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BRIGHT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

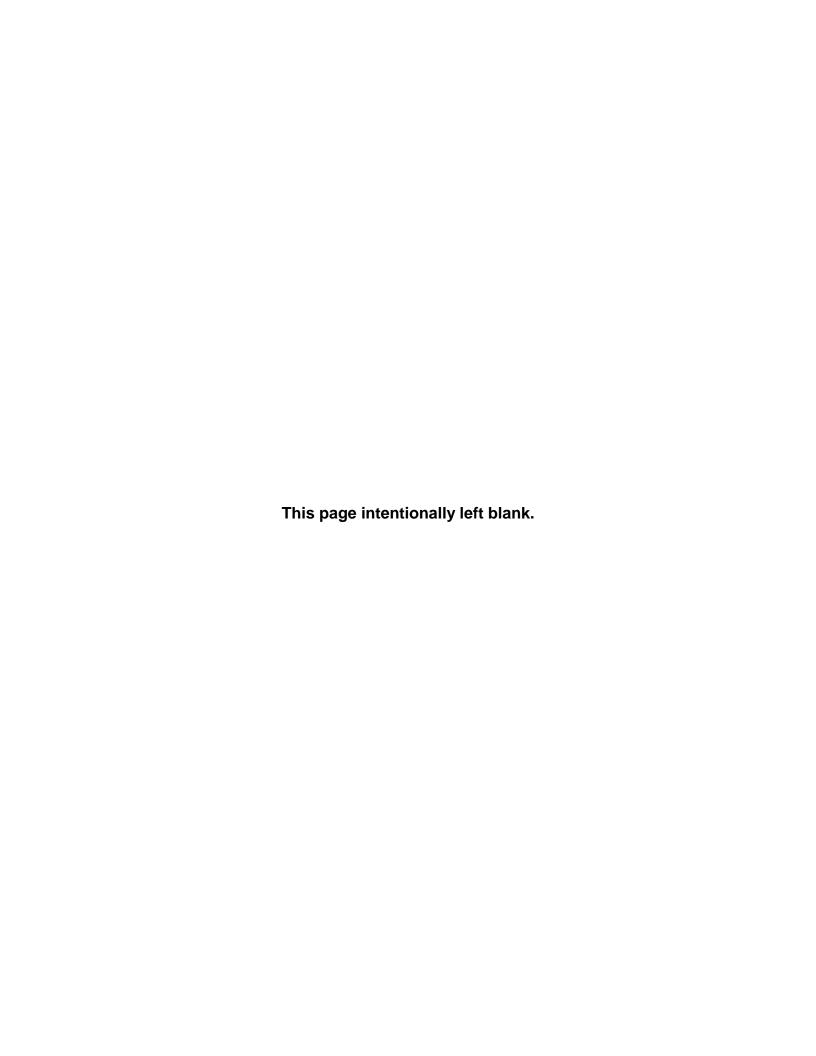
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001



BRIGHT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND COUNTY

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250 West Court Street
Suite 150 E
Cincinnati, Ohio 45202
Telephone 513-361-8550

800-368-7419

Facsimile 513-361-8577 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Bright Local School District Highland County 44 North High Street P.O. Box 9 Mowrystown, Ohio 45155

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying general-purpose financial statements of the Bright Local School District, Highland County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general-purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general-purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general-purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bright Local School District, Highland County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 19, during the year ended June 30, 2001, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Statement No. 33.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2001 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Bright Local School District Highland County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

We performed our audit to form an opinion on the general-purpose financial statements of the District taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is presented for additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general-purpose financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general-purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general-purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 21, 2001

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Bright Local School District Combined Balance Sheet All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001

	Governmental Fund Types					
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects		
Assets and Other Debits: Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and						
Cash Equivalents	\$861,030	\$239,064	\$487,403	\$860,026		
Receivables: Taxes	1,092,489	23,829	309,331	0		
Intergovernmental	0	25,060	0	0		
Restricted Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and	22.440	0	0	0		
Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents	22,449	U	U	U		
With Escrow Agents	0	0	0	169,876		
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	0	0		
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	0	0		
Fixed Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	0	0	0	0		
	-	-	-	-		
Other Debits:						
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0		
for the Retirement of General Obligations Amount to be Provided from	0	0	0	0		
General Government Resources	0	0	0	0		
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$1,975,968	\$287,953	\$796,734	\$1,029,902		
Liabilities, Fund Equity						
and Other Credits:						
<u>Liabilities:</u> Accounts Payable	\$54,487	\$1,991	\$0	\$429		
Contracts Payable	1,894	0	0	102,866		
Accrued Wages and Benefits	435,362	35,010	0	0		
Compensated Absences Payable	25,015 0	1,194 0	0	160.876		
Retainage Payable Intergovernmental Payable	87,143	10,056	0	169,876 0		
Deferred Revenue	1,053,533	22,855	296,690	0		
Undistributed Monies	0	0	0	0		
Claims Payable Capital Leases Payable	0	0	0	0		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	0	0	0	0		
Total Liabilities	1,657,434	71,106	296,690	273,171		
	-,501,101	, 1,100	2,0,0,0	2.0,1/1		
Fund Equity and Other Credits:	_	_	_	_		
Investment in General Fixed Assets Retained Earnings:	0	0	0	0		
Unreserved Fund Balance:	0	0	0	0		
Reserved for Encumbrances	268,380	2,209	0	462,491		
Reserved for Property Taxes	38,956	974	12,641	0		
Reserved for Budget Stabilization	22,449	0	0	0		
Unreserved: Undesignated	(11,251)	213,664	487,403	294,240		
Total Fund Equity and Other Credits	318,534	216,847	500,044	756,731		
Total Liabilities Fund E-vite						
Total Liabilities, Fund Equity and Other Credits	\$1,975,968	\$287,953	\$796,734	\$1,029,902		

