculture: Nutrition Cluster	10.000		197,970	173,502	24,468
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 1,476,269	\$ 1,347,434	\$ 24,468

<sup>(</sup>A) Government commodities are reported at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

<sup>(</sup>B) Federal money commingled with state subsidy reimbursements. It is assumed federal moneys are expended first.

#### WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133, Section .505 JUNE 30, 2004

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
Opinion	
Were there any material control weakness	No
conditions reported at the financial statement	
•	
,	No
, 1	INO
compliance at the financial statement	
level (GAGAS)?	
Were there any material internal control	No
weakness conditions reported for major	
federal programs?	
Were there any other reportable internal	No
control weakness conditions reported for	
major federal programs?	
Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
Compliance Opinion	
Are there any reportable findings under	No
Section .510?	
Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster
	CFDA # 84.027 & 84.173
Dollar Threshold: Type A/B	Type A: > \$300,000
Programs	Type B: All others
Low Risk Auditee?	Yes
	Opinion  Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?  Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?  Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?  Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?  Type of Major Programs'  Compliance Opinion  Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?  Major Programs (list):  Dollar Threshold: Type A/B  Programs

### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None were noted

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None were noted



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# WADSWORTH CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MEDINA COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 14, 2004