	ypes	Fund Type	e Account Groups					
Enterprise	Internal Service	Agency	General Fixed Assets	General Long-Term Obligations	Totals (Memorandum Only)			
\$52,076	\$341,223	\$22,462	\$0	\$0	\$2,863,284			
0	0	0	0	0	1,425,649			
27,610	0	0	0	0	52,670			
0	0	0	0	0	22,449			
0	0	0	0	0	169,876			
1,450	0	0	0	0	1,450			
263	0	0	0	0	263			
2,283	0	0	19,414,435	0	19,416,718			
0	0	0	0	500,044	500,044			
0	0	0	0	1,351,199	1,351,199			
\$83,682	\$341,223	\$22,462	\$19,414,435	\$1,851,243	\$25,803,602			
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$56,907			
\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$0 0	\$56,907 104,760			
0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	104,760 489,242 298,949			
0 18,870 5,773 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861	0 0 0 0 214,120	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854	0 0 0 0 214,120	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854	0 0 0 0 214,120 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 0 33,214	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 0 33,214 1,505,000	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 0 33,214	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 0 33,214 1,505,000	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0 0	0 0 0 214,120 0 95,728 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 33,214 1,505,000	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000 4,516,312			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0 0 34,358	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728 0 0 309,848	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 33,214 1,505,000 1,851,243	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000 4,516,312 19,414,435 80,699 733,080			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0 0 34,358	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728 0 0 309,848	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 33,214 1,505,000 1,851,243 0 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000 4,516,312 19,414,435 80,699 733,080 52,571			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0 0 34,358	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 95,728 0 0 309,848	0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 33,214 1,505,000 1,851,243 0 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000 4,516,312 19,414,435 80,699 733,080			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0 0 34,358	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 0 95,728 0 0 309,848	0 0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 33,214 1,505,000 1,851,243 0 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000 4,516,312 19,414,435 80,699 733,080 52,571			
0 18,870 5,773 0 8,861 854 0 0 0 34,358	0 0 0 0 214,120 0 95,728 0 0 309,848	0 0 0 0 0 22,462 0 0 0 22,462	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 266,967 0 46,062 0 0 33,214 1,505,000 1,851,243 0 0	104,760 489,242 298,949 169,876 366,242 1,373,932 22,462 95,728 33,214 1,505,000 4,516,312 19,414,435 80,699 733,080 52,571 22,449			

Bright Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

		Totals			
		Special	Debt	Capital	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Only)
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$922,312	\$21,009	\$284,430	\$0	\$1,227,751
Intergovernmental	3,791,616	465,456	32,791	5,304,026	9,593,889
Interest	178,761	0	0	121,034	299,795
Tuition and Fees	29,314	0	0	0	29,314
Rent	292	0	0	0	292
Extracurricular Activities	0	53,508	0	0	53,508
Gifts and Donations	6,518	1,035	0	0	7,553
Miscellaneous	86,310	5,804	102	1,189	93,405
Total Revenues	5,015,123	546,812	317,323	5,426,249	11,305,507
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,142,815	83,879	0	0	2,226,694
Special	323,730	209,767	0	0	533,497
Vocational	165,472	0	0	0	165,472
Other	138,995	0	0	0	138,995
Support Services:					
Pupils	173,179	60,597	0	0	233,776
Instructional Staff	256,633	70,325	0	0	326,958
Board of Education	196,635	0	0	0	196,635
Administration	561,867	840	0	0	562,707
Fiscal	225,237	1,253	8,709	0	235,199
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	612,155	24,305	0	0	636,460
Pupil Transportation	753,811	0	0	0	753,811
Non-Instructional Services	6,482	302	0	0	6,784
Extracurricular Activities	64,464	34,434	0	0	98,898
Capital Outlay	70,833	0	0	7,385,050	7,455,883
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	70,638	0	100,000	0	170,638
Interest and Fiscal Charges	11,788	0	100,337	0	112,125
Total Expenditures	5,774,734	485,702	209,046	7,385,050	13,854,532
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(759,611)	61,110	108,277	(1,958,801)	(2,549,025)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	1,527	0	0	0	1,527
Inception of Capital Lease	44,236	0	0	0	44,236
Operating Transfers Out	(80,000)	0	0	0	(80,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(34,237)	0	0	0	(34,237)
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	(793,848)	61,110	108,277	(1,958,801)	(2,583,262)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year					
Restated - Note 19	1,112,382	155,737	391,767	2,715,532	4,375,418
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$318,534	\$216,847	\$500,044	\$756,731	\$1,792,156

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Bright Local School District Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	General Fund			Special Revenue Funds		
	-		Variance			Variance
	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$899,033	\$899,033	\$0	\$20,783	\$20,522	(\$261)
Intergovernmental	3,794,425	3,792,016	(2,409)	527,563	501,020	(26,543)
Interest	171,716	178,761	7,045	0	0	0
Tuition and Fees	29,241	29,314	73	0	0	0
Rent	292	292	0	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	53,346	53,308	(38)
Gifts and Donations	6,518	6,518	0	726	1,035	309
Miscellaneous	68,029	68,029	0	5,250	5,804	554
Total Revenues	4,969,254	4,973,963	4,709	607,668	581,689	(25,979)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	1,666,485	2,187,374	(520,889)	140,550	81.148	59,402
Special	317,758	317,758	0	197,964	208,167	(10,203)
Vocational	164,491	164,491	0	0	0	0
Other	139,612	139,612	0	0	0	0
Support Services:	,	,				
Pupils	190,676	190,676	0	67,461	62,536	4,925
Instructional Staff	265,744	253,467	12,277	69,558	69,558	0
Board of Education	219,068	219,068	0	0	0	0
Administration	590,353	590,353	0	0	0	0
Fiscal	227,433	227,208	225	1,113	1,113	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	663,709	663,709	0	30,671	24,305	6,366
Pupil Transportation	807,563	807,563	0	0	0	0
Non-Instructional Services	6,438	6,438	0	302	302	0
Extracurricular Activities	65,621	65,621	0	37,400	34,975	2,425
Capital Outlay	60,276	60,401	(125)	0	0	0
Debt Service:	,	,	()			
Principal Retirement	58,000	58,000	0	0	0	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,748	8,748	0	0	0	0
-						
Total Expenditures	5,451,975	5,960,487	(508,512)	545,019	482,104	62,915
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	(482,721)	(986,524)	(503,803)	62,649	99,585	36,936
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	1,527	1,527	0	0	0	0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	18,281	18,281	0	0	200	200
Advances In	103,000	103,000	0	0	70,000	70,000
Advances Out	(90,000)	(90,000)	0	(103,000)	(103,000)	0
Operating Transfers Out	(40,000)	(40,000)	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,192)	(7,192)	0	(103,000)	(32,800)	70,200
Excess of Revenues and Other						
Financing Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(489,913)	(993,716)	(503,803)	(40,351)	66,785	107,136
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,237,543	1,237,543	0	150,616	150,616	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	348,498	348,498	0	17,294	17,294	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,096,128	\$592,325	(\$503,803)	\$127,559	\$234,695	\$107,136

De	bt Service Fund	[Capital Projects Funds			Totals (Memorandum Only)			
Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable	
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
**** ********************************	**** ********************************	40				A4 405 000	****	(0.41)	
\$278,104	\$278,104	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,197,920	\$1,197,659	(\$261)	
32,791	32,791	0	5,349,543	5,304,026	(45,517)	9,704,322	9,629,853	(74,469)	
0	0	0	74,000	121,034	47,034	245,716	299,795	54,079	
0	0	0	0	0	0	29,241	29,314	73	
102 0	0	(102)	0	0	0	394 53,346	292	(102)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	,	53,308	(38)	
0	102	102	0	1,189	1,189	7,244 73,279	7,553 75,124	309 1,845	
310,997	310,997	0	5,423,543	5,426,249	2,706	11,311,462	11,292,898	(18,564)	
0	0	0	10,000	9,992	8	1,817,035	2,278,514	(461,479)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	515,722	525,925	(10,203)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	164,491	164,491	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	139,612	139,612	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	258,137	253,212	4,925	
0	0	0	86,185	86,940	(755)	421,487	409,965	11,522	
0	0	0	0	0	0	219,068	219,068	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	590,353	590,353	0	
12,300	8,709	3,591	0	0	0	240,846	237,030	3,816	
0	0	0	0	0	0	694,380	688,014	6,366	
0	0	0	0	0	0	807,563	807,563	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	6,740	6,740	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	103,021	100,596	2,425	
0	0	0	4,362,783	9,069,504	(4,706,721)	4,423,059	9,129,905	(4,706,846)	
100,000	100,000	0	0	0	0	158,000	158,000	0	
100,337	100,337	0_	0	0_	0	109,085	109,085	0	
212,637	209,046	3,591	4,458,968	9,166,436	(4,707,468)	10,668,599	15,818,073	(5,149,474)	
98,360	101,951	3,591	964,575	(3,740,187)	(4,704,762)	642,863	(4,525,175)	(5,168,038)	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1,527	1,527	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	18,281	18,481	200	
0	0	0_	0	0	0	(40,000)	(40,000)	0	
0	0_	0	0	0	0	(110,192)	(39,992)	70,200	
0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	103,000 (193,000) (40,000)	173,000 (193,000) (40,000)	70,000	
98,360	101,951	3,591	964,575	(3,740,187)	(4,704,762)	532,671	(4,565,167)	(5,097,838)	
385,452	385,452	0	4,143,781	4,143,781	(4,704,702)	5,917,392	5,917,392	(3,097,838)	
0	0	0	755	755	0	366,547	366,547	0	
\$483,812	\$487,403	\$3,591		\$404,349	(\$4,704,762)	\$6,816,610	\$1,718,772		

Bright Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Enterprise	Internal Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Operating Revenues:			
Sales	\$140,122	\$0	\$140,122
Charges for Services	0	787,741	787,741
Other Revenues	636	0	636
Total Operating Revenue	140,758	787,741	928,499
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries	90,922	0	90,922
Fringe Benefits	50,633	0	50,633
Purchased Services	3,370	54,648	58,018
Materials and Supplies	5,728	0	5,728
Cost of Sales	134,127	0	134,127
Depreciation	386	0	386
Claims	0	620,538	620,538
Other	15	0	15
Total Operating Expenses	285,181	675,186	960,367
Operating Income (Loss)	(144,423)	112,555	(31,868)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Federal Donated Commodities	22,498	0	22,498
Interest	684	0	684
Federal and State Subsidies	105,163	0	105,163
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	(328)	0	(328)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	128,017	0	128,017
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfer	(16,406)	112,555	96,149
Operating Transfers In	80,000	0	80,000
Net Income	63,594	112,555	176,149
Retained Earnings (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	(14,270)	(81,180)	(95,450)
Retained Earnings at End of Year	\$49,324	\$31,375	\$80,699

Bright Local School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Enterprise			Internal Service		
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Sales	\$147,900	\$140,122	(\$7,778)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Charges for Services	0	0	0	776,500	787,741	11,241
Interest	100	684	584	0	0	0
Federal and State Subsidies	92,000	103,637	11,637	0	0	0
Refund of Prior Year Expense	0	636	636	0	0	0
Total Revenues	240,000	245,079	5,079	776,500	787,741	11,241
Expenses:						
Salaries	91,715	87,146	4,569	0	0	0
Fringe Benefits	54,452	54,452	0	488,756	530,574	(41,818)
Purchased Services	4,218	4,218	0	74,344	74,344	0
Materials and Supplies	120,547	120,547	0	0	0	0
Other	15	15	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	1,044	1,044	0	0	0	0
Total Expenses	271,991	267,422	4,569	563,100	604,918	(41,818)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	(31,991)	(22,343)	9,648	213,400	182,823	(30,577)
Advances In	20,000	20,000	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	40,000	40,000	0	0	0	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses,						
Advances and Transfers	28,009	37,657	9,648	213,400	182,823	(30,577)
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	6,683	6,683	0	99,658	99,658	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	3,773	3,773	0	10,204	10,204	0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$38,465	\$48,113	\$9,648	\$323,262	\$292,685	(\$30,577)

Bright Local School District Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Enterprise	Internal Service	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers	\$140,122	\$0	\$140,122
Cash Received from Quasi-External			
Transactions With Other Funds	0	787,741	787,741
Cash Received from Other Operating Sources	636	0	636
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(120,844)	(54,793)	(175,637)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments for Employee Benefits	(87,146) (54,425)	0	(87,146) (54,425)
Cash Payments for Claims	0	(680,856)	(680,856)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(121,657)	52,092	(69,565)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Operating Grants Received	103,637	0	103,637
Operating Transfers In	40,000	0	40,000
Advances In	20,000	(24.951)	20,000
Repayment of Short Term Borrowing from Other Governments Short Term Borrowing from Other Governments	0	(34,851) 214,120	(34,851) 214,120
N.C.I.B. IIII. N III			
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	163,637	179,269	342,906
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Aquisition of Capital Assets	(1,044)	0	(1,044)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	69.4	0	C9.4
Interest	684	0	684
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	41,620	231,361	272,981
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	10,456	109,862	120,318
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$52,076	\$341,223	\$393,299
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net			
Cash Provided by (Used for)Operating Activities:	(01.44.422)	#110.555	(021.050)
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$144,423)	\$112,555	(\$31,868)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating			
Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	386	0	386
Donated Commodities Used During Year	22,498	0	22,498
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Decrease in Inventory Held for Resale	739	0	739
Decrease in Materials and Supplies Inventory	246	0 (145)	246
Decrease in Accounts Payable Decrease in Accrued Wages and Benefits	(1,087) (1,993)	(145) 0	(1,232) (1,993)
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	3,281	0	3,281
Decrease in Intergovernmental Payable	(1,304)	0	(1,304)
Decrease in Claims Payable	0	(60,318)	(60,318)
Total Adjustments	22,766	(60,463)	(37,697)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	(\$121,657)	\$52,092	(\$69,565)
opening rearrang	(+-31,007)	,	(407,000)

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Bright Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statue and/or federal guidelines.

The School District was established in 1968 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of 128 square miles. It is located in Highland County, including all of the Village of Mowrystown, and portions of surrounding townships. The Board of Education controls the School District's two instructional support facilities staffed by 42 non-certificated and 64 teaching personnel and administrative employees providing education to 856 students.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Bright Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

Entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District. These entities include the Village of Mowrystown, Clinton-Fayette-Highland Educational Service District, Booster Clubs and Parent Teacher Organizations.

The School District is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as an insurance purchasing pool, and one as a claims servicing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA), Hopewell Special Education Regional Resource Center (Hopewell), the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium. These organizations are presented in Notes 14 and 15 to the general purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Bright Local School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its proprietary activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis Of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special restrictions or limitations. An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net available expendable resources.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the various funds of the School District are grouped into the following generic fund types under the broad fund categories governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the School District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

The following are the School District's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term obligation principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Types:

Proprietary funds are used to account for the School District's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following are the School District's proprietary fund types:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for School District activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Fiduciary Fund Type</u>:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The School District's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account Groups:

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of a general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all fixed assets of the School District, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This account group is established to account for all long-term obligations of the School District except those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. The School District has no contributed capital. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for the governmental and agency funds. The full accrual basis of accounting is followed for the proprietary funds.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. (See Note 5.) Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance and grants.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2001, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2002 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On a modified accrual basis, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

C. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The self insurance internal service fund has only the dental and vision insurance portion of the fund budgeted and shown as part of the School District's cash activity; the medical insurance activity is handled by a fiscal agent and is therefore not budgeted. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer is authorized to further allocate Board of Education appropriations to the function and object level for all funds.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Highland County Budget Commission for rate determination.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the School District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2001.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the School District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, four supplemental appropriations were legally enacted, some of which were significant.

The budget figures which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device by the Board of Education, during the year for all funds, other than agency funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

Encumbrances

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. On the GAAP basis, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as a reservation of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures for governmental funds and reported in the notes to the financial statements for proprietary funds.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet. The School District also utilizes an escrow agent to hold retainage on construction contracts. The balances in these accounts are presented on the financial statements as "Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents".

During fiscal year 2001, investments were limited to repurchase agreements which are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2001 amounted to \$178,761, which includes \$120,693 assigned from other School District funds. The capital projects funds and enterprise fund also received interest in the amounts of \$121,034, and \$684, respectively.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the combined balance sheet, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

E. Inventory

Inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of proprietary funds consist of donated food and purchased food held for resale, and supplies which are expensed when used.

F. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. Fixed assets utilized in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund. All fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five hundred dollars. The School District does not have any infrastructure.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized. Improvements to fund fixed assets are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

General fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 10-40 years

Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment 5-20 years

Vehicles 3-15 years

Depreciation of furniture and equipment in the enterprise funds is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 5 years.

G. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of current service with the School District. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using available expendable resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The remainder is reported in the general long-term obligations account group. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the general long-term obligations account group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year end are considered not to have used current available financial resources. Bonds and capital leases are reported as a liability of the general long-term obligations account group until due.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-term obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary funds.

I. Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

J. Fund Balance Reserves

The School District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, property taxes, and budget stabilization.

The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under generally accepted accounting principles but not available for appropriation under State statute.

K. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted assets represents amounts required by statute to be set-aside by the School District for budget stabilization which consists of Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds. See Note 16 for additional information regarding set-asides. The School District also utilizes an escrow agent to hold retainage on construction contracts. The balances in these accounts are presented on the financial statements as "Restricted Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents with Escrow Agents".

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Total Columns on General Purpose Financial Statements

Total columns on the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Totals - (Memorandum Only)" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance/retained earnings on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - All Proprietary Fund Types are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures/expenses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures/expenses for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and as note disclosures in the proprietary fund types (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. For proprietary funds, the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported on the operating statement (budget basis) rather than as balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 6. The School District does not budget for the activities of the fiscal agent who collects and holds assets used for the payment of medical claims. However, the activities of the fiscal agent are included in the internal service fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements by fund type.

NOTE 3 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses All Governmental Fund Types

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects
GAAP Basis	(\$793,848)	\$61,110	\$108,277	(\$1,958,801)
Adjustments:				
Revenue Accruals	(67,115)	35,077	(6,326)	0
Expenditure Accruals	145,401	7,967	0	(1,325,709)
Encumbrances	(291,154)	(4,369)	0	(455,677)
Advances	13,000	(33,000)	0	0
Budget Basis	(\$993,716)	\$66,785	\$101,951	(\$3,740,187)

Net Income/Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses, Advances and Transfers All Proprietary Fund Types

	Enterprise	Internal Service
GAAP Basis	\$63,594	\$112,555
Revenue Accruals	(41,526)	0
Expense Accruals	(2,206)	(60,463)
Capital Outlay	1,044	0
Depreciation	386	0
Encumbrances	(3,963)	(48,538)
Advances	20,000	0
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	328	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses for Non-Budgeted Funds	0	179,269
Budget Basis	\$37,657	\$182,823

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by the federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in divisions (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements".

<u>Deposits</u>: At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$86,808 and the bank balance was \$229,796. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

<u>Investments</u>: The School District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the School District at fiscal year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the School District or its agent in the School District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments which are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the School District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School District's name.

	Category 3	Carrying Value
Repurchase Agreements	\$2,968,801	\$2,968,801

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined financial statements and the classification of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/ Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$3,055,609	\$0
Investment:		
Repurchase Agreements	(2,968,801)	2,968,801
GASB Statement No. 3	\$86,808	\$2,968,801

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located in the School District. Property tax revenue received during calendar 2001 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of calendar 2000 taxes. Property tax payments received during calendar 2001 for tangible personal property (other than public utility property) are for calendar 2001 taxes.

2001 real property taxes are levied after April 1, 2001, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2001, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. First half 2001 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance fiscal year 2002.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value. 2001 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31,2000, are levied after April 1, 2001 and are collected in 2002 with real property taxes.

2001 tangible personal property taxes are levied after April 1, 2000, on the value as of December 31, 2000. Collections are made in 2001. Tangible personal property assessments are twenty-five percent of true value.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2001 taxes were collected are:

	2000 Second- Half Collections		2001 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$34,874,160	84.04%	\$45,848,900	88.36%
Public Utility	5,688,200	13.71%	5,454,820	10.51%
Tangible Personal Property	932,600	2.25%	585,280	1.13%
Total Assessed Value	\$41,494,960	100.00%	\$51,889,000	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$38.49		\$38.49	

The School District receives property taxes from Highland and Adams County. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2001, are available to finance fiscal year 2001 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2001 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amounts available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2001 was \$38,956 in the General Fund, \$974 in the Classroom Facility Maintenance Special Revenue Fund, and \$12,641 in the Debt Service Fund.

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2001, consisted of property taxes, interfund and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Special Revenue Funds	
Title I	\$494
Drug Free Schools	2,594
Continuous Improvement	21,972
Total Special Revenue Funds	25,060
Enterprise Fund	

Federal and State Subsidies 27,610

Total Intergovernmental Receivables \$52,670

NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS

A summary of the enterprise fund's fixed assets at June 30, 2001 follows:

Fixed Assets	\$26,093
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(23,810)
Net Fixed Assets	\$2,283

NOTE 7 - FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets during fiscal year 2001 follows:

Asset Category	Balance at June 30, 2000	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2001
Land	\$393,518	\$487,189	\$0	\$880,707
Buildings and Improvements	3,530,499	15,869,054	0	19,399,553
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,105,994	1,210,510	84,740	2,231,764
Vehicles	730,483	180,499	92,820	818,162
Construction in Process	10,996,285	0	10,996,285	0
Totals	\$16,756,779	\$17,747,252	\$11,173,845	23,330,186
Accumulated Depreciation				(3,915,751)
Net Fixed Assets				\$19,414,435

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2001, the School District contracted with Nationwide Insurance Company for general liability insurance with a \$2,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$5,000,000 aggregate. Property is protected by the Indiana Insurance Company and holds a \$250 deductible.

The School District's vehicles are covered by the Nationwide Agribusiness Insurance Company under a business policy and hold a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and collision with a \$1,000,000 limit on any accident. Vehicles are also covered under the commercial umbrella policy.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction of coverage from the prior year.

For fiscal year 2001, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 15). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Medical, vision and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Mutual Health Services administers claims for the vision plan and Professional Risk Management administers the claims for the dental and medical plans. The claims liability of \$95,728 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2001 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrators and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustments expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2000	\$3,618	\$585,890	\$433,462	\$156,046
2001	156,046	620,538	680,856	95,728

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 N. Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2001, 4.2 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, 5.5 percent was used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amount, by the SERS' Retirement Board.

NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The School District's contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$40,544, \$36,129, and \$48,240, respectively; 52.98 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$19,062 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the general long-term obligations account group.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

The School District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3371.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, plan members were required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 9.5 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2000, the portion used to fund pension obligations was 6.0 percent. Contribution rates are established by STRS, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$252,786, \$139,575, and \$240,378, respectively; 83.50 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2001 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2000 and 1999. \$41,705 representing the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2001, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2001, all of the School District's members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The School District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The School District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

All STRS benefit recipients and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the STRS Board allocated employer contributions equal to 4.5 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the School District, this amount equaled \$119,741 for fiscal year 2001.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. At June 30, 2000, (the latest information available) the balance in the Fund was \$3.419 million. For the year ended June 30, 2000, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$283,137,000 and STRS had 99,011 eligible benefit recipients.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, and to disability and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

After the allocation for basic benefits, the remainder of the employer's 14 percent contribution is allocated to providing health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 9.8 percent of covered payroll, an increase of 1.3 percent from fiscal year 2000. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2001, the minimum pay was established at \$12,400. For the School District, the amount contributed to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, during the 2001 fiscal year equaled \$106,302.

The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund. The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of the annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 (the latest information available), were \$140,696,340 and the target level was \$211 million. At June 30, 2000, SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$252.3 million. SERS has approximately 50,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified and administrative employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 182 days for all employees

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

except administrative staff who can accumulate up to 240 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 55 days for non-certified union members and administrative employees, and 37.5 percent of accrued but unused sick leave credit for teachers.

B. Life and Accident Insurance

The School District provides life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through National Term Life Insurance Co.

NOTE 12 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In fiscal year 2001, the School District entered into leases for new copiers and other reproduction equipment. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the General Purpose Financial Statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

General fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the general fixed assets account group in an amount of \$44,236 which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded in the general long-term obligations account group. Principal payments in fiscal year 2001 totaled \$12,638.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2001.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Long-Term Obligations
2002	\$12,014
2003	11,926
2004	6,059
2005	6,059
2006	4,041
Total Minimum Lease Payments	40,099
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(6,885)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$33,214

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The change in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2001 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 6/30/00	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 6/30/01
General Obligation Bonds:				
School Improvement Bonds 1985 9.125%	\$675,000	\$0	\$75,000	\$600,000
School Improvement Bonds 1998 5.4064%	810,000	0	25,000	785,000
School Bus Bonds 2000 5.6506%	178,000	0	58,000	120,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	1,663,000	0	158,000	1,505,000
Compensated Absences	380,744	0	113,777	266,967
Intergovernmental Payable	45,514	46,062	45,514	46,062
Capital Leases	1,616	44,236	12,638	33,214
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$2,090,874	\$90,298	\$329,929	\$1,851,243

On July 1, 1985, the School District issued \$1,685,861 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of making improvements to the high school building. The bonds were issued for a twenty-three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2008. The bonds will be retired from the debt service fund.

In June 1998, the School District issued school improvement bonds in the amount of \$875,000 for the construction of a new elementary school and renovations to the high school building. The bonds were issued for a twenty three year period with final maturity in 2021. The bonds will be paid from the debt service fund.

On June 1, 2000, the School District issued \$178,000 in unvoted general obligation bonds for the purpose of acquiring buses for the use in the transportation of students to and from school and other functions authorized by the Board of Education. These bonds will be paid from general fund.

Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid. Capital leases will be paid from the general fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$3,665,054 with an unvoted debt margin of \$51,889 at June 30, 2001.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2001 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2001	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$160,000	\$99,241	\$259,241
2003	160,000	87,919	247,919
2004	100,000	76,549	176,549
2005	100,000	68,581	168,581
2006	105,000	60,471	165,471
2007-2011	385,000	190,657	575,657
2012-2016	215,000	106,835	321,835
2017-2021	280,000	39,150	319,150
Totals	\$1,505,000	\$729,403	\$2,234,403

NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. South Cental Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA)

The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Ross, Jackson, Vinton and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers, plus the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$21,442 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

B. Hopewell Special Education Regional Resource Center (Hopewell)

The Hopewell Special Education Regional Resource Center (Hopewell) is a jointly governed organization created by the Ohio Department of Education at the request of the participating school districts to offer direct and related services to low incidence handicapped students of the region. Seventeen local, city, and exempted village school districts receive services from Hopewell. Hopewell is operated under regulations and policies established by the Ohio Department of Education, and its own governing board. The governing board is made up of superintendents from the seventeen school districts, plus a representative from the county board of education, a

NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

representative from the board of mental retardation and developmental disabilities, two joint vocational school superintendents and five parents of handicapped children living in the region. The Clinton-Fayette-Highland Educational Service District acts as fiscal agent. Hopewell receives funding from the contracts with each of the member school districts and Federal and State grants. To obtain financial information write to Hopewell at the Clinton-Fayette-Highland Educational Service District, 62 Laurel Dr., Wilmington, Ohio 45177.

NOTE 15 - INSURANCE PURCHASING AND CLAIMS SERVICING POOLS

A. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Ross County Schools Employees Insurance Consortium

The School District is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a claims servicing pool consisting of eighteen school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area. Medical/surgical and dental is administered through a third party administrator, Professional Risk Management Company. Vision is also administered through a third party administrator, Mutual Health Services. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the cost of administering the Consortium. To obtain financial information, write to the Westfall Local School District, Scott Glandon who serves as Treasurer, 19463 Pherson Pike, Williamsport, Ohio 43164-9745.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, the School District was no longer required to set aside funds in the budget reserve set-aside, with the exception of monies received from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation, which must be retained for budget stabilization or spent for specified purposes.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES (Continued)

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Textbooks</u>	Capital Acquisition	Budget Stabilization
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2000	\$0	\$0	\$60,373
Carryover from Prior Year	(106,432)	(778,620)	0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	96,103	96,103	0
Reduction in Requirement based on Revised Legislation	0	0	(37,924)
Current Year Offsets	0	0	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(201,877)	0	0
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	(\$212,206)	(\$682,517)	\$22,449
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2001			\$22,449

The total reserve balance for the set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$22,449.

NOTE 17 - CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The School District has entered into contracts for the design and construction of a new building and renovations to an existing building in the School District. Outstanding construction commitments at June 30, 2001 are as follows:

Project	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	Balance At 6/30/00
Stapleton Electric Company	\$314,496	\$272,315	\$42,181
Fioll, Inc.	192,496	159,206	33,290
Endeavor Construction Company	5,399,343	5,303,049	96,294
Croson/Teepe LLP	1,473,339	1,459,556	13,783
Steed-Hammond-Paul	115,000	92,069	22,931
Total	\$7,494,674	\$7,286,195	\$208,479

NOTE 18 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Accountability - Fund Equity Deficit

The Title VI-R Special Revenue Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$114 at June 30, 2001. The deficit is due to adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for the deficits in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

B. Compliance

The following had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Appropriations</u>	Expenditures	<u>Excess</u>
Classroom Facilities	\$4,355,783	\$9,062,507	\$4,706,724

NOTE 19 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2001, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions," and GASB Statement No. 36, "Recipient Reporting for Certain Shared Nonexchange Revenues". This change resulted in the following restatement of beginning fund balance:

	Special Revenue
Fund Balances, June 30, 2000	\$132,952
Intergovernmental Receivable	22,785
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2000	\$155,737
	Special Revenue
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures, June 30, 2000	\$21,644
Intergovernmental Receivable	22,785
Restated Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures, June 30, 2000	\$44,429
<u> </u>	Ψ 1 1, 127

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants:

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2001.

B. Litigation:

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as a defendant.

NOTE 21 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 6, 2001, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision identified aspects of the current plan that require modification if the plan is to be considered constitutional, including:

- A change in the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount. Any change in the amount of funds distributed to school districts as a result of this change must be retroactive to July 1, 2001, although a time line for distribution is not specified.
- Fully funding parity aid no later than the beginning of fiscal year 2004 rather than fiscal year 2006.

The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case based on anticipated compliance with its order.

In general, it is expected that the decision would result in an increase in State funding for most Ohio school districts. However, as of December 21, 2001, the Ohio General Assembly is still analyzing the impact this Supreme Court decision will have on funding for individual school districts. Further, the State of Ohio, in a motion filed September 17, 2001, asked the Court to reconsider and clarify the parts of the decision changing the school districts that are used as the basis for determining the base cost support amount and the requirement that changes be made retroactive to July 1, 2001.

On November 2, 2001, the Court granted this motion for reconsideration. The Court may re-examine and redetermine any issue upon such reconsideration.

As of the date of these financial statements, the School District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision and the reconsideration will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

BRIGHT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000 (Cash Basis)

Federal Grantor Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through Ohio Department of Educa	tion:					
Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution Program National School Breakfast Program		10.550 10.553	\$0 23,375	\$22,249 0	\$0 23,375	\$22,498 0
National School Lunch Program		10.555	75,752	0	75,752	0
Total Nutrition Cluster			99,127	22,249	99,127	22,498
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			99,127	22,249	99,127	22,498
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						
Passed through Ohio Department of Educa	tion:					
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Preschool Grant	PG-S1-2001	84.173	1,756	0	1,756	0
Special Education Grants to States (Title VI B)	6B-SF-2000	84.027	37.840	0	8,168	0
Special Education Grants to States (Title VI B)	6B-SF-2001	84.027	52,546	0	46,995	0
Total Title VI B			90,386	0	55,163	0
Total Special Education Cluster			92,142	0	56,919	0
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	C1-S1-2000	84.010	22,785	0	70,692	0
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	C1-S1-2001	84.010	227,860	0	172,820	0
Total ESEA Title 1			250,645	0	243,512	0
Drug Free Schools Drug Free Schools	DR-S1-2000 DR-S1-2001	84.186 84.186	4,004 1,112	0 0	0 17	0 0
Total Drug Free Schools			5,116	0	17	0
Innovative Educational Program	C2-S1-2000	84.298	0	0	1,468	0
Strategies Innovative Educational Program Strategies	C2-S1-2001	84.298	2,626	0	2,190	0
Total Innovative Education Program Strateg	ies		2,626	0	3,658	0
Eisenhower Prof Development State Gra Eisenhower Prof Development State Gra		84.281 84.281	0 4,446	0 0	303 156	0 0
Total Eisenhower Prof Development State G	Grant		4,446	0	459	0
Performance Incentive	G2-S2-2000 G2-S2-2001	84.276 84.276	14,000 22,416	0 0	10,785 1,413	0
Total Performance Incentive			36,416	0	12,198	0
Class Size Reduction	CR-S1-2001	84.340	28,734	0	28,734	0
Total Department of Education			420,125	0	345,497	0
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$519,252	\$22,249	\$444,624	\$22,498

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

BRIGHT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND COUNTY

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2001

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES

NOTE A -SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the Government's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - NUTRITION CLUSTER

Non-monetary assistance, such as food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and consumed. Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2001, the District had no significant food commodities in inventory.



250 West Court Street Suite 150 E Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 Telephone 513-361-8550

800-368-7419 Facsimile 513-361-8577

www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bright Local School District Highland County 44 North High Street P.O. Box 9 Mowrystown, Ohio 45155

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of Bright Local School District, Highland County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2001, wherein we noted the District adopted Governmental Accounting Statement No. 33. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bright Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2001-10463-001. We also noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of Bright Local School District in a separate letter dated December 21, 2001.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bright Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of Bright Local School District in a separate letter dated December 21, 2001.

Bright Local School District Highland County Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance and on Internal Control Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

This report is intended for the information and use of management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 21, 2001



250 West Court Street Suite 150 E Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 Telephone 513-361-8550

800-368-7419

Facsimile 513-361-8577 www.auditor.state.oh.us

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bright Local School District Highland County 44 North High Street P.O. Box 9 Mowrystown, Ohio 45155

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Bright Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2001. Bright Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Bright Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Bright Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bright Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Bright Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Bright Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2001.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Bright Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bright Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Bright Local School District
Highland County
Report of Independent Accountants on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Major Federal Programs and Internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Jim Petro Auditor of State

December 21, 2001

BRIGHT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2001

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title 1, CFDA #84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Bright Local School District Highland County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2001-10463-001

NONCOMPLIANCE

Ohio Revised Code, Section 5705.41(B), requires that no money shall be expended unless it has been appropriated. Disbursements and encumbrances exceeded appropriations and carry over encumbrances in the following fund:

Fund Appropriations Total Disbursements Variance

Classroom Facilities \$4,355,783 \$9,062,507 \$4,706,724

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



88 East Broad Street P.O. Box 1140 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1140

Telephone 614-466-4514

800-282-0370

Facsimile 614-466-4490

BRIGHT LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 22, 2002